

# Converting Colors

YUV(172.3160, -66.2178,  
52.3429)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(172.3160, -66.2178, 52.3429)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(172.3160, -66.2178,  
52.3429)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E8A826
RGB	232, 168, 38
RGB Percent	91%, 66%, 15%
CMY	0.0902, 0.3412, 0.8510
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.84, 0.09
HSL	40°, 81%, 53%
HSV	40°, 84%, 91%
XYZ	47.6312, 45.3010, 8.0673
YIQ	172.3160, 79.8740, -26.8620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

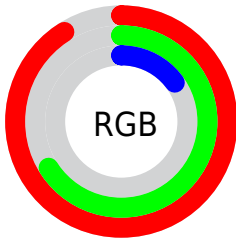
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">134, 232, 38</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15247398</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">73.09, 13.14, 69.60</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">73, 70.832, 79.307</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">45.3010, 0.4716, 0.4485</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4293437478 (0xFFE8A826)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">172.3160, -66.2178, 52.3429</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">67.3060, 8.5355, 40.0078</a>

# Details

The YUV color **172.3160, -66.2178, 52.3429** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9900**. The color can be described as middle washed orange. A complement of this color would be **97.6840, 66.2178, -52.3429**, and the grayscale version is **173.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **218.0900, -60.1904, 32.3701**, and **119.2210, -58.7760, 45.4102** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **164.9980, -73.9490, 58.7608**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **179.6340, -58.4866, 45.9250**.

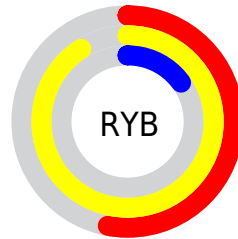
# Distribution



Red (91%)

Green (66%)

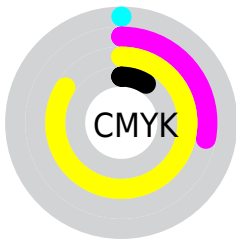
Blue (15%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (91%)

Blue (15%)

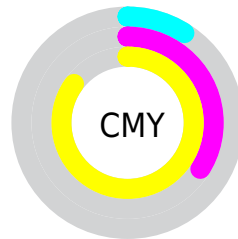


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (84%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (9%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (85%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 172.3160, -66.2178, 52.3429 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 172.3160, -66.2178, 52.3429 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



172.3160,  
-66.2178, 52.3429

172.3160,  
-66.2178, 52.3429

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

143.4530,  
-70.7223, 50.4687

218.0900,  
-60.1904, 32.3701

119.2210,  
-58.7760, 45.4102

237.7180,  
-56.0630, 15.1563

96.4620, -47.5558,  
39.9368

243.2580,  
-44.9902, 10.2977

73.4040, -36.1882,  
33.8487

246.4500,  
-32.7599, 7.4983

52.1180, -25.6942,  
27.9605

249.6420,  
-20.5295, 4.6990

31.7180, -15.6370,  
22.1723

253.0620, -7.4256,

10.7530, -5.3012,

1.6996

20.3876

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 172.3160,  
-66.2178, 52.3429

■ 172.3160,  
-66.2178, 52.3429

■ 164.9980,  
-73.9490, 58.7608

■ 179.6340,  
-58.4866, 45.9250

■ 160.3530,  
-79.0540, 62.8344

■ 186.3650,  
-50.4659, 40.0219

■ 193.7970,  
-42.2979, 33.5040

■ 201.1150,  
-34.5667, 27.0861

■ 207.8460,  
-26.5461, 21.1831

■ 215.1640,  
-18.8149, 14.7652

■ 222.4820,  
-11.0836, 8.3473

■ 229.3270, -2.6262,  
2.3442

■ 236.6450, 5.1050,  
-4.0737

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



168.9470, -42.8649, 75.4685



172.3160, -66.2178, 52.3429



166.9310, -62.5770, 4.4455

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



172.3160, -66.2178, 52.3429



148.3500, 35.3235, -130.1029



183.8630, 35.0705, 44.8471

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



172.3160, -66.2178, 52.3429



97.6840, 66.2178, -52.3429

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



170.3990, 41.7083, -31.0449



172.3160, -66.2178, 52.3429



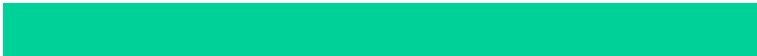
149.9920, 51.7689, -131.5430

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



172.3160, -66.2178, 52.3429



140.1250, 6.3474, -122.8896



142.9480, 55.2416, -125.3654



170.1690, 17.6647, 74.3968



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



172.3160, -66.2178, 52.3429



161.0970, -44.4178, -33.4111



142.9480, 55.2416, -125.3654



181.0730, 36.4460, 23.6150

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



172.3160, -66.2178, 52.3429



235.3770, -21.8779, 17.2094



103.4160, -0.2051, 112.7682



115.9230, -13.2730, 10.5915



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



172.3160, -66.2178, 52.3429



176.6220, -87.0746, 68.7375



200.3160, -80.0218, -0.2771



111.2840, -4.0840, 3.2589



123.9610, -61.1128, 48.2692



35.2070, -17.3571, 13.8505



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97.6840, 66.2178, -52.3429



78.3780, 87.0746, -68.7375



69.6840, 80.0218, 0.2771



106.7160, 4.0840, -3.2589



55.0390, 61.1128, -48.2692



15.7930, 17.3571, -13.8505



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 172.3160, -66.2178, 52.3429 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 172.3160, -66.2178, 52.3429 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 172.3160, -66.2178, 52.3429

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 172.3160, -66.2178, 52.3429.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 172.3160, -66.2178, 52.3429.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

172.3160, -66.2178, 52.3429

### Protanopia

170.7320, -63.9579, 27.4220

### Deuteranopia

172.4680, -66.7857, 47.8246



## Tritanopia

182.7720, -7.2826, 49.3120

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

172.3160, -66.2178, 52.3429

## Protanomaly

171.5590, -64.8586, 36.3438

## Deuteranomaly

172.4790, -66.7911, 49.5689

## Tritanomaly

178.8650, -28.5274, 50.1074

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

172.3160, -66.2178, 52.3429

## Achromatopsia

172.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

172.4050, -24.3567, 18.9388

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 172.3160, -66.2178, 52.3429 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(232, 168, 38)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(232, 168, 38)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 168, 38) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(232, 168, 38) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 172.3160, -66.2178, 52.3429 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(232, 168, 38) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(232, 168, 38) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(232, 168, 38)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(232, 168, 38); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 168, 38);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 168,  
38) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 172.3160, -66.2178, 52.3429 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(232, 168, 38) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(232,  
168, 38) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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