

Converting Colors

YUV(17.7520, -7.2727, -0.6595)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(17.7520, -7.2727, -0.6595)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(17.7520, -7.2727,
-0.6595)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	111503
RGB	17, 21, 3
RGB Percent	7%, 8%, 1%
CMY	0.9333, 0.9176, 0.9882
CMYK	0.19, 0.00, 0.86, 0.92
HSL	73°, 75%, 5%
HSV	73°, 86%, 8%
XYZ	0.5158, 0.6621, 0.1868
YIQ	17.7520, 3.3940, -6.4460

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

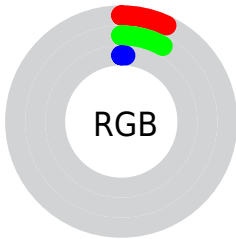
Format	Color
R_{YB}	3, 21, 7
Decimal	1119491
CIE Lab	5.98, -4.65, 7.64
CIE LCh	6, 8.944, 121.327
Yxy	0.6621, 0.3780, 0.4852
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279309571 (0xFF111503)
YUV	17.7520, -7.2727, -0.6595
Hunter-Lab	8.1368, -2.9248, 4.3349

Details

The YUV color **17.7520, -7.2727, -0.6595** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **6.2480, 7.2727, 0.6595**, and the grayscale version is **18.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.3220, -5.0887, -1.1594**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.5240, -8.1463, -0.4595**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.9800, -6.3991, -0.8595**.

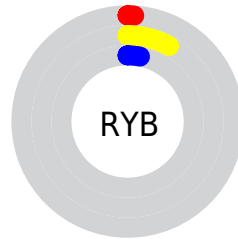
Distribution



Red (7%)

Green (8%)

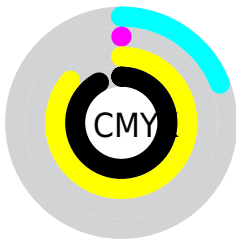
Blue (1%)



Red (1%)

Yellow (8%)

Blue (3%)

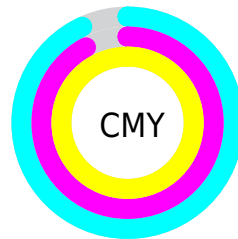


Cyan (19%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (86%)

Black (92%)



Cyan (93%)

Magenta (92%)

Yellow (99%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 17.7520, -7.2727, -0.6595 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 17.7520, -7.2727, -0.6595 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.7520, -7.2727,
-0.6595

