

Converting Colors

YUV(172.4360, -4.6519, -1.2594)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(172.4360, -4.6519, -1.2594)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(172.4360, -4.6519,
-1.2594)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ABAFA3
RGB	171, 175, 163
RGB Percent	67%, 69%, 64%
CMY	0.3294, 0.3137, 0.3608
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.07, 0.31
HSL	80°, 7%, 66%
HSV	80°, 7%, 69%
XYZ	38.7354, 41.9622, 40.7083
YIQ	172.4360, 1.4680, -4.5800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

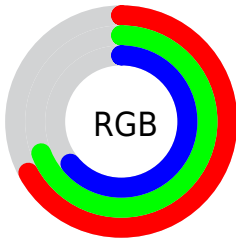
Format	Color
RYB	163, 175, 167
Decimal	11251619
CIELab	70.84, -3.63, 5.65
CIELCh	71, 6.716, 122.694
Yxy	41.9622, 0.3191, 0.3456
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289441699 (0xFFABAFA3)
YUV	172.4360, -4.6519, -1.2594
Hunter-Lab	64.7782, -6.6244, 8.0855

Details

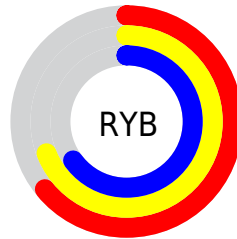
The YUV color **172.4360, -4.6519, -1.2594** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **165.5640, 4.6519, 1.2594**, and the grayscale version is **172.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **228.0230, -4.9413, -1.7742**, and **120.4360, -4.6519, -1.2594** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **168.7040, -11.1931, -3.2484**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **176.1680, 1.8892, 0.7297**.

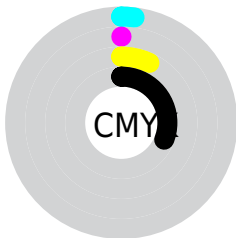
Distribution



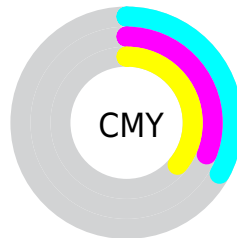
- Red (67%)
- Green (69%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 172.4360, -4.6519, -1.2594 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 172.4360, -4.6519, -1.2594 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 172.4360, -4.6519,
-1.2594

■ 172.4360, -4.6519,
-1.2594

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 145.5500, -4.2151,
-1.3593

■ 228.0230, -4.9413,
-1.7742

■ 120.4360, -4.6519,
-1.2594

■ 253.9740, -3.9312,
0.8998

■ 95.5500, -4.2151,
-1.3593

■ 71.6640, -3.7784,
-1.4593

■ 49.0770, -3.4890,
-0.9445

■ 28.0770, -3.4890,
-0.9445

■ 3.5220, -1.7363,

-3.0888

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 172.4360, -4.6519,
-1.2594

■ 172.4360, -4.6519,
-1.2594

■ 168.7040,
-11.1931, -3.2484

■ 176.1680, 1.8892,
0.7297

■ 164.8580,
-18.1710, -5.1375

■ 180.0140, 8.8671,
2.6187

■ 161.1260,
-24.7121, -7.1265

■ 183.7460, 15.4082,
4.6078

■ 157.5790,
-31.8374, -8.4008

■ 187.2930, 22.5336,
5.8820

■ 153.7330,
-38.8154, -10.2898

■ 191.1390, 29.5115,
7.7711

■ 150.0010,
-45.3565, -12.2789

■ 193.3890, 30.3742,
11.0598

■ 146.2690,
-51.8976, -14.2679

■ 195.1830, 29.4898,
14.7485

■ 142.4230,
-58.8755, -16.1570

■ 196.9770, 28.6053,
18.4372

■ 138.5770,
-65.8535, -18.0460

■ 198.7710, 27.7209,
22.1258

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



173.1270, -5.9786, 4.2736



172.4360, -4.6519, -1.2594



171.5000, -1.7255, -6.5775

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



172.4360, -4.6519, -1.2594



172.7260, 5.5581, -9.4067



174.5390, -0.7587, 10.0513

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



172.4360, -4.6519, -1.2594



165.5640, 4.6519, 1.2594

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



174.6140, 2.1623, 6.4775



172.4360, -4.6519, -1.2594



173.4600, 5.6892, -4.7884

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



172.4360, -4.6519, -1.2594



171.9600, 3.9637, -11.3659



174.2650, 4.7994, 0.6446



174.7410, -3.8163, 10.7511

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



172.4360, -4.6519, -1.2594



171.6460, 0.1745, -9.3365



174.2650, 4.7994, 0.6446



174.4680, 0.2623, 9.2366

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



172.4360, -4.6519, -1.2594



225.8320, -1.8892, -0.7297



168.9360, -2.9264, 5.3181



114.3590, -1.1630, -0.3148



242.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



172.4360, -4.6519, -1.2594



223.1540, -6.9779, -1.8891



170.6420, -3.7675, -4.9480



85.0770, -3.4890, -0.9445



117.9500, -58.1493, -15.7421



17.9860, -8.8671, -2.6187

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



165.5640, 4.6519, 1.2594



212.8460, 6.9779, 1.8891



167.3580, 3.7675, 4.9480



79.9230, 3.4890, 0.9445



32.0500, 58.1493, 15.7422



5.0140, 8.8671, 2.6187

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 172.4360, -4.6519, -1.2594 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

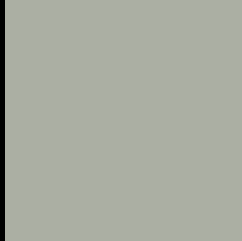
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 172.4360, -4.6519, -1.2594 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

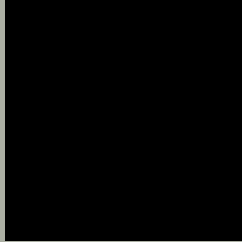
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

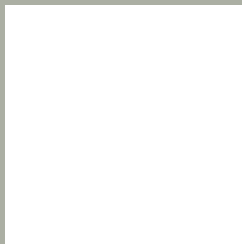
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 172.4360, -4.6519, -1.2594

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 172.4360, -4.6519, -1.2594.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 172.4360, -4.6519, -1.2594.

-1.2594.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

172.4360, -4.6519, -1.2594

Protanopia

173.5400, -5.6892, 4.7884

Deuteranopia

174.5460, -4.7062, 16.1842



Tritanopia

174.0800, 5.3836, -0.0702

Trichromacy



Original Color

172.4360, -4.6519, -1.2594

Protanomaly

173.2300, -5.5364, 2.4293

Deuteranomaly

173.8010, -4.8319, 9.8215

Tritanomaly

173.4560, 1.7472, -0.3999

Monochromacy



Original Color

172.4360, -4.6519, -1.2594

Achromatopsia

172.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

172.2450, -1.5998, -0.2149

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 172.4360, -4.6519, -1.2594 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 175, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 175, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 175, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 175, 163) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 172.4360, -4.6519, -1.2594 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 175, 163) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 175, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 175, 163)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 175, 163); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 175, 163); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 175, 163) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 172.4360, -4.6519, -1.2594 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 175, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
175, 163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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