

# Converting Colors

YUV(170.7630, -3.8272,  
14.2398)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(170.7630, -3.8272, 14.2398)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(170.7630, -3.8272,  
14.2398)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BBA4A3
RGB	187, 164, 163
RGB Percent	73%, 64%, 64%
CMY	0.2667, 0.3569, 0.3608
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.13, 0.27
HSL	3°, 15%, 69%
HSV	3°, 13%, 73%
XYZ	40.3798, 39.7601, 40.1965
YIQ	170.7630, 14.0290, 4.5650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

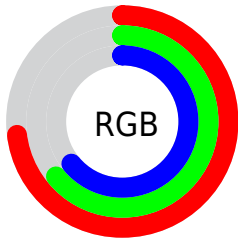
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">187, 164, 163</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12297379</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">69.30, 8.21, 3.59</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">69, 8.963, 23.627</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">39.7601, 0.3356, 0.3304</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290487459</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFBBA4A3</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">170.7630, -3.8272, 14.2398</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">63.0556, 3.9614, 6.3428</a>

# Details

The YUV color  $170.7630, -3.8272, 14.2398$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $179.2370, 3.8272, -14.2398$ , and the grayscale version is  $171.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $226.0620, -3.9746, 14.8546$ , and  $118.4640, -3.6798, 13.6251$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $158.0310, -6.9173, 25.4058$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $183.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739$ .

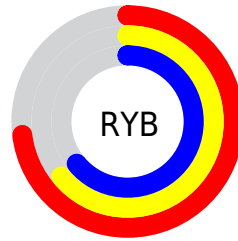
# Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (64%)

Blue (64%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (64%)

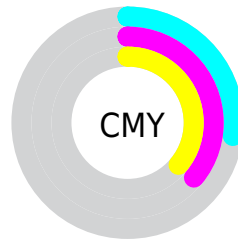


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (36%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 170.7630, -3.8272, 14.2398 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 170.7630, -3.8272, 14.2398 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 170.7630, -3.8272,  
14.2398

■ 170.7630, -3.8272,  
14.2398

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 144.4640, -3.6798,  
13.6251

■ 226.0620, -3.9746,  
14.8546

■ 118.4640, -3.6798,  
13.6251

■ 249.2780, -1.6161,  
5.0182

■ 93.8660, -3.3849,  
12.3955

■ 69.9800, -2.9481,  
12.2955

■ 47.3820, -2.6533,  
11.0660

■ 26.7840, -2.3585,  
9.8364

■ 3.8870, -1.9163,

7.9921

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

170.7630, -3.8272,  
14.2398

170.7630, -3.8272,  
14.2398

158.0310, -6.9173,  
25.4058

183.4950, -0.7370,  
3.0739

145.4130, -9.5706,  
36.4718

196.1130, 1.9163,  
-7.9921

132.6810,  
-12.6607, 47.6378

208.8450, 5.0064,  
-19.1581

119.9490,  
-15.7509, 58.8037

221.5770, 8.0965,  
-30.3240

107.2170,  
-18.8410, 69.9697

234.0810, 10.3131,  
-41.2900

■ 94.5990, -21.4943,  
81.0357

■ 234.6680, 10.0237,  
-41.8048

■ 82.4540, -24.8738,  
91.6868

■ 69.7220, -27.9639,  
102.8528

■ 60.6090, -29.8802,  
110.8449

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



171.0770, -0.0380, 12.2105



170.7630, -3.8272, 14.2398



170.2420, -7.0213, 12.0658

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



170.7630, -3.8272, 14.2398



167.5170, -4.1989, -6.5924



168.4210, 8.1734, -8.2622

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



170.7630, -3.8272, 14.2398



179.2370, 3.8272, -14.2398

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



167.7470, 7.0267, -13.8101



170.7630, -3.8272, 14.2398



166.6240, 0.1854, -12.8252

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



170.7630, -3.8272, 14.2398



168.4640, -7.1308, 0.4701



166.6390, 4.1220, -15.4694



170.1230, 6.8414, -0.9849



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



170.7630, -3.8272, 14.2398



169.4050, -7.5947, 9.2918



166.6390, 4.1220, -15.4694



167.9970, 7.8895, -10.5214

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



170.7630, -3.8272, 14.2398



235.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330



172.7980, 6.5086, 12.4552



118.3810, -1.1738, 3.1739



250.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



122.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

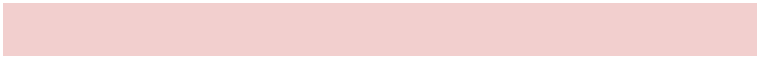


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



170.7630, -3.8272, 14.2398



217.3510, -5.5960, 21.6172



177.8070, -7.2999, 8.0623



87.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330



51.3510, -25.3160, 93.5312



9.8560, -4.8590, 18.5433



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



179.2370, 3.8272, -14.2398



230.6490, 5.5960, -21.6172



172.1930, 7.2999, -8.0623



91.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



107.2360, 25.0267, -94.0460

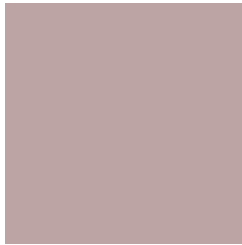


20.5570, 5.1484, -18.0285



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 170.7630, -3.8272, 14.2398 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

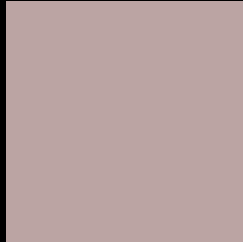
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 170.7630, -3.8272, 14.2398 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 170.7630, -3.8272, 14.2398

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 170.7630, -3.8272, 14.2398.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 170.7630, -3.8272,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

170.7630, -3.8272, 14.2398

### Protanopia

169.8540, -1.9000, 2.7590

### Deuteranopia

171.0620, -3.9746, 14.8546



## Tritanopia

171.5550, 1.6984, 15.2993

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

170.7630, -3.8272, 14.2398

## Protanomaly

170.0610, -2.4951, 6.9625

## Deuteranomaly

171.0620, -3.9746, 14.8546

## Tritanomaly

171.3870, -0.1908, 14.5696

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

170.7630, -3.8272, 14.2398

## Achromatopsia

171.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

170.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 170.7630, -3.8272, 14.2398 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(187, 164, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(187, 164, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(187, 164, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(187, 164, 163) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 170.7630, -3.8272, 14.2398 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(187, 164, 163) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(187, 164, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(187, 164, 163)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(187, 164, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 164, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(187, 164,  
163) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 170.7630, -3.8272, 14.2398 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(187, 164, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(187,  
164, 163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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