

# Converting Colors

YUV(172.5560, -23.9381,  
-68.8936)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(172.5560, -23.9381, -68.8936)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(172.5560, -23.9381,  
-68.8936)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5EDE7C
RGB	94, 222, 124
RGB Percent	37%, 87%, 49%
CMY	0.6314, 0.1294, 0.5137
CMYK	0.58, 0.00, 0.44, 0.13
HSL	134°, 66%, 62%
HSV	134°, 58%, 87%
XYZ	34.3755, 56.0775, 28.0810
YIQ	172.5560, -44.8300, -57.6140

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

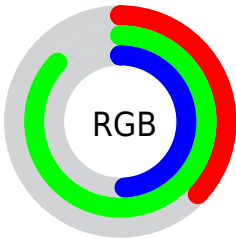
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	94, 198, 222
Decimal	6217340
CIELab	79.66, -56.08, 37.62
CIELCh	80, 67.531, 146.144
Yxy	56.0775, 0.2900, 0.4731
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284407420 (0xFF5EDE7C)
YUV	172.5560, -23.9381, -68.8936
Hunter-Lab	74.8849, -49.1092, 30.1863

# Details

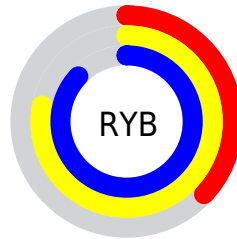
The YUV color **172.5560, -23.9381, -68.8936** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC66**. The color can be described as middle muted spring green. A complement of this color would be **143.4440, 23.9381, 68.8936**, and the grayscale version is **173.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **216.0230, -18.7453, -54.3942**, and **109.9500, -18.2163, -84.1481** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **164.0400, -28.1207, -80.7191**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **181.0720, -19.7555, -57.0681**.

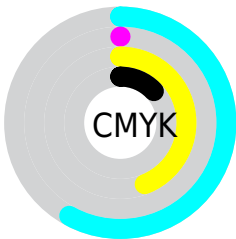
# Distribution



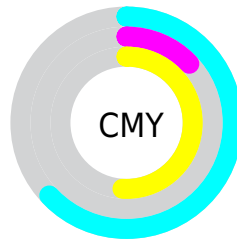
- Red (37%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (58%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 172.5560, -23.9381, -68.8936 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 172.5560, -23.9381, -68.8936 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 172.5560,  
-23.9381, -68.8936

■ 172.5560,  
-23.9381, -68.8936

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 143.2890,  
-22.3275, -72.1675

■ 216.0230,  
-18.7453, -54.3942

■ 109.9500,  
-18.2163, -84.1481

■ 228.1850,  
-10.9372, -38.7502

■ 87.0650, -19.2590,  
-76.3560

■ 240.0480, -2.9817,  
-23.7211

■ 68.3660, -22.3654,  
-59.9570

■ 251.7110, 1.6215,  
-6.7625

■ 51.0690, -25.1770,  
-44.7875

■ 36.3940, -17.9422,  
-31.9175

■ 22.8930, -11.2862,

-20.0772

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 172.5560,  
-23.9381, -68.8936

■ 172.5560,  
-23.9381, -68.8936

■ 164.0400,  
-28.1207, -80.7191

■ 181.0720,  
-19.7555, -57.0681

■ 155.5240,  
-32.3033, -92.5445

■ 189.5880,  
-15.5729, -45.2427

■ 146.7090,  
-36.3385, -104.9848

■ 198.4030,  
-11.5377, -32.8024

■ 138.1930,  
-40.5211, -116.8103

■ 206.9190, -7.3551,  
-20.9770

■ 136.2420,  
-41.5313, -119.4842

■ 215.4350, -3.1725,  
-9.1515

■ 223.9510, 1.0102,  
2.6740

■ 232.4670, 5.1928,  
14.4994

■ 235.6290, 9.5499,  
16.9884

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



184.8570, -53.6665, -6.8906



172.5560, -23.9381, -68.8936



155.1540, 15.7001, -136.0701

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



172.5560, -23.9381, -68.8936



150.5790, 51.4796, -132.0578



178.5910, -16.0674, 67.0107

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



172.5560, -23.9381, -68.8936



143.4440, 23.9381, 68.8936

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



182.7240, 12.4611, 63.3861



172.5560, -23.9381, -68.8936



192.6920, 30.7178, -5.8689

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



172.5560, -23.9381, -68.8936



158.7970, 47.4281, -139.2650



198.0610, 28.0709, 49.9355



184.8760, -45.2949, 61.4987

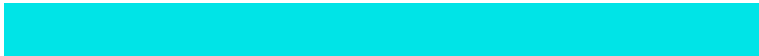


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



172.5560, -23.9381, -68.8936



160.1700, 34.9192, -140.4691



198.0610, 28.0709, 49.9355



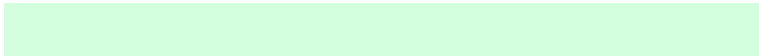
178.5230, -6.1738, 67.0703

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



172.5560, -23.9381, -68.8936



238.3810, -8.0758, -23.1361



198.4380, -51.4879, -5.6461



117.9460, -4.9034, -13.9846



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



172.5560, -23.9381, -68.8936



186.9860, -33.0241, -94.7037



179.8520, 4.0170, -75.2922



107.7990, -1.8729, -5.9627



107.9860, -33.0241, -94.7037



29.4300, -9.0860, -25.8101



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



143.4440, 23.9381, 68.8936



147.0140, 33.0241, 94.7037



136.1480, -4.0170, 75.2922



105.3150, 2.3097, 5.8627



68.0140, 33.0241, 94.7037

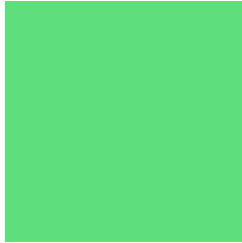


18.5700, 9.0860, 25.8101



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 172.5560, -23.9381, -68.8936 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 172.5560, -23.9381, -68.8936 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 172.5560, -23.9381, -68.8936 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 172.5560, -23.9381, -68.8936.



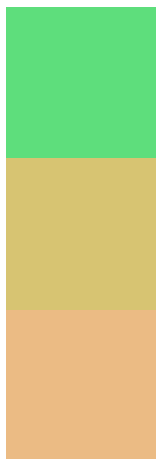
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 172.5560, -23.9381, -68.8936.

-68.8936.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

172.5560, -23.9381, -68.8936

### Protanopia

192.3330, -38.6182, 19.8790

### Deuteranopia

195.0820, -31.0994, 35.0081



## Tritanopia

185.3270, 20.5448, -56.4148

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

172.5560, -23.9381, -68.8936



## Protanomaly

184.9160, -32.9896, -12.2043



## Deuteranomaly

187.1220, -28.6541, -2.7380



## Tritanomaly

180.4670, 4.6998, -60.9226

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

172.5560, -23.9381, -68.8936



## Achromatopsia

173.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

172.8430, -8.7966, -25.2953

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 172.5560, -23.9381, -68.8936 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(94, 222, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(94, 222, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 222, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(94, 222, 124) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 172.5560, -23.9381, -68.8936 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(94, 222, 124) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(94, 222, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(94, 222, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(94, 222, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 222, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(94, 222,  
124) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 172.5560, -23.9381, -68.8936 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(94, 222, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(94, 222,  
124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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