

# Converting Colors

YUV(170.1490, -80.4325,  
-55.3817)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(170.1490, -80.4325, -55.3817)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(170.1490, -80.4325,  
-55.3817)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6BEA07
RGB	107, 234, 7
RGB Percent	42%, 92%, 3%
CMY	0.5804, 0.0824, 0.9725
CMYK	0.54, 0.00, 0.97, 0.08
HSL	94°, 94%, 47%
HSV	94°, 97%, 92%
XYZ	35.5246, 61.9868, 10.2933
YIQ	170.1490, -2.8250, -97.5210

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

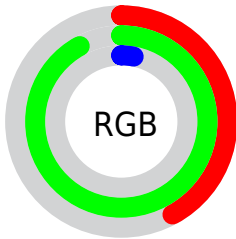
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	7, 234, 134
Decimal	7072263
CIELab	82.91, -66.16, 79.42
CIELCh	83, 103.364, 129.795
Yxy	61.9868, 0.3295, 0.5750
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285262343 (0xFF6BEA07)
YUV	170.1490, -80.4325, -55.3817
Hunter-Lab	78.7317, -57.2393, 47.3606

# Details

The YUV color **170.1490, -80.4325, -55.3817** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66FF33**. The color can be described as dark washed chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **70.8510, 80.4325, 55.3817**, and the grayscale version is **171.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **210.7750, -59.5421, -35.7597**, and **111.6730, -55.0548, -75.1352** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **168.1550, -82.9004, -57.1409**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **176.6580, -72.3024, -49.6891**.

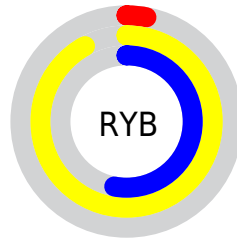
# Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (92%)

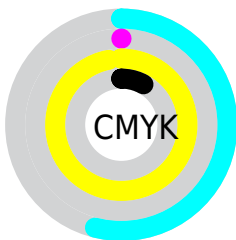
Blue (3%)



Red (3%)

Yellow (92%)

Blue (53%)

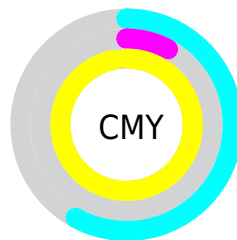


Cyan (54%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (97%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (58%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (97%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 170.1490, -80.4325, -55.3817 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 170.1490, -80.4325, -55.3817 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 170.1490,  
-80.4325, -55.3817

■ 170.1490,  
-80.4325, -55.3817

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 142.1620,  
-70.0859, -60.6551

■ 210.7750,  
-59.5421, -35.7597

■ 111.6730,  
-55.0548, -75.1352

■ 223.4640,  
-51.0078, -19.7009

■ 88.0500, -43.4087,  
-77.2198

■ 236.1530,  
-42.4734, -3.6422

■ 72.2010, -35.5951,  
-63.3203

■ 246.3360,  
-33.1966, 7.5983

■ 56.9390, -28.0709,  
-49.9355

■ 249.7560,  
-20.0927, 4.5990

■ 41.6770, -20.5468,  
-36.5507

■ 253.1760, -6.9888,

■ 28.1760, -13.8908,

1.5996

-24.7104

■ 10.5660, -5.2090,  
-9.2664

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 170.1490,  
-80.4325, -55.3817

■ 170.1490,  
-80.4325, -55.3817

■ 168.1550,  
-82.9004, -57.1409

■ 176.6580,  
-72.3024, -49.6891

■ 183.2810,  
-63.7355, -44.0964

■ 189.7900,  
-55.6055, -38.4038

■ 196.4130,  
-47.0386, -32.8112

■ 202.9220,  
-38.9085, -27.1186

■ 209.7300,  
-30.9259, -20.8112

■ 216.3530,  
-22.3590, -15.2186

■ 222.8620,  
-14.2290, -9.5260

■ 229.4850, -5.6621,  
-3.9333

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



189.9250, -93.6330, 25.4988



170.1490, -80.4325, -55.3817



159.2050, -11.9331, -139.6228

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



170.1490, -80.4325, -55.3817



167.0150, 43.3766, -146.4722



148.3070, 15.1316, 93.5698

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



170.1490, -80.4325, -55.3817



70.8510, 80.4325, 55.3817

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



169.8850, 41.9617, 74.6459



170.1490, -80.4325, -55.3817



151.1660, 51.1902, -132.5726

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



170.1490, -80.4325, -55.3817



174.0590, 39.9039, -152.6497



199.1910, 27.5138, 41.9285



161.0710, -37.5030, 82.3757



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



170.1490, -80.4325, -55.3817



168.7180, 16.9010, -147.9657



199.1910, 27.5138, 41.9285



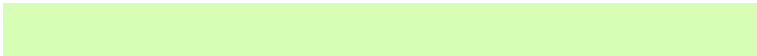
151.3680, 29.3986, 90.8853

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



170.1490, -80.4325, -55.3817



234.3050, -26.2794, -17.8075



148.2480, -69.6353, 75.2045



115.3950, -15.9707, -10.8704



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



170.1490, -80.4325, -55.3817



183.1730, -90.3043, -62.4187



141.5030, -60.8870, -117.9591



113.9520, -3.9203, -2.5889



130.1670, -64.1723, -43.9965



38.8740, -19.1649, -13.0445



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.8510, 80.4325, 55.3817



71.8270, 90.3043, 62.4187



99.4970, 60.8870, 117.9591



109.0480, 3.9203, 2.5889



50.8330, 64.1723, 43.9965

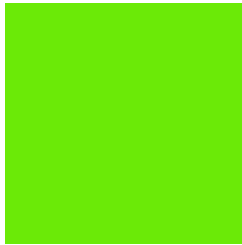


15.1260, 19.1649, 13.0445



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 170.1490, -80.4325, -55.3817 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

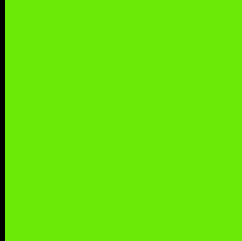
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 170.1490, -80.4325, -55.3817 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

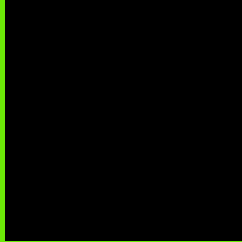
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 170.1490, -80.4325, -55.3817 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 170.1490, -80.4325, -55.3817.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 170.1490, -80.4325, -55.3817.

-55.3817.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

170.1490, -80.4325, -55.3817

### Protanopia

189.4040, -93.3762, 36.4797

### Deuteranopia

198.8040, -63.0074, 49.2839



## Tritanopia

196.9150, 18.7759, -49.0375

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

170.1490, -80.4325, -55.3817



## Protanomaly

182.7480, -88.6158, 2.8520



## Deuteranomaly

188.2540, -69.1452, 11.1782



## Tritanomaly

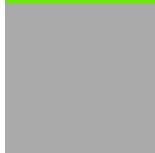
187.3870, -17.4458, -51.2054

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

170.1490, -80.4325, -55.3817



## Achromatopsia

170.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

169.8980, -29.0367, -20.0815

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 170.1490, -80.4325, -55.3817 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 234, 7)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 234, 7)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 234, 7) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 234, 7) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 170.1490, -80.4325, -55.3817 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 234, 7) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 234, 7) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 234, 7) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 234, 7); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 234, 7);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 234,  
7) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 170.1490, -80.4325, -55.3817 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 234, 7) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107,  
234, 7) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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