

Converting Colors

YUV(173.3310, -8.5442,
33.9127)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(173.3310, -8.5442, 33.9127)
contains.

YUV(173.3310, -8.5442, 33.9127)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(173.3310, -8.5442,
33.9127)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D49D9C
RGB	212, 157, 156
RGB Percent	83%, 62%, 61%
CMY	0.1686, 0.3843, 0.3882
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.26, 0.17
HSL	1°, 39%, 72%
HSV	1°, 26%, 83%
XYZ	45.2091, 40.5113, 36.8892
YIQ	173.3310, 33.1010, 11.3490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

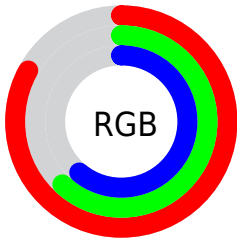
Format	Color
RYB	212, 157, 156
Decimal	13933980
CIELab	69.83, 20.33, 8.56
CIELCh	70, 22.063, 22.831
Yxy	40.5113, 0.3687, 0.3304
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292124060 (0xFFD49D9C)
YUV	173.3310, -8.5442, 33.9127
Hunter-Lab	63.6485, 15.4025, 10.1908

Details

The YUV color $173.3310, -8.5442, 33.9127$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CC9999$. A complement of this color would be $194.6690, 8.5442, -33.9127$, and the grayscale version is $173.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $224.6290, -7.2121, 26.6354$, and $120.2490, -7.5178, 31.3536$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $158.6100, -11.6397, 46.8230$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $188.0520, -5.4486, 21.0024$.

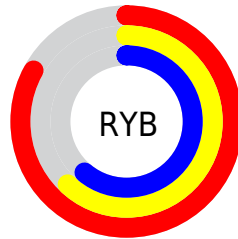
Distribution



Red (83%)

Green (62%)

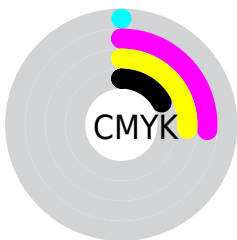
Blue (61%)



Red (83%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (61%)

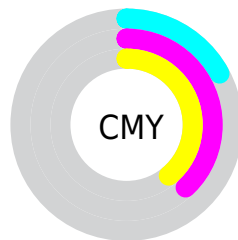


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (26%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (17%)


Magenta (38%)


Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 173.3310, -8.5442, 33.9127 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 173.3310, -8.5442, 33.9127 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 173.3310, -8.5442,
33.9127


 173.3310, -8.5442,
33.9127


255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


 146.7330, -8.2494,
32.6832


 224.6290, -7.2121,
26.6354


 120.2490, -7.5178,
31.3536

 244.3710, -2.6479,
9.3216

 95.3520, -7.0755,
29.5093

 70.8680, -6.3439,
28.1798

 47.9710, -5.9017,
26.3354

 25.4870, -5.1701,
25.0059

 9.9810, -4.4276,

20.1877

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

173.3310, -8.5442,
33.9127

173.3310, -8.5442,
33.9127

158.6100,
-11.6397, 46.8230

188.0520, -5.4486,
21.0024

143.8890,
-14.7353, 59.7333

202.7730, -2.3531,
8.0921

129.6410,
-18.5570, 72.2288

217.0210, 1.4686,
-4.4034

114.9200,
-21.6526, 85.1392

231.7420, 4.5642,
-17.3137

100.1990,
-24.7481, 98.0495

242.1430, 6.3385,
-26.4354

■ 85.4780, -27.8437,
110.9598

■ 70.7570, -30.9392,
123.8701

■ 65.7360, -32.4078,
128.2735

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



174.4150, 0.7814, 29.4540



173.3310, -8.5442, 33.9127



172.0610, -15.8061, 29.7645

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



173.3310, -8.5442, 33.9127



165.6700, -9.6973, -16.3736



168.2370, 20.5892, -23.8868

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



173.3310, -8.5442, 33.9127



194.6690, 8.5442, -33.9127

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



163.9810, 18.7434, -38.5713



173.3310, -8.5442, 33.9127



163.3180, 0.8292, -32.7279

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



173.3310, -8.5442, 33.9127



167.9450, -16.7349, 0.9252



162.3090, 11.1867, -41.4900



171.8590, 17.3245, -3.3843

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



173.3310, -8.5442, 33.9127



170.6210, -18.5472, 22.2574



162.3090, 11.1867, -41.4900



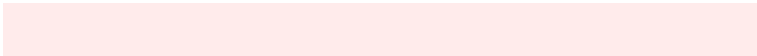
166.4920, 20.4634, -30.2495

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



173.3310, -8.5442, 33.9127



240.9800, -2.9481, 12.2955



179.0140, 15.7691, 28.9287



118.8870, -1.9163, 7.9921



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



173.3310, -8.5442, 33.9127



198.6920, -12.6662, 49.3821



189.7670, -16.6471, 19.4983



99.8760, -1.9109, 6.2477



52.8900, -26.0748, 103.5825



13.4440, -6.6279, 25.9206

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



194.6690, 8.5442, -33.9127



229.8950, 12.3768, -49.8969



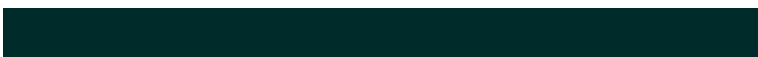
178.2330, 16.6471, -19.4983



103.7110, 1.6215, -6.7625



118.1100, 26.0748, -103.5825



30.1430, 6.3385, -26.4354

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 173.3310, -8.5442, 33.9127 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

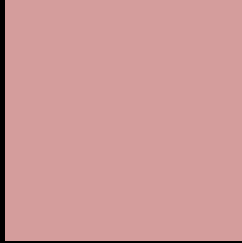
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 173.3310, -8.5442, 33.9127 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

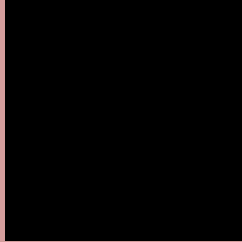
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 173.3310, -8.5442, 33.9127

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 173.3310, -8.5442, 33.9127.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 173.3310, -8.5442,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

173.3310, -8.5442, 33.9127

Protanopia

170.9960, -3.9420, 4.3885

Deuteranopia

172.2320, -8.4954, 18.2135



Tritanopia

173.7100, -3.3080, 34.4573

Trichromacy



Original Color

173.3310, -8.5442, 33.9127

Protanomaly

171.6060, -5.7218, 15.2545

Deuteranomaly

172.5640, -8.6591, 24.0614

Tritanomaly

173.8410, -5.3446, 34.3424

Monochromacy



Original Color

173.3310, -8.5442, 33.9127

Achromatopsia

173.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

172.9800, -2.9481, 12.2955

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 173.3310, -8.5442, 33.9127 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(212, 157, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 157, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 157, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 157, 156) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 173.3310, -8.5442, 33.9127 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 157, 156) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 157, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(212, 157, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(212, 157, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 157, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 157,  
156) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 173.3310, -8.5442, 33.9127 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 157, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
157, 156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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