

# Converting Colors

YUV(170.9580, -40.4053,  
-60.4762)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(170.9580, -40.4053, -60.4762)  
contains.

<b>YUV(170.9580, -40.4053, -60.4762)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(170.9580, -40.4053,  
-60.4762)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	66DE59
RGB	102, 222, 89
RGB Percent	40%, 87%, 35%
CMY	0.6000, 0.1294, 0.6510
CMYK	0.54, 0.00, 0.60, 0.13
HSL	114°, 67%, 61%
HSV	114°, 60%, 87%
XYZ	33.4039, 55.7886, 18.4589
YIQ	170.9580, -28.8270, -66.8030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

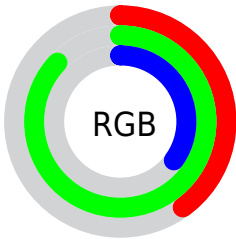
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	89, 222, 209
Decimal	6741593
CIELab	79.49, -58.76, 53.95
CIELCh	79, 79.772, 137.442
Yxy	55.7886, 0.3103, 0.5182
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284931673 (0xFF66DE59)
YUV	170.9580, -40.4053, -60.4762
Hunter-Lab	74.6918, -50.8811, 37.6316

# Details

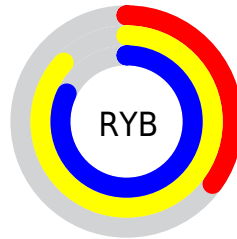
The YUV color **170.9580, -40.4053, -60.4762** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC33**. The color can be described as middle muted chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **140.0420, 40.4053, 60.4762**, and the grayscale version is **171.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **214.4250, -35.2125, -45.9767**, and **110.4730, -38.1942, -69.6978** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **162.4700, -47.0667, -70.5722**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **179.4460, -33.7439, -50.3801**.

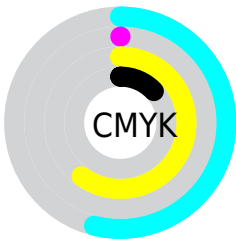
# Distribution



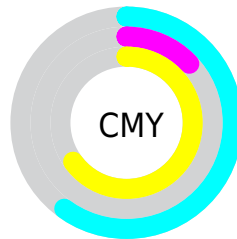
- Red (40%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (65%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 170.9580, -40.4053, -60.4762 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 170.9580, -40.4053, -60.4762 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 170.9580,  
-40.4053, -60.4762

■ 170.9580,  
-40.4053, -60.4762

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 141.8760,  
-39.3789, -63.0353

■ 214.4250,  
-35.2125, -45.9767

■ 110.4730,  
-38.1942, -69.6978

■ 226.5870,  
-27.4044, -30.3328

■ 81.5930, -40.2253,  
-71.5571

■ 238.7490,  
-19.5963, -14.6889

■ 65.7440, -32.4118,  
-57.6575

■ 251.0250,  
-11.3513, 0.8551

■ 50.4820, -24.8876,  
-44.2727

■ 36.3940, -17.9422,  
-31.9175

■ 22.8930, -11.2862,

-20.0772

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 170.9580,  
-40.4053, -60.4762

■ 170.9580,  
-40.4053, -60.4762

■ 162.4700,  
-47.0667, -70.5722

■ 179.4460,  
-33.7439, -50.3801

■ 153.9820,  
-53.7281, -80.6682

■ 187.9340,  
-27.0825, -40.2841

■ 145.3800,  
-60.8263, -90.6643

■ 196.5360,  
-19.9842, -30.2881

■ 136.8920,  
-67.4878, -100.7603

■ 205.0240,  
-13.3228, -20.1920

■ 213.5120, -6.6614,  
-10.0960

■ 222.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 230.4880, 6.6614,  
10.0960

■ 235.6290, 9.5499,  
16.9884

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



182.2940, -76.5599, 9.3892



170.9580, -40.4053, -60.4762



153.4780, 4.2013, -134.6002

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



170.9580, -40.4053, -60.4762



154.6880, 49.4538, -135.6614



168.1050, -5.4748, 76.2069

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



170.9580, -40.4053, -60.4762



140.0420, 40.4053, 60.4762

# Split Complementary

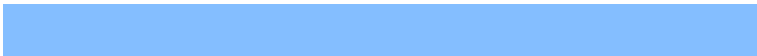
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



177.7150, 26.2695, 67.7789



170.9580, -40.4053, -60.4762



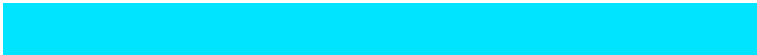
180.0680, 36.9415, -42.1556

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



170.9580, -40.4053, -60.4762



162.9060, 45.4023, -142.8686



197.4740, 28.3603, 50.4503



175.0280, -42.4118, 70.1354



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



170.9580, -40.4053, -60.4762



160.5800, 26.3361, -140.8287



197.4740, 28.3603, 50.4503



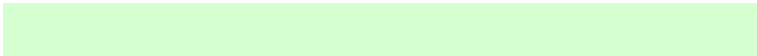
169.0800, 5.8766, 75.3518

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



170.9580, -40.4053, -60.4762



237.4970, -14.0490, -20.6069



199.2070, -54.3321, 19.9895



116.9200, -8.8346, -13.0848



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



170.9580, -40.4053, -60.4762



184.3900, -55.9013, -83.6570



173.1130, -15.3387, -73.7671



107.7560, -3.3307, -5.0480



108.3950, -53.4387, -80.1534



29.6710, -14.6278, -21.6365



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



140.0420, 40.4053, 60.4762



141.6100, 55.9013, 83.6570



137.8870, 15.3387, 73.7671



105.2440, 3.3307, 5.0480



67.6050, 53.4387, 80.1534



18.6280, 14.4804, 22.2512



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 170.9580, -40.4053, -60.4762 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 170.9580, -40.4053, -60.4762 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 170.9580, -40.4053, -60.4762 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 170.9580, -40.4053, -60.4762.



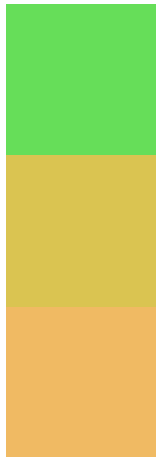
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 170.9580, -40.4053, -60.4762.

-60.4762.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

170.9580, -40.4053, -60.4762

### Protanopia

189.4680, -53.4747, 25.0226

### Deuteranopia

192.2280, -45.9614, 41.8960



## Tritanopia

186.9150, 18.7759, -49.0375

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

170.9580, -40.4053, -60.4762



## Protanomaly

182.5350, -48.5778, -5.7312



## Deuteranomaly

184.4530, -44.1003, 4.8647



## Tritanomaly

180.9750, -2.4527, -53.4751

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

170.9580, -40.4053, -60.4762



## Achromatopsia

171.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

171.2580, -14.9172, -22.1513

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 170.9580, -40.4053, -60.4762 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(102, 222, 89)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(102, 222, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 222, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(102, 222, 89) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 170.9580, -40.4053, -60.4762 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(102, 222, 89) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(102, 222, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(102, 222, 89)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(102, 222, 89); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 222, 89);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 222,  
89) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 170.9580, -40.4053, -60.4762 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(102, 222, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(102,  
222, 89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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