

Converting Colors

YUV(173.8050, -14.2009,
28.2350)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(173.8050, -14.2009, 28.2350)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(173.8050, -14.2009,
28.2350)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CEA391
RGB	206, 163, 145
RGB Percent	81%, 64%, 57%
CMY	0.1922, 0.3608, 0.4314
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.30, 0.19
HSL	18°, 38%, 69%
HSV	18°, 30%, 81%
XYZ	43.6616, 41.3605, 32.4702
YIQ	173.8050, 31.4060, 3.5180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

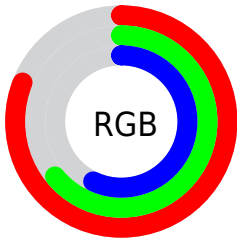
Format	Color
R _Y B	206, 171, 145
Decimal	13542289
CIE Lab	70.43, 13.26, 15.39
CIE LCh	70, 20.318, 49.254
Yxy	41.3605, 0.3716, 0.3520
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291732369 (0xFFCEA391)
YUV	173.8050, -14.2009, 28.2350
Hunter-Lab	64.3122, 8.6377, 15.0839

Details

The YUV color $173.8050, -14.2009, 28.2350$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CC9999$. A complement of this color would be $177.1950, 14.2009, -28.2350$, and the grayscale version is $174.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $226.8970, -13.7532, 24.6463$, and $121.1360, -12.8850, 26.1907$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $162.6060, -19.0328, 38.0565$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $185.0040, -9.3690, 18.4135$.

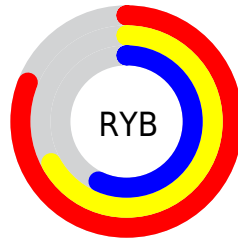
Distribution



Red (81%)

Green (64%)

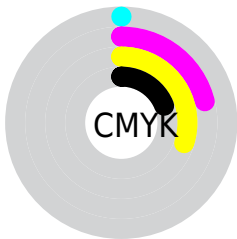
Blue (57%)



Red (81%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (57%)

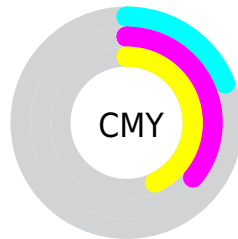


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (19%)



Cyan (19%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 173.8050, -14.2009, 28.2350 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 173.8050, -14.2009, 28.2350 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 173.8050,
-14.2009, 28.2350

■ 173.8050,
-14.2009, 28.2350

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 147.2070,
-13.9061, 27.0055

■ 226.8970,
-13.7532, 24.6463

■ 121.1360,
-12.8850, 26.1907

■ 246.5250, -9.6258,
7.4326

■ 96.2390, -12.4428,
24.3464

■ 71.7550, -11.7112,
23.0169

■ 48.9720, -10.8322,
21.0726

■ 26.8040, -12.7214,
20.3429

■ 8.0730, -3.9800,

16.5990

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

173.8050,
-14.2009, 28.2350

173.8050,
-14.2009, 28.2350

162.6060,
-19.0328, 38.0565

185.0040, -9.3690,
18.4135

152.1080,
-23.7172, 47.2633

195.5020, -4.6845,
9.2067

140.9090,
-28.5491, 57.0848

206.7010, 0.1474,
-0.6148

130.4110,
-33.2336, 66.2916

217.1990, 4.8319,
-9.8215

119.2120,
-38.0655, 76.1131

228.3980, 9.6638,
-19.6430

■ 108.6000,
-43.1868, 85.4198

■ 237.4140, 8.6699,
-27.5501

■ 97.5150, -47.5819,
95.1413

■ 240.3490, 7.2229,
-30.1241

■ 97.4010, -48.0187,
95.2413

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



175.3630, -7.0810, 31.2536



173.8050, -14.2009, 28.2350



172.4140, -17.9521, 18.0539

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



173.8050, -14.2009, 28.2350



165.4110, -0.2026, -28.4244



173.3210, 16.6037, -5.5435

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



173.8050, -14.2009, 28.2350



177.1950, 14.2009, -28.2350

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



169.4820, 18.9894, -24.1017



173.8050, -14.2009, 28.2350



164.8750, 9.4286, -37.6014

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



173.8050, -14.2009, 28.2350



168.2790, -9.9975, -13.3997



166.4220, 16.5540, -36.3271



175.4220, 10.1450, 12.7849

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



173.8050, -14.2009, 28.2350



171.1740, -17.3408, 8.6174



166.4220, 16.5540, -36.3271



171.9180, 17.7884, -12.2061

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



173.8050, -14.2009, 28.2350



242.9860, -5.4161, 10.5363



168.2550, 10.2273, 33.1024



120.4200, -3.6581, 6.6477



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



173.8050, -14.2009, 28.2350



206.3570, -21.3750, 42.6599



191.4150, -22.8826, 12.7910



96.7510, -2.3422, 4.6034



78.3970, -38.6497, 76.8278



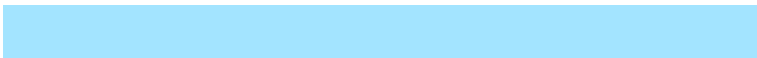
17.8190, -8.7848, 17.6987

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



177.1950, 14.2009, -28.2350



211.6430, 21.3750, -42.6599



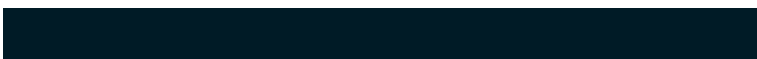
159.5850, 22.8826, -12.7910



97.2490, 2.3422, -4.6034



87.6030, 38.6497, -76.8278



20.1810, 8.7848, -17.6987

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 173.8050, -14.2009, 28.2350 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

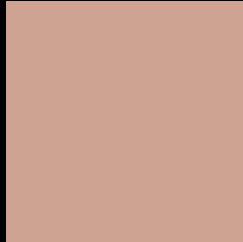
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 173.8050, -14.2009, 28.2350 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

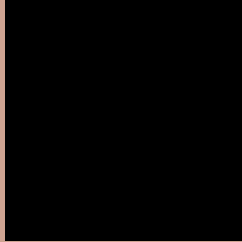
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 173.8050, -14.2009, 28.2350

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 173.8050, -14.2009, 28.2350.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 173.8050, -14.2009, 28.2350.

28.2350.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

173.8050, -14.2009, 28.2350

Protanopia

172.0690, -11.3730, 7.8325

Deuteranopia

173.3590, -14.4740, 22.4872



Tritanopia

175.3180, -2.1288, 29.5391

Trichromacy



Original Color

173.8050, -14.2009, 28.2350

Protanomaly

172.8850, -12.2683, 15.0099

Deuteranomaly

173.6690, -14.6268, 24.8463

Tritanomaly

174.5800, -6.2019, 29.3093

Monochromacy



Original Color

173.8050, -14.2009, 28.2350

Achromatopsia

174.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

173.9860, -5.4161, 10.5363

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 173.8050, -14.2009, 28.2350 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(206, 163, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 163, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 163, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 163, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 173.8050, -14.2009, 28.2350 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 163, 145) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 163, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(206, 163, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(206, 163, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 163, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 163,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 173.8050, -14.2009, 28.2350 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 163, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
163, 145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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