

# Converting Colors

YUV(174.0300, 24.1422,  
-90.3573)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(174.0300, 24.1422, -90.3573)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(174.0300, 24.1422,  
-90.3573)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	47D9DF
RGB	71, 217, 223
RGB Percent	28%, 85%, 87%
CMY	0.7216, 0.1490, 0.1255
CMYK	0.68, 0.03, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	182°, 70%, 58%
HSV	182°, 68%, 87%
XYZ	40.7307, 56.2930, 78.5309
YIQ	174.0300, -88.9420, -29.0860

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

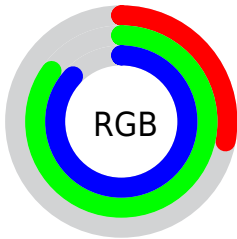
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	71, 145, 223
Decimal	4708831
CIELab	79.78, -35.88, -14.22
CIELCh	80, 38.599, 201.618
Yxy	56.2930, 0.2320, 0.3207
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282898911 (0xFF47D9DF)
YUV	174.0300, 24.1422, -90.3573
Hunter-Lab	75.0287, -34.3982, -9.5375

# Details

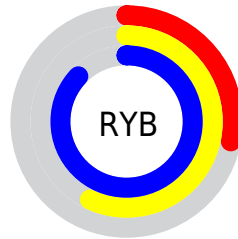
The YUV color **174.0300, 24.1422, -90.3573** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCCC**. The color can be described as light muted cyan. A complement of this color would be **119.9700, -24.1422, 90.3573**, and the grayscale version is **174.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **220.3160, 17.0992, -71.3141**, and **114.2460, 26.5007, -100.1937** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **166.8650, 27.6746, -103.3676**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **181.1950, 20.6099, -77.3470**.

# Distribution



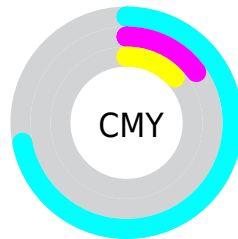
- Red (28%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (28%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (68%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (72%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 174.0300, 24.1422, -90.3573 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 174.0300, 24.1422, -90.3573 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 174.0300, 24.1422,  
-90.3573

■ 174.0300, 24.1422,  
-90.3573

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 138.5550, 27.8274,  
-105.7267

■ 220.3160, 17.0992,  
-71.3141

■ 114.2460, 26.5007,  
-100.1937

■ 229.5850, 12.5296,  
-52.2560

■ 95.3190, 22.5207,  
-83.5948

■ 238.8540, 7.9600,  
-33.1980

■ 77.2070, 19.1249,  
-67.7105

■ 247.8240, 3.5378,  
-14.7546

■ 59.6820, 15.4398,  
-52.3411

■ 42.9720, 12.3388,  
-37.6864

■ 28.1370, 8.8065,

-24.6761

■ 3.5510, 11.0674,  
-3.1142

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 174.0300, 24.1422,  
-90.3573

