

# Converting Colors

YUV(171.7180, -22.0460,  
71.2843)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(171.7180, -22.0460, 71.2843)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(171.7180, -22.0460,  
71.2843)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FD8B7F
RGB	253, 139, 127
RGB Percent	99%, 55%, 50%
CMY	0.0078, 0.4549, 0.5020
CMYK	0.00, 0.45, 0.50, 0.01
HSL	6°, 97%, 75%
HSV	6°, 50%, 99%
XYZ	53.5714, 40.8802, 25.1458
YIQ	171.7180, 71.7960, 20.4360

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

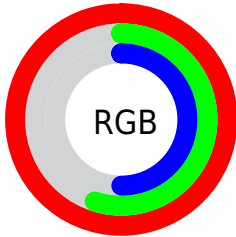
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	253, 140, 127
Decimal	16616319
CIE Lab	70.09, 41.93, 25.73
CIE LCh	70, 49.196, 31.533
Yxy	40.8802, 0.4479, 0.3418
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294806399 (0xFFFD8B7F)
YUV	171.7180, -22.0460, 71.2843
Hunter-Lab	63.9376, 37.6689, 21.4384

# Details

The YUV color **171.7180, -22.0460, 71.2843** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **208.2820, 22.0460, -71.2843**, and the grayscale version is **172.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **210.6430, -15.1070, 38.9011**, and **116.7820, -19.1195, 65.9662** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **155.3670, -26.3099, 85.6241**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **188.0690, -17.7820, 56.9445**.

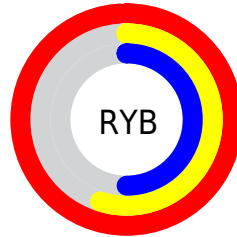
# Distribution



Red (99%)

Green (55%)

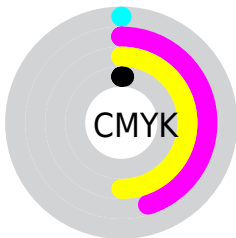
Blue (50%)



Red (99%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (50%)

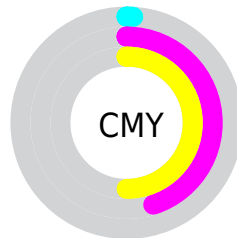


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (50%)

Black (1%)



Cyan (1%)

Magenta (45%)

Yellow (50%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 171.7180, -22.0460, 71.2843 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 171.7180, -22.0460, 71.2843 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



171.7180,  
-22.0460, 71.2843

171.7180,  
-22.0460, 71.2843

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

143.7500,  
-20.5828, 68.6252

210.6430,  
-15.1070, 38.9011

116.7820,  
-19.1195, 65.9662

230.7440,  
-11.7058, 21.2725

90.2270, -17.3669,  
63.8219

251.0730, -7.4310,  
3.4440

63.4870, -15.0301,  
60.9629

32.7630, -10.2362,  
63.3518

22.7240, -11.2029,  
46.7231

15.7760, -6.7916,

31.7684

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 171.7180,  
-22.0460, 71.2843

■ 171.7180,  
-22.0460, 71.2843

■ 155.3670,  
-26.3099, 85.6241

■ 188.0690,  
-17.7820, 56.9445

■ 138.9020,  
-31.0107, 100.0639

■ 204.5340,  
-13.0813, 42.5047

■ 122.5510,  
-35.2746, 114.4038

■ 220.8850, -8.8173,  
28.1649

■ 106.2000,  
-39.5386, 128.7436

■ 237.2360, -4.5533,  
13.8250

■ 90.4360, -44.0919,  
142.5686

■ 253.1140, 0.4368,  
-0.1000

■ 89.7350, -44.2394,  
143.1834

254.4020, 0.2948,  
-1.2296

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



173.7990, -1.3799, 69.4593



171.7180, -22.0460, 71.2843



170.3680, -38.1424, 54.0513

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



171.7180, -22.0460, 71.2843



154.1030, -13.3618, -54.4643



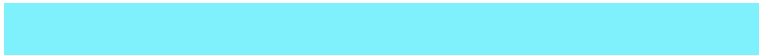
160.7980, 46.4416, -55.9508

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



171.7180, -22.0460, 71.2843



208.2820, 22.0460, -71.2843

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



138.1550, 54.6466, -121.1619



171.7180, -22.0460, 71.2843



133.4860, 18.9874, -117.0672

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



171.7180, -22.0460, 71.2843



162.1720, -34.5948, -10.6748



138.0290, 38.9327, -121.0514



174.8270, 36.0743, 2.7827



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



171.7180, -22.0460, 71.2843



167.9930, -42.8875, 35.9631



138.0290, 38.9327, -121.0514



151.1750, 51.1857, -84.3455

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



171.7180, -22.0460, 71.2843



230.1230, -6.4696, 21.8171



177.8980, 32.0953, 65.8645



113.0510, -3.9691, 13.1103



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



171.7180, -22.0460, 71.2843



156.5520, -26.8941, 86.3389



208.1120, -39.9882, 39.3668



119.4740, -2.2057, 7.4773



67.6750, -33.3638, 108.1560



22.6580, -11.1704, 36.2569

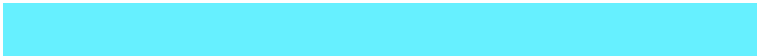


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



208.2820, 22.0460, -71.2843



200.4480, 26.8941, -86.3389



172.4750, 39.6988, -39.8816



122.9390, 2.4951, -6.9625



123.3250, 33.3638, -108.1560



41.3420, 11.1704, -36.2569



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 171.7180, -22.0460, 71.2843 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

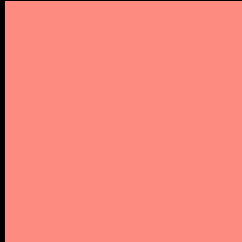
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 171.7180, -22.0460, 71.2843 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 171.7180, -22.0460, 71.2843

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 171.7180, -22.0460, 71.2843.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 171.7180, -22.0460, 71.2843.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

171.7180, -22.0460, 71.2843

### Protanopia

170.9830, -14.2886, 9.6619

### Deuteranopia

171.1720, -24.2418, 28.7902



## Tritanopia

172.4220, -13.0260, 71.5439

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

171.7180, -22.0460, 71.2843

## Protanomaly

171.1430, -16.8325, 32.3236

## Deuteranomaly

171.4990, -23.4170, 44.2894

## Tritanomaly

172.2110, -16.3730, 71.7290

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

171.7180, -22.0460, 71.2843

## Achromatopsia

172.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

171.8030, -7.7909, 25.6058

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 171.7180, -22.0460, 71.2843 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(253, 139, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(253, 139, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(253, 139, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(253, 139, 127) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 171.7180, -22.0460, 71.2843 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(253, 139, 127) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(253, 139, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(253, 139, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 139, 127); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 139, 127); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 139, 127) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 171.7180, -22.0460, 71.2843 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(253, 139, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(253,  
139, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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