

# Converting Colors

YUV(175.8860, -43.8208,  
55.3510)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(175.8860, -43.8208, 55.3510)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(175.8860, -43.8208,  
55.3510)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EFA157
RGB	239, 161, 87
RGB Percent	94%, 63%, 34%
CMY	0.0627, 0.3686, 0.6588
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.64, 0.06
HSL	29°, 83%, 64%
HSV	29°, 64%, 94%
XYZ	50.0618, 44.5286, 14.9732
YIQ	175.8860, 70.2420, -6.4780

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

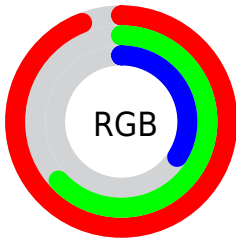
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	239, 231, 87
Decimal	15704407
CIE Lab	72.58, 21.98, 49.49
CIE LCh	73, 54.155, 66.052
Yxy	44.5286, 0.4569, 0.4064
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293894487 (0xFFEFA157)
YUV	175.8860, -43.8208, 55.3510
Hunter-Lab	66.7297, 17.1367, 33.4070

# Details

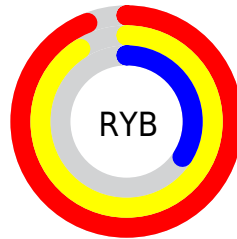
The YUV color **175.8860, -43.8208, 55.3510** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9966**. The color can be described as light muted orange. A complement of this color would be **150.1140, 43.8208, -55.3510**, and the grayscale version is **176.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **218.8830, -39.3823, 31.6746**, and **121.7220, -41.7679, 50.2328** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **166.1060, -50.8313, 63.9280**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **185.6660, -36.8103, 46.7739**.

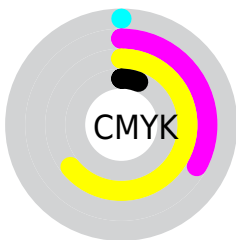
# Distribution



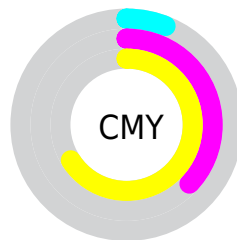
- Red (94%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (66%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 175.8860, -43.8208, 55.3510 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 175.8860, -43.8208, 55.3510 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



175.8860,  
-43.8208, 55.3510

175.8860,  
-43.8208, 55.3510

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

148.8040,  
-42.7944, 52.7919

218.8830,  
-39.3823, 31.6746

121.7220,  
-41.7679, 50.2328

238.3970,  
-35.6917, 14.5608

95.2440, -43.5043,  
47.1440

248.0460,  
-26.6447, 6.0987

71.9860, -35.4891,  
42.9853

251.2380,  
-14.4143, 3.2993

50.4010, -24.8477,  
36.4823

254.5440, -1.7472,  
0.3999

29.4140, -14.5011,  
31.2089

12.2590, -6.0437,

25.2059

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 175.8860,  
-43.8208, 55.3510

■ 175.8860,  
-43.8208, 55.3510

■ 166.1060,  
-50.8313, 63.9280

■ 185.6660,  
-36.8103, 46.7739

■ 155.7390,  
-57.5523, 73.0199

■ 196.0330,  
-30.0893, 37.6821

■ 145.9590,  
-64.5628, 81.5970

■ 205.8130,  
-23.0788, 29.1050

■ 139.5530,  
-68.7996, 87.2150

■ 215.5930,  
-16.0683, 20.5279

■ 225.2590, -9.4947,  
12.0509

■ 235.6260, -2.7736,  
2.9590

■ 245.4060, 4.2368,  
-5.6181

■ 250.2160, 2.3585,  
-9.8364

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



174.6810, -25.9717, 70.4398



175.8860, -43.8208, 55.3510



172.5260, -48.0803, 21.4637

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



175.8860, -43.8208, 55.3510



140.4790, 22.9349, -123.2001



181.8820, 36.0472, 11.5045

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



175.8860, -43.8208, 55.3510



150.1140, 43.8208, -55.3510

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



167.0220, 43.3732, -51.7623



175.8860, -43.8208, 55.3510



144.7770, 44.4799, -126.9694

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



175.8860, -43.8208, 55.3510



155.0300, -9.3818, -71.0633



142.9480, 55.2416, -125.3654



182.7600, 17.8663, 56.3385



# Rectangle

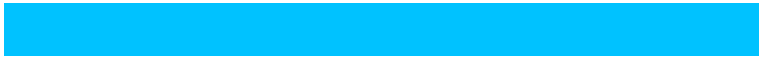
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



175.8860, -43.8208, 55.3510



169.0820, -41.4524, -4.4569



142.9480, 55.2416, -125.3654



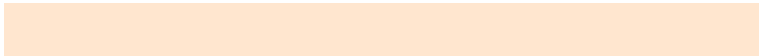
178.8150, 37.5592, -6.8538

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



175.8860, -43.8208, 55.3510



234.8530, -13.7315, 17.6689



141.4540, 12.1012, 85.5478



115.1880, -8.4737, 11.2361



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



175.8860, -43.8208, 55.3510



174.7710, -56.0891, 70.3608



219.9110, -65.5251, 16.7411



115.1100, -3.5052, 4.2885



107.2590, -52.8787, 67.3019



32.5930, -16.0683, 20.5279



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



150.1140, 43.8208, -55.3510



141.8160, 55.7997, -70.8756



106.0890, 65.5251, -16.7411



112.8900, 3.5052, -4.2885



76.1540, 53.1681, -66.7871



23.4070, 16.0683, -20.5279



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 175.8860, -43.8208, 55.3510 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 175.8860, -43.8208, 55.3510 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

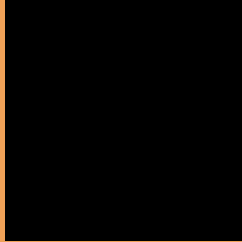
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 175.8860, -43.8208, 55.3510

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 175.8860, -43.8208, 55.3510.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 175.8860, -43.8208, 55.3510.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

175.8860, -43.8208, 55.3510

### Protanopia

174.5780, -40.2180, 19.6641

### Deuteranopia

175.2600, -44.4982, 39.2370



## Tritanopia

180.8760, -8.3199, 55.3597

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

175.8860, -43.8208, 55.3510

## Protanomaly

174.7260, -41.2769, 32.6893

## Deuteranomaly

175.7060, -44.2251, 44.9848

## Tritanomaly

178.8470, -21.1236, 55.3852

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

175.8860, -43.8208, 55.3510

## Achromatopsia

176.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

176.2940, -15.9209, 19.9132

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 175.8860, -43.8208, 55.3510 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(239, 161, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(239, 161, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 161, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(239, 161, 87) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 175.8860, -43.8208, 55.3510 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(239, 161, 87) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(239, 161, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 161, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(239, 161, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 161, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 161,  
87) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 175.8860, -43.8208, 55.3510 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(239, 161, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(239,  
161, 87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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