

# Converting Colors

YUV(173.4760, -5.1647,  
23.2615)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(173.4760, -5.1647, 23.2615)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(173.4760, -5.1647,  
23.2615)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C8A2A3
RGB	200, 162, 163
RGB Percent	78%, 64%, 64%
CMY	0.2157, 0.3647, 0.3608
CMYK	0.00, 0.19, 0.19, 0.22
HSL	358°, 26%, 71%
HSV	358°, 19%, 78%
XYZ	43.3506, 40.7644, 40.2338
YIQ	173.4760, 22.3270, 8.3670

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

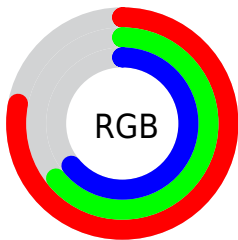
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	200, 162, 163
Decimal	13148835
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	70.01, 14.14, 4.78
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	70, 14.927, 18.660
Yxy	40.7644, 0.3486, 0.3278
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291338915 (0xFFC8A2A3)
YUV	173.4760, -5.1647, 23.2615
Hunter-Lab	63.8470, 9.4651, 7.3307

# Details

The YUV color  $173.4760, -5.1647, 23.2615$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CC9999$ . A complement of this color would be  $188.5240, 5.1647, -23.2615$ , and the grayscale version is  $174.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $228.4760, -5.1647, 23.2615$ , and  $120.5790, -4.7224, 21.4172$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $159.5700, -7.6760, 35.4571$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $187.3820, -2.6533, 11.0660$ .

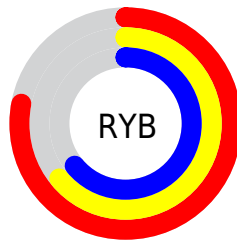
# Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (64%)

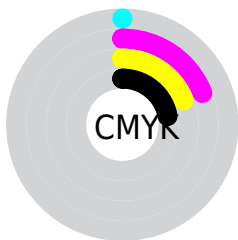
Blue (64%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (64%)

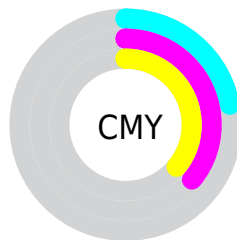


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (19%)

Yellow (19%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (36%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 173.4760, -5.1647, 23.2615 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 173.4760, -5.1647, 23.2615 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 173.4760, -5.1647,  
23.2615


 173.4760, -5.1647,  
23.2615


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 146.8780, -4.8699,  
22.0320


 228.4760, -5.1647,  
23.2615


 120.5790, -4.7224,  
21.4172

 248.1040, -1.0373,  
6.0478

 95.9810, -4.4276,  
20.1877

 71.7960, -3.8434,  
19.4729

 49.1980, -3.5486,  
18.2434

 27.7140, -2.8170,  
16.9138

 8.1870, -3.5432,

16.4990

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 173.4760, -5.1647,  
23.2615

■ 173.4760, -5.1647,  
23.2615

■ 159.5700, -7.6760,  
35.4571

■ 187.3820, -2.6533,  
11.0660

■ 145.5500,  
-10.6241, 47.7527

■ 201.4020, 0.2948,  
-1.2296

■ 131.6440,  
-13.1355, 59.9482

■ 215.3080, 2.8062,  
-13.4251

■ 117.6240,  
-16.0836, 72.2438

■ 229.3280, 5.7543,  
-25.7207

■ 103.7180,  
-18.5950, 84.4393

■ 238.5550, 8.1074,  
-33.8127

■ 89.6980, -21.5431,  
96.7349

■ 75.7920, -24.0545,  
108.9304

■ 61.7720, -27.0026,  
121.2260

■ 60.3700, -27.2974,  
122.4555

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



173.8760, 1.5401, 19.4027



173.4760, -5.1647, 23.2615



172.3850, -10.5428, 21.5874

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



173.4760, -5.1647, 23.2615



168.2840, -7.5350, -9.8961



169.4460, 13.5841, -17.0541

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



173.4760, -5.1647, 23.2615



188.5240, 5.1647, -23.2615

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



166.9350, 11.8640, -25.3760



173.4760, -5.1647, 23.2615



166.9390, -0.9559, -20.1175

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



173.4760, -5.1647, 23.2615



169.8080, -12.2303, 2.7994



166.1430, 6.3385, -26.4354



171.5940, 12.5252, -4.0289



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



173.4760, -5.1647, 23.2615



171.7820, -12.7105, 16.8542



166.1430, 6.3385, -26.4354



168.4240, 13.5950, -20.5428

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



173.4760, -5.1647, 23.2615



244.4850, -2.2111, 9.2217



177.3950, 11.1443, 18.9476



121.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



173.4760, -5.1647, 23.2615



213.8690, -7.8234, 36.0719



183.9280, -10.8105, 14.0951



92.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330



49.1930, -22.2801, 99.8087



10.8780, -4.8699, 22.0320



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



173.4760, -5.1647, 23.2615



213.8690, -7.8234, 36.0719



178.0720, 10.8105, -14.0951



92.6910, -1.3267, 5.5330



49.1930, -22.2801, 99.8087



10.8780, -4.8699, 22.0320



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 173.4760, -5.1647, 23.2615 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

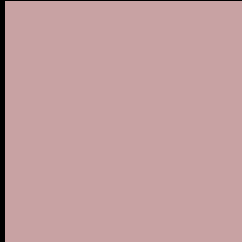
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 173.4760, -5.1647, 23.2615 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

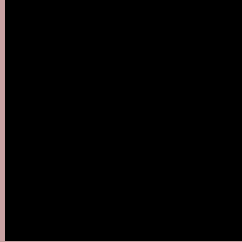
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 173.4760, -5.1647, 23.2615

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 173.4760, -5.1647, 23.2615.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 173.4760, -5.1647,

23.2615.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

173.4760, -5.1647, 23.2615

### Protanopia

171.8540, -1.9000, 2.7590

### Deuteranopia

172.4320, -5.1430, 16.2841



## Tritanopia

173.7410, -0.3653, 23.9061

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

173.4760, -5.1647, 23.2615

## Protanomaly

172.5560, -3.2321, 10.0364

## Deuteranomaly

172.7420, -5.2958, 18.6433

## Tritanomaly

173.8720, -2.4019, 23.7913

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

173.4760, -5.1647, 23.2615

## Achromatopsia

173.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

173.1860, -2.0637, 8.6069

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 173.4760, -5.1647, 23.2615 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 162, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 162, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 162, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 162, 163) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 173.4760, -5.1647, 23.2615 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 162, 163) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 162, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 162, 163)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 162, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 162, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 162,  
163) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 173.4760, -5.1647, 23.2615 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 162, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
162, 163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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