

# Converting Colors

YUV(174.8910, -34.9493,  
9.7426)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(174.8910, -34.9493, 9.7426)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(174.8910, -34.9493,  
9.7426)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BAB768
RGB	186, 183, 104
RGB Percent	73%, 72%, 41%
CMY	0.2706, 0.2824, 0.5922
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.44, 0.27
HSL	58°, 37%, 57%
HSV	58°, 44%, 73%
XYZ	39.6819, 45.3056, 19.7501
YIQ	174.8910, 27.1470, -23.9330

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

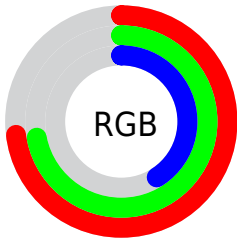
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	107, 186, 104
Decimal	12236648
CIELab	73.09, -10.32, 40.39
CIELCh	73, 41.692, 104.334
Yxy	45.3056, 0.3789, 0.4326
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290426728 (0xFFBAB768)
YUV	174.8910, -34.9493, 9.7426
Hunter-Lab	67.3094, -12.5578, 29.7196

# Details

The YUV color  $174.8910, -34.9493, 9.7426$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CCCC66$ . A complement of this color would be  $115.1090, 34.9493, -9.7426$ , and the grayscale version is  $175.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $230.8480, -36.4071, 10.6573$ , and  $121.6350, -33.3441, 8.2131$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $172.1380, -42.9590, 12.1570$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $177.6440, -26.9395, 7.3282$ .

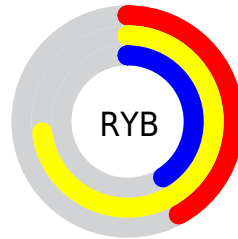
# Distribution



Red (73%)

Green (72%)

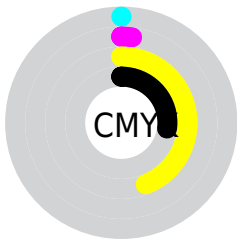
Blue (41%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (73%)

Blue (41%)

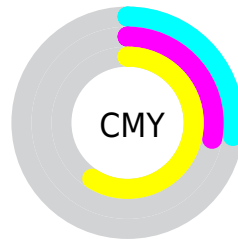


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (44%)

Black (27%)



Cyan (27%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (59%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 174.8910, -34.9493, 9.7426 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 174.8910, -34.9493, 9.7426 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 174.8910,  
-34.9493, 9.7426

■ 174.8910,  
-34.9493, 9.7426

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 147.8200,  
-33.9283, 8.9279

■ 230.8480,  
-36.4071, 10.6573

■ 121.6350,  
-33.3441, 8.2131

■ 246.9060,  
-31.0127, 7.0984

■ 96.4500, -32.7599,  
7.4983

■ 250.0980,  
-18.7823, 4.2991

■ 71.2820, -34.6490,  
6.7687

■ 253.4040, -6.1152,  
1.3997

■ 50.4910, -24.8921,  
3.9544

■ 30.6890, -15.1297,  
-0.6043

■ 9.9790, -4.9196,

-8.7516

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 174.8910,  
-34.9493, 9.7426

■ 174.8910,  
-34.9493, 9.7426

■ 172.1380,  
-42.9590, 12.1570

■ 177.6440,  
-26.9395, 7.3282

■ 170.0860,  
-50.8214, 13.9566

■ 179.6960,  
-19.0771, 5.5286

■ 167.3330,  
-58.8312, 16.3710

■ 182.4490,  
-11.0674, 3.1142

■ 164.6940,  
-66.4041, 18.6854

■ 185.0880, -3.4944,  
0.7998

■ 162.5280,  
-74.7033, 20.5849

■ 187.2540, 4.8048,  
-1.0998

■ 160.6870,  
-79.2187, 22.1995

■ 190.0070, 12.8145,  
-3.5141

■ 192.6460, 20.3875,  
-5.8285

■ 194.8120, 28.6867,  
-7.7281

■ 195.6270, 29.2709,  
-8.4429

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



177.9530, -35.4728, 37.7522



174.8910, -34.9493, 9.7426



170.0700, -23.2055, -23.7404

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



174.8910, -34.9493, 9.7426



142.0870, 44.3271, -124.6103



184.1970, 8.2839, 49.8162

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



174.8910, -34.9493, 9.7426



115.1090, 34.9493, -9.7426

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



184.2500, 24.5267, 19.9518



174.8910, -34.9493, 9.7426



164.4880, 43.1434, -71.4650

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



174.8910, -34.9493, 9.7426



144.0440, 26.1073, -114.0486



178.4880, 36.7344, -22.3530



182.4640, -10.0888, 62.7371



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



174.8910, -34.9493, 9.7426



165.3580, -10.0365, -47.6720



178.4880, 36.7344, -22.3530



184.6350, 13.9839, 41.5391

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



174.8910, -34.9493, 9.7426



237.8790, -13.2513, 3.6141



128.9740, -10.3402, 50.0118



119.8340, -8.2992, 1.8996



250.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



122.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



174.8910, -34.9493, 9.7426



225.0600, -54.7526, 14.8564



165.5890, -30.3634, -14.5486



90.3870, -3.6418, 1.4146



134.6940, -66.4041, 18.6854



24.2210, -11.9410, 3.3142



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



115.1090, 34.9493, -9.7426



131.5270, 54.4632, -15.3712



124.4110, 30.3634, 14.5486



84.0260, 3.9312, -0.8998



21.3060, 66.4041, -18.6854



3.7790, 11.9410, -3.3142



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 174.8910, -34.9493, 9.7426 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 174.8910, -34.9493, 9.7426 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

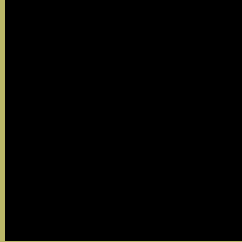
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 174.8910, -34.9493, 9.7426

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 174.8910, -34.9493, 9.7426.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 174.8910, -34.9493, 9.7426.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

174.8910, -34.9493, 9.7426

### Protanopia

175.7180, -35.8500, 18.6643

### Deuteranopia

177.7570, -34.8832, 35.2931



## Tritanopia

181.1740, 2.8722, 12.1254

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

174.8910, -34.9493, 9.7426

## Protanomaly

175.1090, -35.5497, 15.6904

## Deuteranomaly

176.4030, -34.7087, 25.9566

## Tritanomaly

179.2050, -10.9471, 11.2212

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

174.8910, -34.9493, 9.7426

## Achromatopsia

175.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

174.9930, -12.8145, 3.5141

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 174.8910, -34.9493, 9.7426 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 183, 104)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 183, 104)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 183, 104) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 183, 104) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 174.8910, -34.9493, 9.7426 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 183, 104) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 183, 104) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 183, 104)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 183, 104); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 183, 104);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 183,  
104) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 174.8910, -34.9493, 9.7426 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 183, 104) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
183, 104) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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