

Converting Colors

YUV(17.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(17.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(17.9200, -5.3836,
0.0702)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	121407
RGB	18, 20, 7
RGB Percent	7%, 8%, 3%
CMY	0.9294, 0.9216, 0.9725
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.65, 0.92
HSL	69°, 48%, 5%
HSV	69°, 65%, 8%
XYZ	0.5380, 0.6443, 0.2970
YIQ	17.9200, 2.9810, -4.4670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

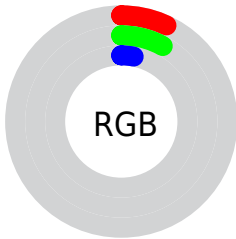
Format	Color
RYB	7, 20, 9
Decimal	1184775
CIELab	5.82, -3.05, 5.79
CIELCh	6, 6.539, 117.774
Yxy	0.6443, 0.3637, 0.4355
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279374855 (0xFF121407)
YUV	17.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702
Hunter-Lab	8.0265, -2.0828, 3.4246

Details

The YUV color **17.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **9.0800, 5.3836, -0.0702**, and the grayscale version is **18.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **60.2620, -4.0732, -0.2298**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **17.6920, -6.2572, 0.2701**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **18.1480, -4.5100, -0.1298**.

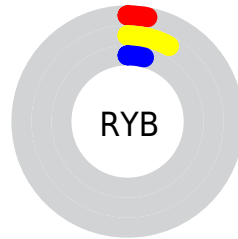
Distribution



Red (7%)

Green (8%)

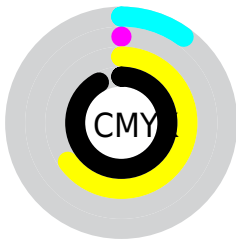
Blue (3%)



Red (3%)

Yellow (8%)

Blue (4%)

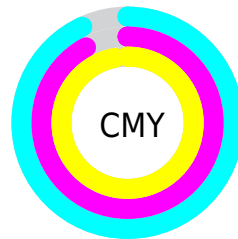


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (65%)

Black (92%)



Cyan (93%)

Magenta (92%)

Yellow (97%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 17.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 17.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 17.9200, -5.3836,
0.0702

