

Converting Colors

YUV(172.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(172.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(172.9460, -1.4524,
-0.8296)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ACAEEA
RGB	172, 174, 170
RGB Percent	67%, 68%, 67%
CMY	0.3255, 0.3176, 0.3333
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.02, 0.32
HSL	90°, 2%, 67%
HSV	90°, 2%, 68%
XYZ	39.4050, 41.9450, 44.0495
YIQ	172.9460, 0.0920, -1.6680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

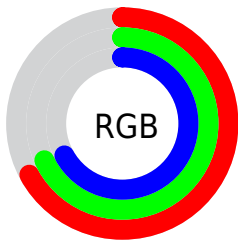
Format	Color
RYB	170, 174, 172
Decimal	11316906
CIELab	70.83, -1.45, 1.79
CIELCh	71, 2.308, 129.017
Yxy	41.9450, 0.3142, 0.3345
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289506986 (0xFFACAEAA)
YUV	172.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296
Hunter-Lab	64.7650, -4.7339, 5.0097

Details

The YUV color **172.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **171.0540, 1.4524, 0.8296**, and the grayscale version is **173.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **227.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296**, and **120.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **168.3170, -7.5513, -4.6630**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **177.5750, 4.6465, 3.0037**.

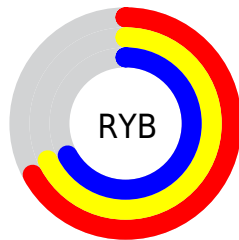
Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (68%)

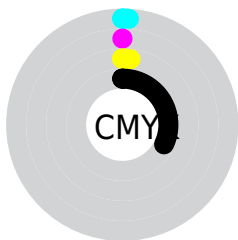
Blue (67%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (68%)

Blue (67%)

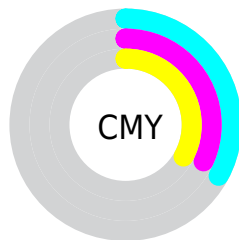


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 172.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 172.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 172.9460, -1.4524,
-0.8296

■ 172.9460, -1.4524,
-0.8296

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 146.0600, -1.0156,
-0.9296

■ 227.9460, -1.4524,
-0.8296

■ 120.9460, -1.4524,
-0.8296

254.8860, -0.4368,
0.1000

■ 95.9460, -1.4524,
-0.8296

■ 72.0600, -1.0156,
-0.9296

■ 49.9460, -1.4524,
-0.8296

■ 29.0600, -1.0156,
-0.9296

■ 2.6470, -1.3050,

-1.4444

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 172.9460, -1.4524,
-0.8296

■ 172.9460, -1.4524,
-0.8296

■ 168.3170, -7.5513,
-4.6630

■ 177.5750, 4.6465,
3.0037

■ 163.8730,
-14.2344, -7.7816

■ 182.0190, 11.3296,
6.1223

■ 159.2440,
-20.3333, -11.6150

■ 186.6480, 17.4285,
9.9557

■ 154.5010,
-26.8690, -15.3484

■ 191.3910, 23.9642,
13.6891

■ 150.1710,
-33.1153, -18.5670

■ 195.4930, 29.3370,
17.1076

■ 145.5420,
-39.2142, -22.4003

■ 198.1840, 28.0103,
22.6406

■ 140.7990,
-45.7499, -26.1337

■ 200.8750, 26.6836,
28.1736

■ 136.1700,
-51.8488, -29.9671

■ 203.5660, 25.3570,
33.7066

■ 131.7260,
-58.5319, -33.0857

■ 205.9580, 24.1777,
38.6248

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



172.8430, -1.8946, 1.0147



172.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296



172.5760, -0.2840, -2.2592

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



172.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296



173.1460, 1.9000, -2.7590



173.9080, -0.4476, 3.5887

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



172.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296



171.0540, 1.4524, 0.8296

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



173.8370, 0.5734, 2.7740



172.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296



173.1570, 1.8946, -1.0147

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



172.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296



172.7330, 1.6106, -3.2738



174.0540, 1.4524, 0.8296



173.6800, -1.3212, 3.7886

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



172.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296



172.9780, 0.0108, -3.4887



174.0540, 1.4524, 0.8296



173.9080, -0.4476, 3.5887

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



172.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296



226.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148



172.3700, -1.1684, 1.4295



114.5870, -0.2894, -0.5148



242.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



115.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



172.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296



225.3050, -2.6154, -1.1445



172.3480, -1.1576, -2.0592



85.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296



110.4750, -54.4642, -31.1116



16.7900, -8.2775, -5.0778

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



171.0540, 1.4524, 0.8296



221.9940, 2.4680, 1.7593



171.6520, 1.1576, 2.0592



84.0540, 1.4524, 0.8296



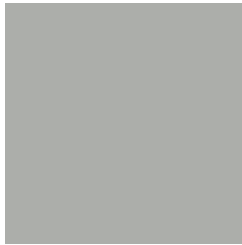
39.5250, 54.4642, 31.1116



5.9110, 8.4249, 4.4631

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 172.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

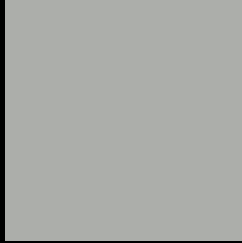
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 172.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

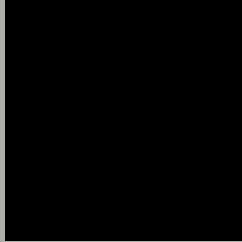
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

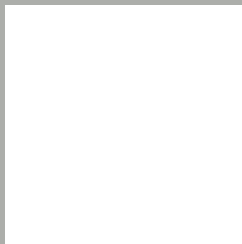
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 172.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 172.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 172.9460, -1.4524,

-0.8296.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

172.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296

Protanopia

173.1530, -2.0474, 3.3738

Deuteranopia

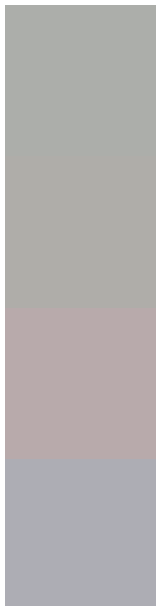
175.2190, -2.0800, 13.8399



Tritanopia

174.0800, 5.3836, -0.0702

Trichromacy



Original Color

172.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296

Protanomaly

173.1420, -2.0420, 1.6295

Deuteranomaly

174.3000, -1.6269, 8.5069

Tritanomaly

173.7980, 3.0576, -0.6998

Monochromacy



Original Color

172.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296

Achromatopsia

173.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

172.8860, -0.4368, 0.1000

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 172.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 174, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 174, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 174, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 174, 170) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 172.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 174, 170) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 174, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(172, 174, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(172, 174, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 174, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 174,  
170) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 172.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 174, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172,  
174, 170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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