

# Converting Colors

YUV(173.9690, 6.9173,  
-25.4058)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(173.9690, 6.9173, -25.4058)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(173.9690, 6.9173,  
-25.4058)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	91BABC
RGB	145, 186, 188
RGB Percent	57%, 73%, 74%
CMY	0.4314, 0.2706, 0.2627
CMYK	0.23, 0.01, 0.00, 0.26
HSL	183°, 24%, 65%
HSV	183°, 23%, 74%
XYZ	38.3131, 44.7684, 54.1988
YIQ	173.9690, -25.0780, -8.0700

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

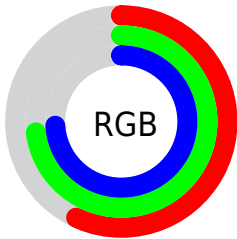
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	145, 166, 188
Decimal	9550524
CIELab	72.74, -13.15, -5.51
CIELCh	73, 14.251, 202.725
Yxy	44.7684, 0.2791, 0.3261
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287740604 (0xFF91BABC)
YUV	173.9690, 6.9173, -25.4058
Hunter-Lab	66.9092, -14.8797, -1.1906

# Details

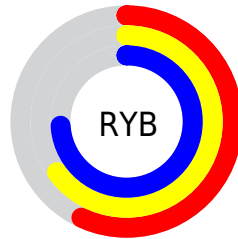
The YUV color  $173.9690, 6.9173, -25.4058$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $99CCCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $159.0310, -6.9173, 25.4058$ , and the grayscale version is  $174.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $229.6700, 7.0647, -26.0206$ , and  $121.2680, 6.7699, -24.7910$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $167.7010, 10.0074, -36.5718$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $180.2370, 3.8272, -14.2398$ .

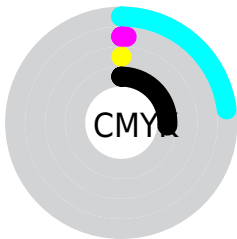
# Distribution



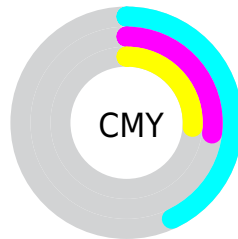
- Red (57%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (26%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 173.9690, 6.9173, -25.4058 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 173.9690, 6.9173, -25.4058 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 173.9690, 6.9173,  
-25.4058

■ 173.9690, 6.9173,  
-25.4058

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 147.2680, 6.7699,  
-24.7910

■ 229.6700, 7.0647,  
-26.0206

■ 121.2680, 6.7699,  
-24.7910

■ 246.9270, 3.9800,  
-16.5990

■ 96.2680, 6.7699,  
-24.7910

■ 71.5670, 6.6225,  
-24.1763

■ 48.2680, 6.7699,  
-24.7910

■ 26.8660, 6.4751,  
-23.5615

■ 12.8460, 3.5269,

-11.2659

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 173.9690, 6.9173,  
-25.4058