■ 17.9200, -5.3836,
0.0702

■ 242.0340, -4.9468,
-0.0298

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 60.2620, -4.0732,
-0.2298

■ 83.2620, -4.0732,
-0.2298

■ 107.8490, -4.3626,
-0.7446

■ 133.1480, -4.5100,
-0.1298

■ 159.0340, -4.9468,
-0.0298

■ 186.0340, -4.9468,

-0.0298

■ 213.7350, -4.7994,
-0.6446

■ 17.9200, -5.3836,
0.0702

■ 17.9200, -5.3836,
0.0702

■ 17.6920, -6.2572,
0.2701

■ 18.1480, -4.5100,
-0.1298

■ 17.1650, -6.9833,
-0.1447

■ 18.6750, -3.7838,
0.2850

■ 16.9370, -7.8569,
0.0553

■ 18.9030, -2.9102,
0.0851

■ 16.8230, -8.2937,
0.1552

■ 19.1310, -2.0366,
-0.1149

■ 19.6580, -1.3104,
0.2999

■ 19.8860, -0.4368,
0.1000

■ 20.1140, 0.4368,
-0.1000

■ 20.3420, 1.3104,
-0.2999

■ 20.8690, 2.0366,
0.1149

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



18.3120, -6.5628, 4.9884



17.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702



16.9840, -2.4571, -5.2480

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



17.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702



17.0850, 4.3951, -9.7215



19.3430, -0.1691, 7.5922

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



17.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702



9.0800, 5.3836, -0.0702

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.6030, 2.1677, 4.7332



17.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702



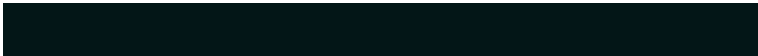
18.2320, 4.8156, -4.5885

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



17.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702



16.4330, 3.2375, -11.7807



19.6240, 3.6364, 0.3298



19.6590, -2.7899, 8.1921

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



17.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702



16.5320, -0.2623, -9.2366



19.6240, 3.6364, 0.3298



19.2720, 0.8519, 6.7775

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



17.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702



25.0170, -2.4734, -0.0149



12.0610, -2.4951, 6.9625



12.3590, -1.1630, -0.3148



140.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



13.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



17.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702



22.5240, -8.1463, -0.4595



16.1260, -4.4991, -3.6185



9.8860, -0.4368, 0.1000



62.2750, -30.7016, 0.6358



168.8170, -83.2268, 1.0375

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.0800, 5.3836, -0.0702



9.1770, 8.2937, -0.1552



10.8740, 4.4991, 3.6185



9.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000



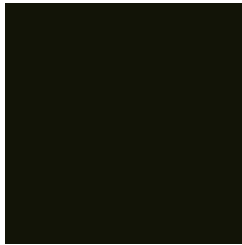
11.7250, 30.7016, -0.6358



32.1830, 83.2268, -1.0375

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 17.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

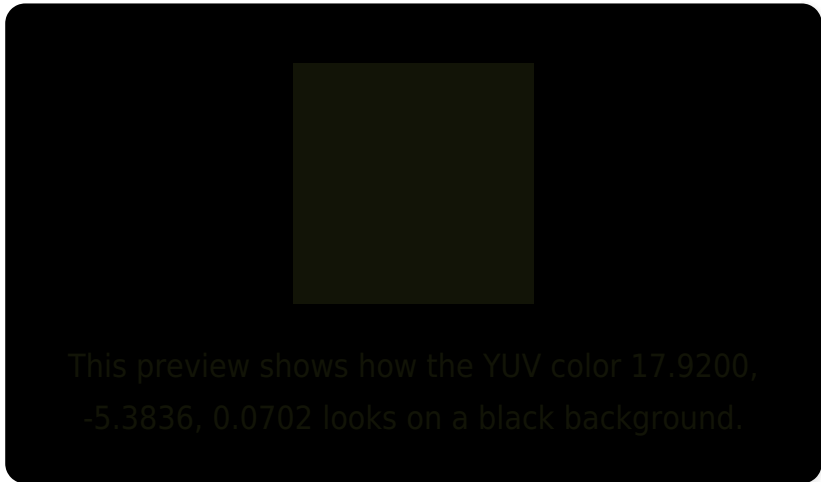
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

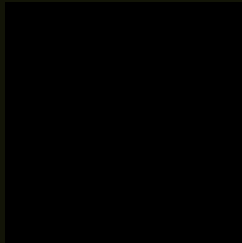
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 17.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 17.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 17.9200, -5.3836,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

17.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702

Protanopia

18.2300, -5.5364, 2.4293

Deuteranopia

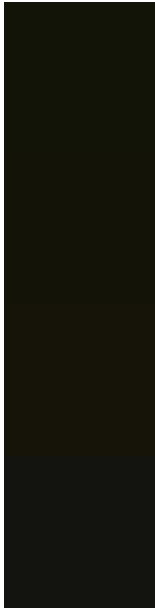
18.6540, -5.2524, 4.6884



Tritanopia

19.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000

Trichromacy



Original Color

17.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702

Protanomaly

17.9310, -5.3890, 1.8145

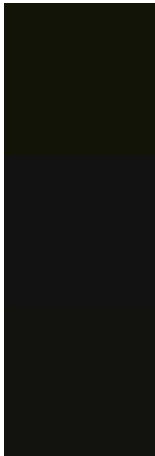
Deuteranomaly

18.6430, -5.2470, 2.9441

Tritanomaly

18.5440, -1.7472, 0.3999

Monochromacy



Original Color

17.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702

Achromatopsia

18.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

18.1310, -2.0366, -0.1149

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 17.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(18, 20, 7)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(18, 20, 7)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(18, 20, 7) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(18, 20, 7) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 17.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(18, 20, 7) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(18, 20, 7) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(18, 20, 7)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(18, 20, 7); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(18, 20, 7); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(18, 20, 7) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 17.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(18, 20, 7) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(18, 20,  
7) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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