

# Converting Colors

YUV(173.6770, 30.2322, 9.9303)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(173.6770, 30.2322, 9.9303)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(173.6770, 30.2322,  
9.9303)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B99CEB
RGB	185, 156, 235
RGB Percent	73%, 61%, 92%
CMY	0.2745, 0.3882, 0.0784
CMYK	0.21, 0.34, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	262°, 66%, 77%
HSV	262°, 34%, 92%
XYZ	46.8914, 40.0894, 83.8638
YIQ	173.6770, -8.0750, 30.7170

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

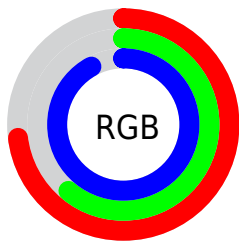
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	185, 156, 235
Decimal	12164331
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	69.53, 26.41, -35.86
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	70, 44.533, 306.367
Yxy	40.0894, 0.2745, 0.2347
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290354411 (0xFFB99CEB)
YUV	173.6770, 30.2322, 9.9303
Hunter-Lab	63.3162, 21.3923, -34.2097

# Details

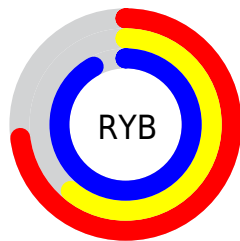
The YUV color **173.6770, 30.2322, 9.9303** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99FF**. A complement of this color would be **217.3230, -30.2322, -9.9303**, and the grayscale version is **173.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **225.2850, 14.6495, 14.6591**, and **120.6230, 28.7799, 9.1006** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **155.6910, 39.0993, 12.5490**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **192.2500, 21.0758, 6.7968**.

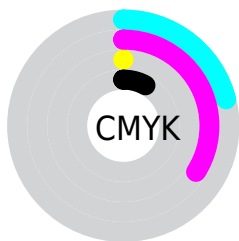
# Distribution



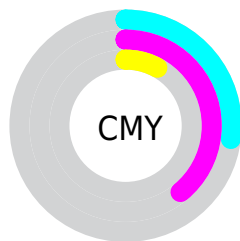
- Red (73%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (34%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (8%)




- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (8%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 173.6770, 30.2322, 9.9303 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 173.6770, 30.2322, 9.9303 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 173.6770, 30.2322,  
9.9303


 173.6770, 30.2322,  
9.9303


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 146.8510, 29.6535,  
8.9007


 225.2850, 14.6495,  
14.6591


 120.6230, 28.7799,  
9.1006

 245.6080, 4.6303,  
8.2368

 95.3840, 27.9117,  
7.5562

 71.4440, 26.8961,  
6.6266

 48.0910, 25.5911,  
5.1822

 24.6670, 25.3072,  
2.9230

 8.7330, 21.8236,

0.2342

■ 4.7080, 12.9620,  
-4.1289

■ 0.1140, 0.4368,  
-0.1000

■ 173.6770, 30.2322,  
9.9303

■ 173.6770, 30.2322,  
9.9303

■ 155.6910, 39.0993,  
12.5490

■ 192.2500, 21.0758,  
6.7968

■ 137.1180, 48.2558,  
15.6825

■ 210.2360, 12.2087,  
4.1780

■ 119.1320, 57.1229,  
18.3012

■ 228.8090, 3.0522,  
1.0445

■ 100.8580, 66.1320,  
22.0495

■ 246.4960, -5.6675,  
-2.1890

■ 82.8720, 74.9991,  
24.6683

■ 252.7200, -8.7360,  
1.9996

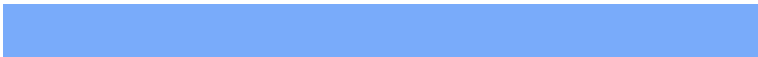
■ 64.2990, 84.1556,  
27.8018

■ 52.5040, 89.9705,  
29.3760

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



165.0560, 41.8774, -38.6371



173.6770, 30.2322, 9.9303



174.3690, 14.1151, 46.1574

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



173.6770, 30.2322, 9.9303



168.5950, -35.7893, 45.9592



132.2950, 22.0396, -116.0227

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



173.6770, 30.2322, 9.9303



217.3230, -30.2322, -9.9303

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



153.0690, -8.4150, -54.4345



173.6770, 30.2322, 9.9303



165.7350, -38.3234, 18.6494

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



173.6770, 30.2322, 9.9303



170.7340, -23.0399, 63.3773



161.0450, -28.6162, -14.9485



135.5670, 39.6535, -118.8923



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



173.6770, 30.2322, 9.9303



172.8410, 1.5574, 60.6524



161.0450, -28.6162, -14.9485



141.7620, 10.4703, -91.8763

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



173.6770, 30.2322, 9.9303



235.5410, 9.5933, 3.0335



194.3560, 20.0375, -33.6382



115.6180, 6.1043, 2.0890



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



173.6770, 30.2322, 9.9303



175.6910, 39.0993, 12.5490



185.3380, 24.4834, 33.9066



108.4500, 4.2152, 1.3594



40.3680, 69.3316, 22.4793



12.1360, 20.6390, 6.8967



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



185.3210, 10.1947, 43.5685



190.9080, 13.3564, 56.2087



205.6620, -24.4834, -33.9066



110.0870, 1.4361, 6.0627



67.2290, 23.5511, 99.7772

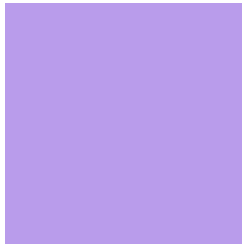


20.0220, 6.8912, 29.7987



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 173.6770, 30.2322, 9.9303 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

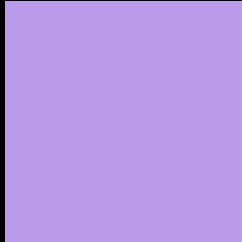
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 173.6770, 30.2322, 9.9303 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

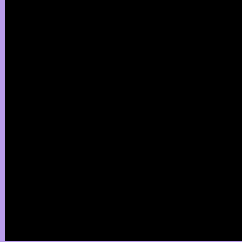
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 173.6770, 30.2322, 9.9303

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 173.6770, 30.2322, 9.9303.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 173.6770, 30.2322, 9.9303.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

173.6770, 30.2322, 9.9303

### Protanopia

169.2000, 36.8764, -21.2234

### Deuteranopia

170.3270, 30.8978, -16.9498



## Tritanopia

170.8740, 4.4991, 3.6185

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

173.6770, 30.2322, 9.9303

## Protanomaly

170.9950, 34.5125, -9.6426

## Deuteranomaly

171.6810, 30.7233, -7.6132

## Tritanomaly

172.0020, 13.8030, 6.1372

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

173.6770, 30.2322, 9.9303

## Achromatopsia

174.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

173.5950, 11.0457, 3.8632

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 173.6770, 30.2322, 9.9303 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(185, 156, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(185, 156, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(185, 156, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(185, 156, 235) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 173.6770, 30.2322, 9.9303 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(185, 156, 235) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(185, 156, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(185, 156, 235)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(185, 156, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 156, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(185, 156,  
235) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 173.6770, 30.2322, 9.9303 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(185, 156, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(185,  
156, 235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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