■ 173.9690, 6.9173,  
-25.4058

■ 167.7010, 10.0074,  
-36.5718

■ 180.2370, 3.8272,  
-14.2398

■ 161.4330, 13.0975,  
-47.7377

■ 186.5050, 0.7370,  
-3.0739

■ 155.4640, 16.0402,  
-58.2889

■ 192.4740, -2.2057,  
7.4773

■ 149.7830, 18.8410,  
-69.9697

■ 198.1550, -5.0064,  
19.1581

■ 143.5150, 21.9311,  
-81.1357

■ 204.4230, -8.0965,  
30.3240

■ 137.2470, 25.0212,  
-92.3016

■ 209.7940,  
-10.7444, 39.6457

■ 130.9790, 28.1114,  
-103.4676

■ 210.3810,  
-11.0338, 39.1309

■ 126.5050, 30.3170,  
-110.9449

■ 210.9680,  
-11.3232, 38.6161

■ 211.5550,  
-11.6126, 38.1013

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



174.2810, 0.3545, -20.4174



173.9690, 6.9173, -25.4058



174.9460, 11.8586, -23.6316

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



173.9690, 6.9173, -25.4058



180.7870, 6.5140, 10.7108



178.1620, -12.4049, 12.1359

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



173.9690, 6.9173, -25.4058



159.0310, -6.9173, 25.4058

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



179.3740, -10.5374, 19.8430



173.9690, 6.9173, -25.4058



181.2350, 0.3771, 19.0879

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



173.9690, 6.9173, -25.4058



179.2630, 11.2093, -1.9847



180.6500, -5.7434, 22.2320



177.0250, -11.3513, 0.8551



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



173.9690, 6.9173, -25.4058



176.6200, 13.0053, -18.0837



180.6500, -5.7434, 22.2320



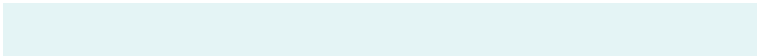
178.8850, -12.2683, 15.0099

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



173.9690, 6.9173, -25.4058



239.3300, 2.7953, -9.9364



170.3550, -12.0070, -22.2363



119.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



250.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



122.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



173.9690, 6.9173, -25.4058



223.5050, 10.5970, -39.0309



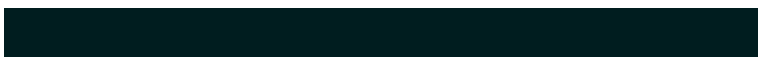
161.6420, 12.9945, -14.5950



91.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



106.6490, 25.3160, -93.5312



20.5570, 5.1484, -18.0285



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



162.5310, 11.5702, 22.3363



205.9160, 17.7894, 34.2767



171.3580, -12.9945, 14.5950



88.7170, 2.6045, 4.6332



64.4560, 42.6662, 82.0381



12.5750, 8.0975, 16.1587



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 173.9690, 6.9173, -25.4058 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

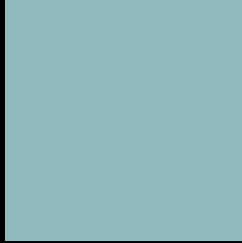
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 173.9690, 6.9173, -25.4058 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

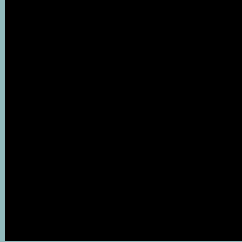
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 173.9690, 6.9173, -25.4058

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 173.9690, 6.9173, -25.4058.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 173.9690, 6.9173,

-25.4058.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

173.9690, 6.9173, -25.4058

### Protanopia

178.5810, 2.1786, 1.2445

### Deuteranopia

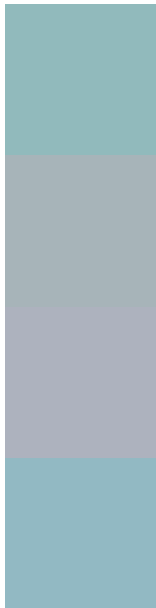
179.8360, 5.5039, 8.0368



## Tritanopia

174.6470, 12.0060, -24.2464

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

173.9690, 6.9173, -25.4058

## Protanomaly

176.6830, 4.1003, -8.4920

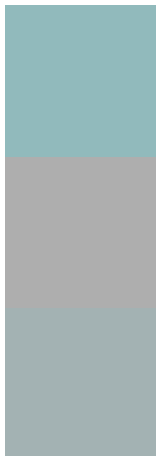
## Deuteranomaly

177.8730, 5.9786, -4.2736

## Tritanomaly

174.4790, 10.1169, -24.9761

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

173.9690, 6.9173, -25.4058

## Achromatopsia

174.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

173.6290, 2.6479, -9.3216

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 173.9690, 6.9173, -25.4058 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 186, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 186, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 186, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 186, 188) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 173.9690, 6.9173, -25.4058 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 186, 188) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 186, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 186, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 186, 188); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 186, 188);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 186,  
188) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 173.9690, 6.9173, -25.4058 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 186, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
186, 188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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