

# Converting Colors

YUV(173.7730, -8.7621,  
57.2041)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(173.7730, -8.7621, 57.2041)  
contains.

<b>YUV(173.7730, -8.7621, 57.2041)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(173.7730, -8.7621,  
57.2041)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EF909C
RGB	239, 144, 156
RGB Percent	94%, 56%, 61%
CMY	0.0627, 0.4353, 0.3882
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.35, 0.06
HSL	352°, 75%, 75%
HSV	352°, 40%, 94%
XYZ	51.5706, 40.6975, 36.5898
YIQ	173.7730, 52.7680, 23.8720

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

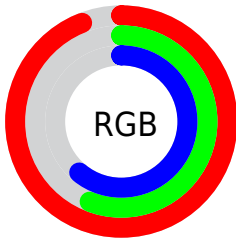
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	239, 144, 156
Decimal	15700124
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	69.96, 37.28, 9.17
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	70, 38.388, 13.813
Yxy	40.6975, 0.4002, 0.3158
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293890204 (0xFFEF909C)
YUV	173.7730, -8.7621, 57.2041
Hunter-Lab	63.7946, 32.6561, 10.6501

# Details

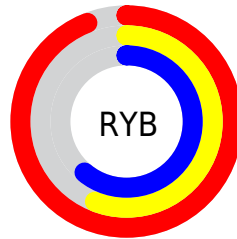
The YUV color **173.7730, -8.7621, 57.2041** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **209.2270, 8.7621, -57.2041**, and the grayscale version is **174.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **216.9980, -3.4500, 33.3278**, and **120.0930, -7.4408, 53.4154** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **157.2910, -10.9895, 71.6588**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **190.2550, -6.5347, 42.7494**.

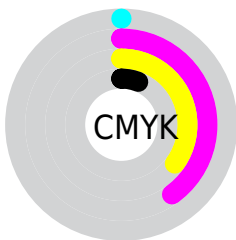
# Distribution



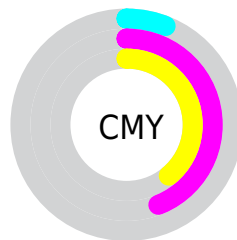
- Red (94%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (6%)




- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (39%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 173.7730, -8.7621, 57.2041 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 173.7730, -8.7621, 57.2041 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 173.7730, -8.7621,  
57.2041


 173.7730, -8.7621,  
57.2041


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 146.5770, -8.1725,  
54.7450


 216.9980, -3.4500,  
33.3278


 120.0930, -7.4408,  
53.4154

 236.7400, 1.1142,  
16.0140

 93.4240, -6.1250,  
51.3712

 67.7550, -4.8092,  
49.3269

 41.4390, -2.1884,  
48.7270

 22.7540, -3.3297,  
41.4347

 14.5800, -6.2019,

29.3093

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 173.7730, -8.7621,  
57.2041

■ 173.7730, -8.7621,  
57.2041

■ 157.2910,  
-10.9895, 71.6588

■ 190.2550, -6.5347,  
42.7494

■ 140.8090,  
-13.2168, 86.1135

■ 206.7370, -4.3073,  
28.2947

■ 124.3270,  
-15.4442, 100.5682

■ 223.2190, -2.0800,  
13.8399

■ 107.8450,  
-17.6716, 115.0229

■ 239.7010, 0.1474,  
-0.6148

■ 92.0640, -19.7516,  
128.8629

■ 250.2160, 2.3585,  
-9.8364

■ 75.5820, -21.9789,  
143.3176

■ 74.8810, -22.1263,  
143.9324

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



175.3490, 7.7159, 45.2979



173.7730, -8.7621, 57.2041



172.1410, -23.7335, 52.4963

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



173.7730, -8.7621, 57.2041



162.5480, -21.4692, -20.6516



158.3920, 38.7537, -63.4878

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



173.7730, -8.7621, 57.2041



209.2270, 8.7621, -57.2041

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



139.1060, 38.8947, -108.8410



173.7730, -8.7621, 57.2041



155.8610, -2.8895, -53.3751

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



173.7730, -8.7621, 57.2041



166.9880, -32.0391, 9.6575



144.9930, 20.2165, -91.2019



170.2880, 33.3820, -20.4236



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



173.7730, -8.7621, 57.2041



170.6530, -30.3949, 42.4003



144.9930, 20.2165, -91.2019



152.8200, 39.5287, -78.7721

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



173.7730, -8.7621, 57.2041



233.7250, -2.8224, 18.6582



179.3480, 29.4084, 40.9138



115.6100, -1.7797, 10.8660



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



173.7730, -8.7621, 57.2041



171.1880, -11.4317, 73.5031



192.9500, -24.1323, 40.3859



111.7020, -1.3321, 7.2773



57.6380, -17.0765, 110.8195



17.5420, -5.1972, 33.7277



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



173.7730, -8.7621, 57.2041



171.1880, -11.4317, 73.5031



190.0500, 24.1324, -40.3858



111.7020, -1.3321, 7.2773



57.6380, -17.0765, 110.8195



17.5420, -5.1972, 33.7277



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 173.7730, -8.7621, 57.2041 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

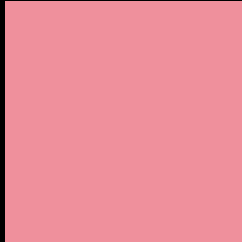
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 173.7730, -8.7621, 57.2041 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

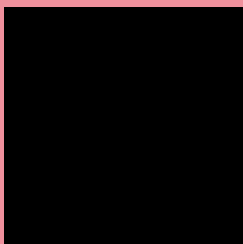
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 173.7730, -8.7621, 57.2041

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 173.7730, -8.7621, 57.2041.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 173.7730, -8.7621,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

173.7730, -8.7621, 57.2041

### Protanopia

172.1960, -0.5896, 2.4591

### Deuteranopia

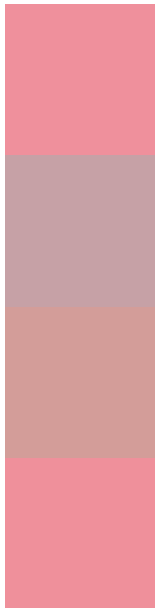
172.4880, -10.1006, 19.7430



## Tritanopia

173.6590, -9.1989, 57.3041

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

173.7730, -8.7621, 57.2041

## Protanomaly

172.6330, -3.2701, 22.2469

## Deuteranomaly

172.6900, -9.7072, 33.5979

## Tritanomaly

173.6590, -9.1989, 57.3041

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

173.7730, -8.7621, 57.2041

## Achromatopsia

174.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

173.9210, -3.4121, 21.1173

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 173.7730, -8.7621, 57.2041 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(239, 144, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(239, 144, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 144, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(239, 144, 156) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 173.7730, -8.7621, 57.2041 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(239, 144, 156) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(239, 144, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 144, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(239, 144, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 144, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 144,  
156) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 173.7730, -8.7621, 57.2041 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(239, 144, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(239,  
144, 156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor