

Converting Colors

YUV(17.6520, 4.6086, 15.2142)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(17.6520, 4.6086, 15.2142)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(17.6520, 4.6086,
15.2142)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	23071B
RGB	35, 7, 27
RGB Percent	14%, 3%, 11%
CMY	0.8627, 0.9725, 0.8941
CMYK	0.00, 0.80, 0.23, 0.86
HSL	317°, 67%, 8%
HSV	317°, 80%, 14%
XYZ	0.9669, 0.5884, 1.0995
YIQ	17.6520, 10.2680, 12.1560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

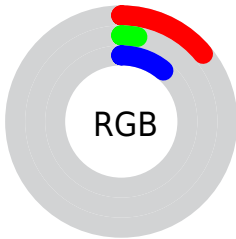
Format	Color
RYB	35, 7, 27
Decimal	2295579
CIELab	5.32, 16.47, -6.48
CIElCh	5, 17.694, 338.520
Yxy	0.5884, 0.3642, 0.2216
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280485659 (0xFF23071B)
YUV	17.6520, 4.6086, 15.2142
Hunter-Lab	7.6708, 9.0769, -3.1290

Details

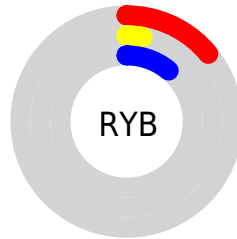
The YUV color **17.6520, 4.6086, 15.2142** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **24.3480, -4.6086, -15.2142**, and the grayscale version is **18.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.8370, 4.0244, 15.9290**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.1900, 5.3293, 17.3734**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **20.1140, 3.8878, 13.0550**.

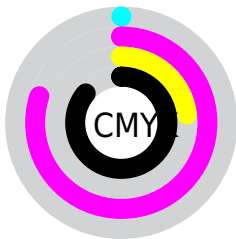
Distribution



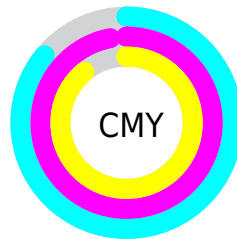
- Red (14%)
- Green (3%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (14%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Blue (11%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (86%)



- Cyan (86%)
- Magenta (97%)
- Yellow (89%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 17.6520, 4.6086, 15.2142 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 17.6520, 4.6086, 15.2142 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.6520, 4.6086,
15.2142

■ 17.6520, 4.6086,
15.2142

■ 240.7980, 6.5086,
12.4552

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 61.8370, 4.0244,
15.9290

■ 85.2500, 4.3137,
16.4438

■ 109.8480, 4.0189,
17.6733


■ 135.2610, 4.3083,
18.1881

■ 161.6740, 4.5977,
18.7029


■ 188.9730, 4.4503,


19.3177


 216.3860, 4.7397,
19.8325


 17.6520, 4.6086,
15.2142


 17.6520, 4.6086,
15.2142


 15.1900, 5.3293,
17.3734

 20.1140, 3.8878,
13.0550

 13.3150, 5.7607,
19.0177

 21.9890, 3.4564,
11.4106

 24.4510, 2.7357,
9.2515

 26.3260, 2.3043,
7.6071

 28.7880, 1.5835,
5.4479

■ 30.6630, 1.1521,
3.8035

■ 33.1250, 0.4314,
1.6444

■ 35.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 37.4620, -0.7208,
-2.1592

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.3240, 8.7143, 4.9779



17.6520, 4.6086, 15.2142



16.3770, -1.6649, 20.7174

Triad

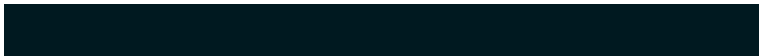
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.6520, 4.6086, 15.2142



16.5460, -8.1572, 3.0292



18.3230, 6.7428, -16.0693

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.6520, 4.6086, 15.2142



24.3480, -4.6086, -15.2142

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.6560, 1.6486, -15.4843



17.6520, 4.6086, 15.2142



13.2130, -6.5140, -10.7108

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.6520, 4.6086, 15.2142



17.1990, -8.4791, 12.9805



15.0170, -5.9244, -13.1699



17.3600, 10.6685, -15.2247

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



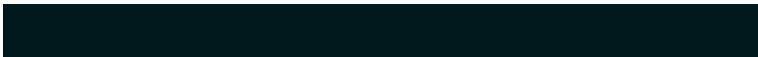
17.6520, 4.6086, 15.2142



15.4820, -7.6326, 21.5023



15.0170, -5.9244, -13.1699



17.9810, 5.4324, -15.7693

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.6520, 4.6086, 15.2142



39.2010, 1.8729, 5.9627



12.5840, 11.0511, 2.1188



18.6630, 1.1521, 3.8035



150.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



23.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.6520, 4.6086, 15.2142



18.6900, 7.0548, 23.9509



16.0560, -1.5066, 16.6139



16.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296



31.1300, 13.2469, 44.6130



79.4770, 34.2748, 113.5917

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.6520, 4.6086, 15.2142



18.6900, 7.0548, 23.9509



25.9440, 1.5066, -16.6139



16.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296



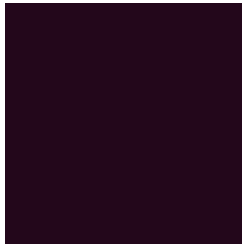
31.1300, 13.2469, 44.6130



79.4770, 34.2748, 113.5917

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 17.6520, 4.6086, 15.2142 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

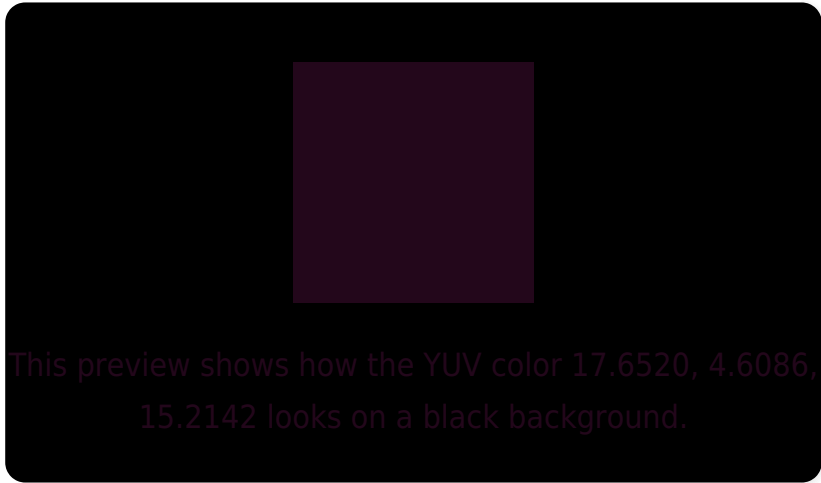
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

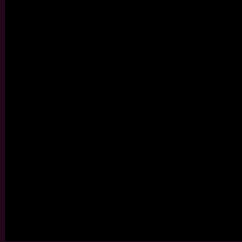
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 17.6520, 4.6086, 15.2142

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 17.6520, 4.6086, 15.2142.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 17.6520, 4.6086,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.6520, 4.6086, 15.2142

Protanopia

18.5460, 8.6048, -6.6178

Deuteranopia

19.6840, 2.6208, -0.5999



Tritanopia

18.6920, -2.8062, 13.4251

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.6520, 4.6086, 15.2142

Protanomaly

18.5470, 7.1253, 1.2743

Deuteranomaly

19.2440, 3.3307, 5.0480

Tritanomaly

18.0880, -0.0434, 13.9548

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.6520, 4.6086, 15.2142

Achromatopsia

18.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

17.7880, 1.5835, 5.4479

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 17.6520, 4.6086, 15.2142 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(35, 7, 27)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(35, 7, 27)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(35, 7, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(35, 7, 27) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 17.6520, 4.6086, 15.2142 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(35, 7, 27) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(35, 7, 27) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(35, 7, 27)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(35, 7, 27); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(35, 7, 27); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(35, 7, 27) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 17.6520, 4.6086, 15.2142 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(35, 7, 27) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(35, 7,  
27) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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