

Converting Colors

YUV(170.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(170.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(170.9200, -5.3836,
0.0702)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ABADA0
RGB	171, 173, 160
RGB Percent	67%, 68%, 63%
CMY	0.3294, 0.3216, 0.3725
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.08, 0.32
HSL	69°, 7%, 65%
HSV	69°, 8%, 68%
XYZ	38.0833, 41.0831, 39.1803
YIQ	170.9200, 2.9810, -4.4670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

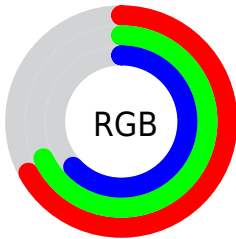
Format	Color
RYB	160, 173, 162
Decimal	11251104
CIELab	70.23, -3.09, 6.43
CIElCh	70, 7.128, 115.666
Yxy	41.0831, 0.3218, 0.3471
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289441184 (0xFFABADA0)
YUV	170.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702
Hunter-Lab	64.0961, -6.1108, 8.6248

Details

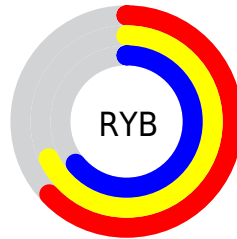
The YUV color **170.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **162.0800, 5.3836, -0.0702**, and the grayscale version is **171.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **225.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702**, and **119.0340, -4.9468, -0.0298** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **168.0850, -12.3669, -0.0745**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **173.7550, 1.5998, 0.2149**.

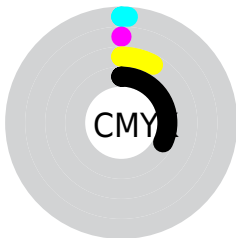
Distribution



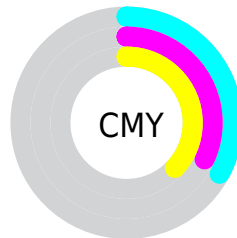
- Red (67%)
- Green (68%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (32%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 170.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 170.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 170.9200, -5.3836,
0.0702

■ 170.9200, -5.3836,
0.0702

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 144.0340, -4.9468,
-0.0298

■ 225.9200, -5.3836,
0.0702

■ 119.0340, -4.9468,
-0.0298

■ 253.6320, -5.2416,
1.1997

■ 94.0340, -4.9468,
-0.0298

■ 70.1480, -4.5100,
-0.1298

■ 48.1480, -4.5100,
-0.1298

■ 27.2620, -4.0732,
-0.2298

■ 1.1740, -0.5788,

-1.0296

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 170.9200, -5.3836,
0.0702

■ 170.9200, -5.3836,
0.0702

■ 168.0850,
-12.3669, -0.0745

■ 173.7550, 1.5998,
0.2149

■ 165.4350,
-19.9345, 0.4955

■ 176.4050, 9.1673,
-0.3552

■ 162.6000,
-26.9178, 0.3508

■ 179.2400, 16.1507,
-0.2105

■ 159.7650,
-33.9011, 0.2061

■ 182.0750, 23.1340,
-0.0658

■ 157.2290,
-41.0319, 0.6762

■ 184.7250, 30.7016,
-0.6358

■ 154.2800,
-48.4520, 0.6314

■ 186.5340, 33.7537,
0.4087

■ 151.4450,
-55.4354, 0.4867

■ 187.4310, 33.3115,
2.2530

■ 148.9090,
-62.5661, 0.9568

■ 188.0290, 33.0167,
3.4826

■ 145.9600,
-69.9863, 0.9121

■ 188.9260, 32.5745,
5.3269

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



171.7250, -6.2734, 5.5032



170.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702



170.4570, -3.1833, -5.6628

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



170.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702



170.1280, 5.8529, -10.6363



173.0660, -0.0325, 10.4661

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



170.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702



162.0800, 5.3836, -0.0702

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



172.5430, 3.1833, 5.6628



170.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702



171.5630, 6.1314, -6.6328

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



170.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702



169.5470, 3.6743, -11.8807



172.0800, 5.3836, -0.0702



173.1540, -3.5269, 11.2659

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



170.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702



169.7170, -0.8465, -8.5218



172.0800, 5.3836, -0.0702



173.2830, 0.8465, 8.5218

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



170.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702



223.5440, -1.7472, 0.3999



165.0610, -2.4951, 6.9625



111.7720, -0.8736, 0.2000



240.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



112.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



170.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702



220.8230, -8.2937, 0.1552



169.1260, -4.4991, -3.6185



85.3760, -3.6364, -0.3298



126.0230, -62.1293, 0.8568



19.1820, -9.4567, -0.1596

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



162.0800, 5.3836, -0.0702



207.1770, 8.2937, -0.1552



163.8740, 4.4991, 3.6185



79.3250, 3.7838, -0.2850



23.9770, 62.1293, -0.8568



3.8180, 9.4567, 0.1596

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 170.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

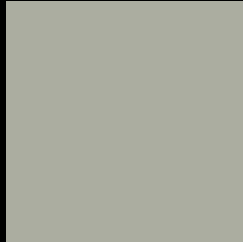
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 170.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

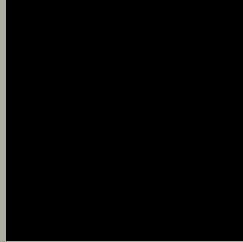
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

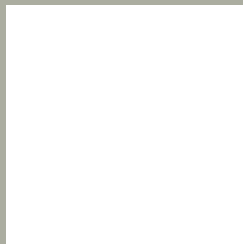
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 170.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 170.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 170.9200, -5.3836,

0.0702.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

170.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702

Protanopia

171.7250, -6.2734, 5.5032

Deuteranopia

173.2040, -6.0166, 16.4841



Tritanopia

172.6780, 5.0887, 1.1594

Trichromacy



Original Color

170.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702

Protanomaly

171.4150, -6.1206, 3.1440

Deuteranomaly

172.5730, -5.7055, 10.0215

Tritanomaly

172.0540, 1.4524, 0.8296

Monochromacy



Original Color

170.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702

Achromatopsia

171.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

171.1310, -2.0366, -0.1149

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 170.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 173, 160)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 173, 160)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 173, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 173, 160) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 170.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 173, 160) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 173, 160) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 173, 160)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 173, 160); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 173, 160);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 173,  
160) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 170.9200, -5.3836, 0.0702 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 173, 160) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
173, 160) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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