■ 174.0300, 24.1422,  
-90.3573

■ 166.8650, 27.6746,  
-103.3676

■ 181.1950, 20.6099,  
-77.3470

■ 159.4010, 31.3543,  
-116.9927

■ 188.6590, 16.9301,  
-63.7219

■ 152.2360, 34.8867,  
-130.0030

■ 195.8240, 13.3978,  
-50.7116

■ 151.0400, 35.4763,  
-132.4621

■ 202.9890, 9.8654,  
-37.7014

■ 209.8660, 6.4751,  
-23.5615

■ 217.0310, 2.9427,  
-10.5512

■ 224.1960, -0.5896,  
2.4591

■ 231.3610, -4.1220,  
15.4694

■ 233.7420, -5.2958,  
18.6433

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



181.4730, 2.2318, -62.6818



174.0300, 24.1422, -90.3573



177.4940, 37.2245, -86.3792

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



174.0300, 24.1422, -90.3573



202.7410, 19.8477, 27.4141



196.2510, -34.1407, 30.4749

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



174.0300, 24.1422, -90.3573



119.9700, -24.1422, 90.3573

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



198.2070, -27.2171, 49.8075



174.0300, 24.1422, -90.3573



200.4480, 4.2161, 47.8421

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



174.0300, 24.1422, -90.3573



197.9860, 28.1079, -8.7577



196.3440, -11.5086, 51.4413



193.1720, -31.1438, 2.4802



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



174.0300, 24.1422, -90.3573



184.6540, 34.6806, -63.7176



196.3440, -11.5086, 51.4413



197.2350, -33.1469, 38.3819

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



174.0300, 24.1422, -90.3573



238.5770, 8.0965, -30.3240



160.7940, -41.8034, -78.7493



117.5570, 5.1484, -18.0285



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



174.0300, 24.1422, -90.3573



187.8130, 33.1232, -124.3700



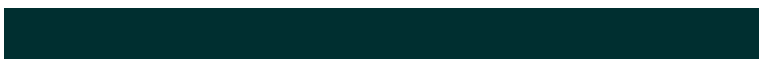
130.0050, 45.8465, -51.7474



108.7110, 1.6215, -6.7625



119.2670, 27.9694, -104.5972



33.0610, 7.3649, -28.9945



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



133.0920, 41.3666, 78.8493



131.4050, 56.9883, 108.3928



163.9950, -45.8465, 51.7474



105.5430, 3.1833, 5.6628



71.8900, 47.8752, 91.3045

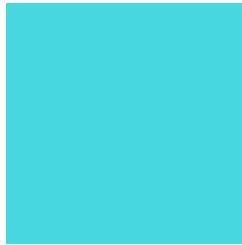


19.7100, 13.4540, 24.8103



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 174.0300, 24.1422, -90.3573 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

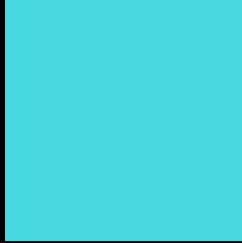
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 174.0300, 24.1422, -90.3573 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

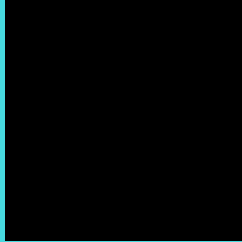
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

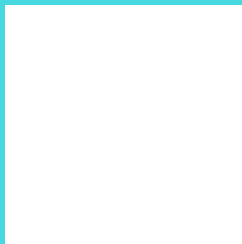
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 174.0300, 24.1422, -90.3573

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 174.0300, 24.1422, -90.3573.



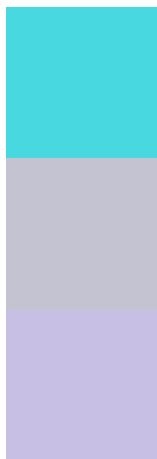
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 174.0300, 24.1422, -90.3573.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

174.0300, 24.1422, -90.3573

### Protanopia

196.8950, 5.9678, -0.7849

### Deuteranopia

198.0230, 15.2717, 1.7338



## Tritanopia

175.7900, 28.2045, -86.6388

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

174.0300, 24.1422, -90.3573



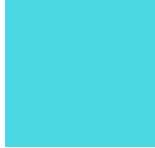
## Protanomaly

188.7060, 12.4699, -33.0682



## Deuteranomaly

189.0250, 18.7217, -31.5939



## Tritanomaly

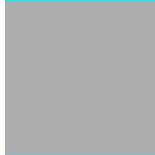
175.3230, 26.4628, -87.9833

# Monochromacy



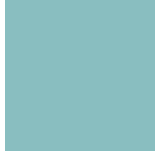
## Original Color

174.0300, 24.1422, -90.3573



## Achromatopsia

174.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

174.3810, 8.6862, -32.7831

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 174.0300, 24.1422, -90.3573 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(71, 217, 223)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(71, 217, 223)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(71, 217, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(71, 217, 223) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 174.0300, 24.1422, -90.3573 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(71, 217, 223) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(71, 217, 223) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(71, 217, 223)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(71, 217, 223); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 217, 223);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(71, 217,  
223) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 174.0300, 24.1422, -90.3573 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(71, 217, 223) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(71, 217,  
223) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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