

# Converting Colors

YUV(176.0360, -41.4297,  
35.0484)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(176.0360, -41.4297, 35.0484)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(176.0360, -41.4297,  
35.0484)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D8AC5C
RGB	216, 172, 92
RGB Percent	85%, 67%, 36%
CMY	0.1529, 0.3255, 0.6392
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.57, 0.15
HSL	39°, 61%, 60%
HSV	39°, 57%, 85%
XYZ	45.0032, 44.8767, 16.4154
YIQ	176.0360, 51.9040, -15.5520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

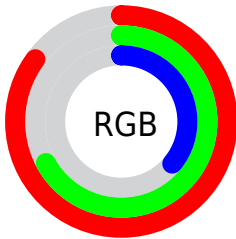
Format	Color
R <sub>YB</sub>	160, 216, 92
Decimal	14199900
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	72.81, 6.90, 46.68
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	73, 47.184, 81.588
Yxy	44.8767, 0.4234, 0.4222
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292389980 (0xFFD8AC5C)
YUV	176.0360, -41.4297, 35.0484
Hunter-Lab	66.9901, 2.6817, 32.3645

# Details

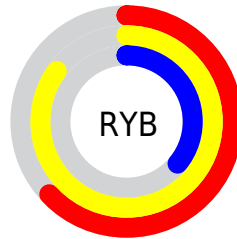
The YUV color **176.0360, -41.4297, 35.0484** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9933**. The color can be described as light muted orange. A complement of this color would be **131.9640, 41.4297, -35.0484**, and the grayscale version is **176.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **225.9100, -40.3816, 25.5119**, and **122.4700, -39.6717, 31.1598** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **168.8320, -48.7242, 41.3663**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **183.2400, -34.1353, 28.7305**.

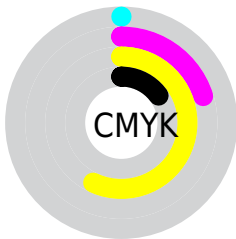
# Distribution



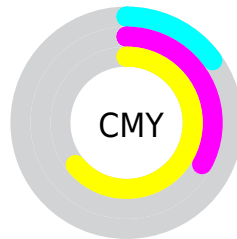
- Red (85%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (64%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 176.0360, -41.4297, 35.0484 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 176.0360, -41.4297, 35.0484 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 176.0360,  
-41.4297, 35.0484

■ 176.0360,  
-41.4297, 35.0484

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 149.2530,  
-40.5507, 33.1041

■ 225.9100,  
-40.3816, 25.5119

■ 122.4700,  
-39.6717, 31.1598

■ 245.4240,  
-36.6910, 8.3982

■ 96.2310, -40.5399,  
29.6154

■ 248.6160,  
-24.4607, 5.5988

■ 73.0610, -36.0191,  
26.2565

■ 251.9220,  
-11.7935, 2.6994

■ 52.0740, -25.6725,  
20.9831

■ 31.9730, -15.7627,  
15.8097

■ 10.1220, -4.9901,

13.9250

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 176.0360,  
-41.4297, 35.0484

■ 176.0360,  
-41.4297, 35.0484

■ 168.8320,  
-48.7242, 41.3663

■ 183.2400,  
-34.1353, 28.7305

■ 162.3290,  
-55.8712, 47.0695

■ 189.7430,  
-26.9883, 23.0274

■ 155.1250,  
-63.1656, 53.3874

■ 196.9470,  
-19.6939, 16.7095

■ 148.0350,  
-70.0233, 59.6053

■ 204.0370,  
-12.8362, 10.4916

■ 146.1770,  
-72.0653, 61.2348

■ 210.6540, -5.2524,  
4.6884

■ 217.8580, 2.0420,  
-1.6295

■ 224.9480, 8.8996,  
-7.8474

■ 230.4250, 12.1155,  
-12.6507

■ 235.1210, 9.8003,  
-16.7691

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



178.7800, -32.9225, 59.8289



176.0360, -41.4297, 35.0484



172.1520, -37.5429, 1.6207

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



176.0360, -41.4297, 35.0484



141.8130, 33.1232, -124.3700



184.2130, 24.0520, 32.2622

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



176.0360, -41.4297, 35.0484



131.9640, 41.4297, -35.0484

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



179.0700, 37.4335, -13.2164



176.0360, -41.4297, 35.0484



143.5690, 50.0055, -125.9100

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



176.0360, -41.4297, 35.0484



151.7580, 6.5283, -87.4878



162.4600, 45.6222, -73.1944



182.7640, 5.0463, 61.5970



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



176.0360, -41.4297, 35.0484



168.5170, -27.8629, -23.2554



162.4600, 45.6222, -73.1944



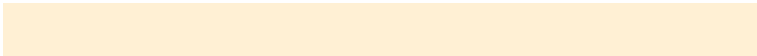
183.3190, 29.9157, 18.1372

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



176.0360, -41.4297, 35.0484



241.2930, -14.4414, 12.0210



134.2060, 1.3774, 71.7333



119.1660, -8.4628, 7.7474



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



176.0360, -41.4297, 35.0484



198.5420, -58.9342, 49.5137



196.7810, -51.6570, 1.9461



103.3980, -3.6472, 3.1590



115.6990, -57.0396, 48.4990



29.2930, -14.4414, 12.0210



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



131.9640, 41.4297, -35.0484



135.4580, 58.9342, -49.5137



111.2190, 51.6570, -1.9461



99.6020, 3.6472, -3.1590



55.3010, 57.0396, -48.4990



13.7070, 14.4414, -12.0210



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 176.0360, -41.4297, 35.0484 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

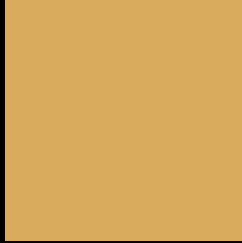
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 176.0360, -41.4297, 35.0484 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 176.0360, -41.4297, 35.0484 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 176.0360, -41.4297, 35.0484.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 176.0360, -41.4297, 35.0484.

35.0484.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

176.0360, -41.4297, 35.0484

### Protanopia

174.6920, -39.7812, 19.5641

### Deuteranopia

176.0580, -41.4406, 38.5371



## Tritanopia

182.3080, -3.6028, 35.6869

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

176.0360, -41.4297, 35.0484

## Protanomaly

174.9100, -40.3816, 25.5119

## Deuteranomaly

176.3460, -41.5826, 37.4076

## Tritanomaly

179.7520, -17.1327, 35.2975

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

176.0360, -41.4297, 35.0484

## Achromatopsia

176.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

176.3640, -15.4625, 12.8358

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 176.0360, -41.4297, 35.0484 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(216, 172, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 172, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 172, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 172, 92) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 176.0360, -41.4297, 35.0484 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 172, 92) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 172, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(216, 172, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(216, 172, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 172, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 172,  
92) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 176.0360, -41.4297, 35.0484 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 172, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216,  
172, 92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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