

# Converting Colors

YUV(173.8530, -7.3225,  
-31.4431)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(173.8530, -7.3225, -31.4431)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(173.8530, -7.3225,  
-31.4431)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8AC39F
RGB	138, 195, 159
RGB Percent	54%, 76%, 62%
CMY	0.4588, 0.2353, 0.3765
CMYK	0.29, 0.00, 0.18, 0.24
HSL	142°, 32%, 65%
HSV	142°, 29%, 76%
XYZ	36.2543, 46.9367, 39.9498
YIQ	173.8530, -22.4160, -23.2800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

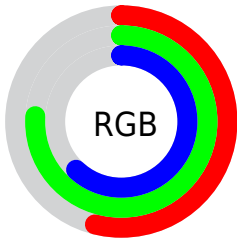
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	138, 180, 195
Decimal	9094047
CIELab	74.15, -25.96, 12.25
CIElCh	74, 28.706, 154.739
Yxy	46.9367, 0.2944, 0.3812
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287284127 (0xFF8AC39F)
YUV	173.8530, -7.3225, -31.4431
Hunter-Lab	68.5104, -25.4344, 13.3841

# Details

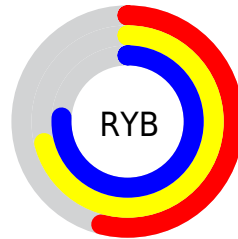
The YUV color **173.8530, -7.3225, -31.4431** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **159.1470, 7.3225, 31.4431**, and the grayscale version is **174.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **230.0270, -7.9013, -32.4727**, and **120.7930, -6.3069, -30.5135** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **166.5050, -9.6160, -42.5389**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **181.2010, -5.0291, -20.3473**.

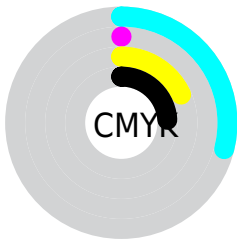
# Distribution



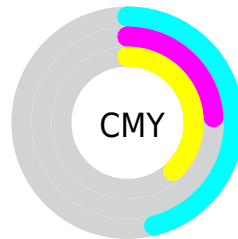
- Red (54%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (38%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 173.8530, -7.3225, -31.4431 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 173.8530, -7.3225, -31.4431 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 173.8530, -7.3225,  
-31.4431

■ 173.8530, -7.3225,  
-31.4431

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 147.2660, -7.0331,  
-30.9283

■ 230.0270, -7.9013,  
-32.4727

■ 120.7930, -6.3069,  
-30.5135

■ 243.3520, -0.6665,  
-19.6027

■ 95.2060, -6.0176,  
-29.9987

■ 253.5050, 0.7370,  
-3.0739

■ 70.4340, -5.1440,  
-30.1986

■ 45.7540, -3.8227,  
-33.9873

■ 27.8800, -4.8708,  
-24.4508

■ 13.5010, -6.6560,

-11.8404

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 173.8530, -7.3225,  
-31.4431

■ 173.8530, -7.3225,  
-31.4431

■ 166.5050, -9.6160,  
-42.5389

■ 181.2010, -5.0291,  
-20.3473

■ 159.3420,  
-12.4936, -52.9199

■ 188.3640, -2.1515,  
-9.9662

■ 151.9940,  
-14.7870, -64.0157

■ 195.4130, 0.2894,  
0.5148

■ 144.9450,  
-17.2279, -74.4968

■ 202.7610, 2.5828,  
11.6106

■ 137.7820,  
-20.1055, -84.8778

■ 209.9240, 5.4605,  
21.9917

■ 130.4340,  
-22.3990, -95.9736

■ 217.2720, 7.7539,  
33.0875

■ 123.3850,  
-24.8398, -106.4546

■ 218.6400, 12.9955,  
31.8877

■ 122.6730,  
-24.9818, -107.5842

■ 219.7800, 17.3635,  
30.8879

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



177.4940, -19.4705, -8.3262



173.8530, -7.3225, -31.4431



170.3310, 7.7248, -51.1563

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



173.8530, -7.3225, -31.4431



180.4420, 26.4041, -22.3126



184.9640, -15.2653, 43.0046

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



173.8530, -7.3225, -31.4431



159.1470, 7.3225, 31.4431

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



186.0530, -3.4771, 42.0495



173.8530, -7.3225, -31.4431



185.3100, 20.0602, 5.8671

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



173.8530, -7.3225, -31.4431



174.1030, 27.0642, -47.4483



186.5920, 9.0751, 29.2988



182.7210, -23.5265, 32.6937



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



173.8530, -7.3225, -31.4431



169.2790, 16.6245, -59.0037



186.5920, 9.0751, 29.2988



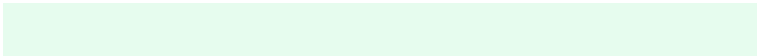
185.1860, -11.9237, 44.5639

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



173.8530, -7.3225, -31.4431



243.8260, -2.8722, -12.1254



182.2230, -21.8019, -7.2116



122.4890, -1.7201, -8.3219



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

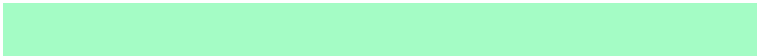


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



173.8530, -7.3225, -31.4431



219.4180, -11.0521, -48.6016



177.0450, 4.9078, -34.2425



93.3260, -1.1467, -5.5479



101.2330, -20.8209, -88.7813



20.7390, -4.3083, -18.1881



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



159.1470, 7.3225, 31.4431



196.6960, 11.4889, 48.5016



155.9550, -4.9078, 34.2425



90.6740, 1.1467, 5.5479



59.6530, 20.3841, 88.8813



12.2610, 4.3083, 18.1881



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 173.8530, -7.3225, -31.4431 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

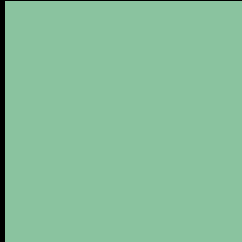
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 173.8530, -7.3225, -31.4431 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 173.8530, -7.3225, -31.4431

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 173.8530, -7.3225, -31.4431.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 173.8530, -7.3225, -31.4431.

-31.4431.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

173.8530, -7.3225, -31.4431

### Protanopia

180.9830, -14.2886, 9.6619

### Deuteranopia

182.9010, -9.8112, 20.2578



## Tritanopia

178.1520, 12.7431, -27.3203

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

173.8530, -7.3225, -31.4431

## Protanomaly

178.2800, -11.4770, -5.5076

## Deuteranomaly

179.4210, -8.5886, 1.3848

## Tritanomaly

176.6050, 5.6177, -28.5946

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

173.8530, -7.3225, -31.4431

## Achromatopsia

174.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

174.2390, -2.5828, -11.6106

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 173.8530, -7.3225, -31.4431 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 195, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 195, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 195, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 195, 159) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 173.8530, -7.3225, -31.4431 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 195, 159) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 195, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(138, 195, 159)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 195, 159); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 195, 159); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 195, 159) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 173.8530, -7.3225, -31.4431 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 195, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138,  
195, 159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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