

Converting Colors

YUV(173.7800, -2.8495,
27.3799)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(173.7800, -2.8495, 27.3799)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(173.7800, -2.8495,
27.3799)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CD9FA8
RGB	205, 159, 168
RGB Percent	80%, 62%, 66%
CMY	0.1961, 0.3765, 0.3412
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.18, 0.20
HSL	348°, 32%, 71%
HSV	348°, 22%, 80%
XYZ	44.6429, 40.6026, 42.5299
YIQ	173.7800, 24.5270, 12.5510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

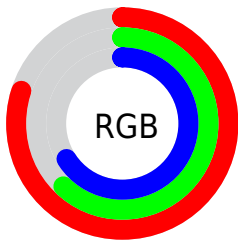
Format	Color
R _Y B	205, 159, 168
Decimal	13475752
CIE Lab	69.90, 18.42, 1.90
CIE LCh	70, 18.518, 5.887
Yxy	40.6026, 0.3494, 0.3178
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291665832 (0xFFCD9FA8)
YUV	173.7800, -2.8495, 27.3799
Hunter-Lab	63.7201, 13.5483, 5.0311

Details

The YUV color $173.7800, -2.8495, 27.3799$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CC9999$. A complement of this color would be $190.2200, 2.8495, -27.3799$, and the grayscale version is $174.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $227.2850, -2.1125, 24.3061$, and $120.8830, -2.4073, 25.5356$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $160.2160, -4.0505, 39.2756$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $187.9310, -1.9380, 14.9695$.

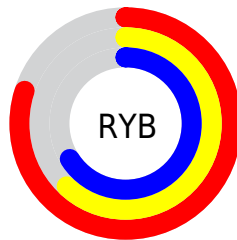
Distribution



Red (80%)

Green (62%)

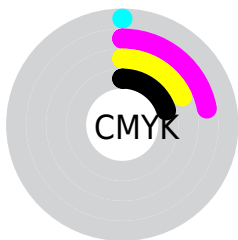
Blue (66%)



Red (80%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (66%)

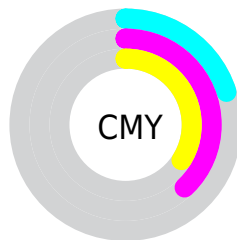


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (20%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (34%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 173.7800, -2.8495, 27.3799 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 173.7800, -2.8495, 27.3799 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 173.7800, -2.8495,
27.3799

■ 173.7800, -2.8495,
27.3799

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 147.1820, -2.5547,
26.1504

■ 227.2850, -2.1125,
24.3061

■ 120.8830, -2.4073,
25.5356

■ 247.0270, 2.4517,
6.9923

■ 96.2850, -2.1125,
24.3061

■ 71.6870, -1.8177,
23.0765

■ 49.0890, -1.5229,
21.8469

■ 27.1920, -1.0807,
20.0026

■ 9.6820, -4.2802,

19.5729

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 173.7800, -2.8495,
27.3799

■ 173.7800, -2.8495,
27.3799

■ 160.2160, -4.0505,
39.2756

■ 187.9310, -1.9380,
14.9695

■ 145.9510, -5.3988,
51.7860

■ 201.6090, -0.3002,
2.9739

■ 132.3870, -6.5998,
63.6816

■ 215.7600, 0.6113,
-9.4365

■ 118.1220, -7.9481,
76.1920

■ 229.4380, 2.2491,
-21.4321

■ 104.5580, -9.1491,
88.0876

■ 239.4800, 5.1864,
-30.2390

■ 90.2930, -10.4974,
100.5980

■ 240.0500, 7.3704,
-30.7388

■ 76.7290, -11.6984,
112.4937

■ 65.8550, -12.7465,
122.0302

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



174.2010, 5.3239, 19.1177



173.7800, -2.8495, 27.3799



173.1300, -10.4171, 27.9500

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



173.7800, -2.8495, 27.3799



168.0520, -12.3506, -5.3076



166.8900, 16.8162, -27.0905

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



173.7800, -2.8495, 27.3799



190.2200, 2.8495, -27.3799

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



164.9940, 12.3280, -34.1977



173.7800, -2.8495, 27.3799



165.7280, -4.3029, -19.9325

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



173.7800, -2.8495, 27.3799



170.1140, -16.3252, 9.5470



164.6540, 4.6076, -31.2686



170.2770, 16.6254, -12.5209

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



173.7800, -2.8495, 27.3799



171.8970, -13.7532, 24.6463



164.6540, 4.6076, -31.2686



166.2270, 15.6641, -30.8941

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



173.7800, -2.8495, 27.3799



242.8380, -0.9061, 10.6661



175.3070, 14.6386, 18.1478



120.5170, -0.7479, 6.5626



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



173.7800, -2.8495, 27.3799



208.2270, -4.0559, 41.0199



180.9720, -10.8322, 21.0726



95.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478



53.2820, -10.4920, 98.8537



12.1600, -2.5439, 22.6617

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



173.7800, -2.8495, 27.3799



208.2270, -4.0559, 41.0199



183.0280, 10.8322, -21.0726



95.2180, -0.6005, 5.9478



53.2820, -10.4920, 98.8537



12.1600, -2.5439, 22.6617

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 173.7800, -2.8495, 27.3799 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 173.7800, -2.8495, 27.3799 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

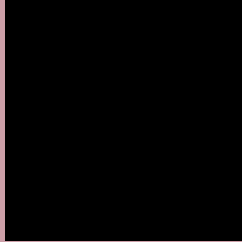
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 173.7800, -2.8495, 27.3799

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 173.7800, -2.8495, 27.3799.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 173.7800, -2.8495,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

173.7800, -2.8495, 27.3799

Protanopia

171.3530, 1.3050, 1.4444

Deuteranopia

172.4040, -2.6642, 14.5547



Tritanopia

174.1220, -1.5391, 27.0800

Trichromacy



Original Color

173.7800, -2.8495, 27.3799

Protanomaly

172.3650, -0.1799, 11.0809

Deuteranomaly

173.0240, -2.9698, 19.2730

Tritanomaly

174.0080, -1.9759, 27.1800

Monochromacy



Original Color

173.7800, -2.8495, 27.3799

Achromatopsia

174.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

174.1260, -1.0481, 9.5365

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 173.7800, -2.8495, 27.3799 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 159, 168)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 159, 168)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 159, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 159, 168) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 173.7800, -2.8495, 27.3799 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

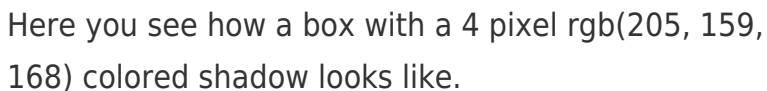
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 159, 168) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 159, 168) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 159, 168)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 159, 168); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 159, 168); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 159, 168) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 173.7800, -2.8495, 27.3799 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 159, 168) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
159, 168) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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