■ 17.7520, -7.2727,
-0.6595

■ 242.5670, -6.6885,
-1.3743

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 60.3220, -5.0887,
-1.1594

■ 83.2080, -5.5255,
-1.0594

■ 107.7950, -5.8149,
-1.5742

■ 132.7950, -5.8149,
-1.5742

■ 159.0940, -5.9623,
-0.9594

■ 185.9800, -6.3991,

-0.8595

■ 213.5670, -6.6885,
-1.3743

■ 17.7520, -7.2727,
-0.6595

■ 17.7520, -7.2727,
-0.6595

■ 17.5240, -8.1463,
-0.4595

■ 17.9800, -6.3991,
-0.8595

■ 17.1110, -8.4357,
-0.9743

■ 18.5070, -5.6730,
-0.4446

■ 18.7350, -4.7994,
-0.6446

■ 19.2620, -4.0732,
-0.2298

■ 19.4900, -3.1996,
-0.4297

■ 20.1310, -2.0366,
-0.1149

■ 20.3590, -1.1630,
-0.3148

■ 20.8860, -0.4368,
0.1000

■ 21.1140, 0.4368,
-0.1000

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.6280, -9.1836, 5.5882



17.7520, -7.2727, -0.6595



16.5490, -2.7357, -9.2515

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.7520, -7.2727, -0.6595



16.6330, 6.5899, -13.7101



19.6530, -0.3219, 9.9513

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.7520, -7.2727, -0.6595



6.2480, 7.2727, 0.6595

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.0270, 2.4517, 6.9923



17.7520, -7.2727, -0.6595



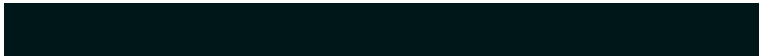
18.5630, 6.1314, -6.6328

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.7520, -7.2727, -0.6595



16.3510, 4.2640, -14.3398



19.6780, 5.0887, 1.1594



19.6270, -4.2531, 10.8511

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.7520, -7.2727, -0.6595



15.4390, 0.7696, -13.5400



19.6780, 5.0887, 1.1594



19.5820, 0.6991, 9.1366

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.7520, -7.2727, -0.6595



26.6040, -2.7628, -0.5297



10.7300, -3.8109, 9.0068



14.2450, -1.5998, -0.2149



143.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



15.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.7520, -7.2727, -0.6595



23.0140, -11.3459, -0.8893



15.0610, -5.9461, -6.1925



9.8860, -0.4368, 0.1000



60.7800, -29.9645, -2.4381



164.9300, -81.3105, -6.9546

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.2480, 7.2727, 0.6595



4.9860, 11.3459, 0.8893



8.9390, 5.9461, 6.1925



9.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000



13.2200, 29.9645, 2.4381



36.3690, 81.1631, 7.5694

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 17.7520, -7.2727, -0.6595 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

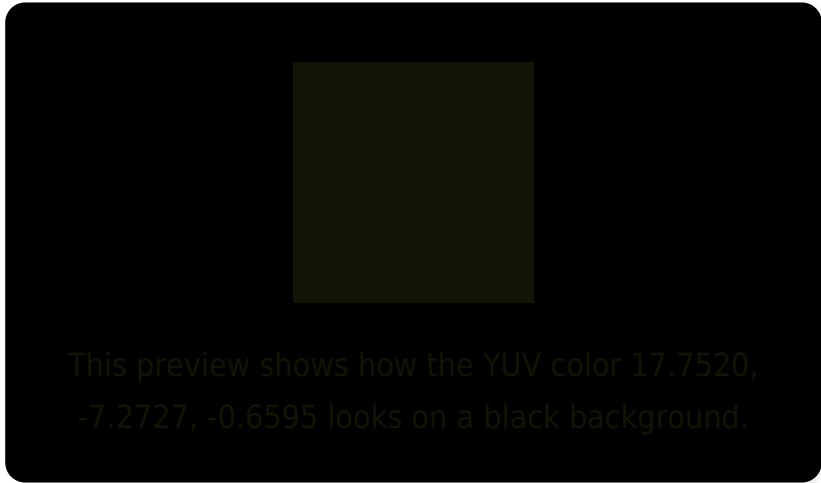
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 17.7520, -7.2727, -0.6595

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 17.7520, -7.2727, -0.6595.



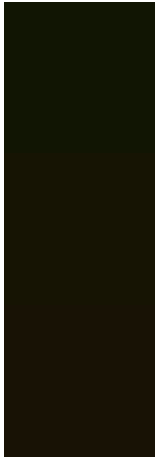
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 17.7520, -7.2727, -0.6595.

-0.6595.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.7520, -7.2727, -0.6595

Protanopia

18.6600, -7.7204, 2.9292

Deuteranopia

18.3120, -6.5628, 4.9884



Tritanopia

19.8150, 0.5842, -0.7148

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.7520, -7.2727, -0.6595

Protanomaly

18.0620, -7.4256, 1.6996

Deuteranomaly

17.8880, -6.8468, 2.7292

Tritanomaly

18.7180, -2.3260, -0.6297

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.7520, -7.2727, -0.6595

Achromatopsia

18.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

18.0170, -2.4734, -0.0149

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 17.7520, -7.2727, -0.6595 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(17, 21, 3)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(17, 21, 3)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(17, 21, 3) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(17, 21, 3) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 17.7520, -7.2727, -0.6595 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(17, 21, 3) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(17, 21, 3) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(17, 21, 3)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(17, 21, 3); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 21, 3); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 21, 3) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 17.7520, -7.2727, -0.6595 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(17, 21, 3) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(17, 21,  
3) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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