

Converting Colors

YUV(177.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(177.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(177.0110, -0.0054,
1.7444)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B3B0B1
RGB	179, 176, 177
RGB Percent	70%, 69%, 69%
CMY	0.2980, 0.3098, 0.3059
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.01, 0.30
HSL	340°, 2%, 70%
HSV	340°, 2%, 70%
XYZ	42.0516, 43.8087, 47.8345
YIQ	177.0110, 1.4670, 0.9470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

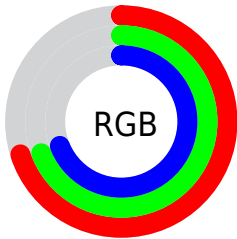
Format	Color
RYB	179, 176, 177
Decimal	11776177
CIELab	72.10, 1.25, -0.14
CIELCh	72, 1.259, 353.501
Yxy	43.8087, 0.3145, 0.3277
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289966257 (0xFFB3B0B1)
YUV	177.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444
Hunter-Lab	66.1881, -2.4222, 3.4825

Details

The YUV color $177.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $177.9890, 0.0054, -1.7444$, and the grayscale version is $177.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $233.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444$, and $124.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $165.0770, -0.0380, 12.2105$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $188.9450, 0.0271, -8.7218$.

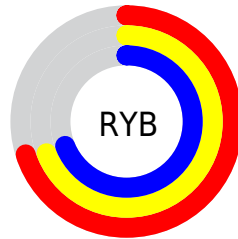
Distribution



Red (70%)

Green (69%)

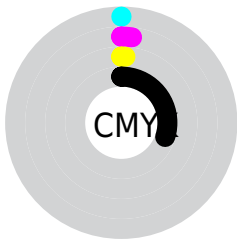
Blue (69%)



Red (70%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (69%)

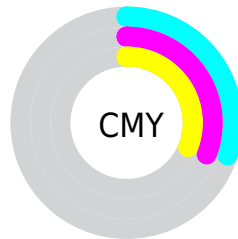


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (30%)



Cyan (30%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 177.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 177.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 177.0110, -0.0054,
1.7444

■ 177.0110, -0.0054,
1.7444

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 150.0110, -0.0054,
1.7444

■ 233.0110, -0.0054,
1.7444

■ 124.5980, -0.2948,
1.2296

■ 99.7120, 0.1420,
1.1296

■ 75.7120, 0.1420,
1.1296

■ 53.0110, -0.0054,
1.7444

■ 31.7120, 0.1420,
1.1296

■ 8.3100, -0.1528,

2.3591

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 177.0110, -0.0054,
1.7444

■ 177.0110, -0.0054,
1.7444

■ 165.0770, -0.0380,
12.2105

■ 188.9450, 0.0271,
-8.7218

■ 153.1430, -0.0705,
22.6766

■ 200.8790, 0.0597,
-19.1879

■ 141.2090, -0.1030,
33.1427

■ 212.8130, 0.0922,
-29.6540

■ 129.2750, -0.1356,
43.6088

■ 224.7470, 0.1247,
-40.1201

■ 117.9280, -0.4575,
53.5601

■ 230.2240, 3.3406,
-44.9234

■ 105.9940, -0.4900,
64.0263

■ 231.5920, 8.5821,
-46.1232

■ 94.0600, -0.5226,
74.4924

■ 232.2760, 11.2029,
-46.7231

■ 82.2400, -0.1183,
84.8585

■ 70.3060, -0.1509,
95.3246

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



176.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296



177.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444



176.8970, -0.4422, 1.8443

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



177.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444



176.7720, -0.8736, 0.2000



176.3310, 1.3158, -2.0443

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



177.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444



177.9890, 0.0054, -1.7444

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



176.2170, 0.8790, -1.9443



177.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444



176.1740, -0.5788, -1.0296

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



177.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444



176.9570, -1.4578, 0.9147



175.9890, 0.0054, -1.7444



176.6300, 1.1684, -1.4295

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



177.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444



176.7830, -0.8790, 1.9443



175.9890, 0.0054, -1.7444



176.2170, 0.8790, -1.9443

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



177.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444



230.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296



176.9400, 1.0156, 0.9296



116.4130, 0.2894, 0.5148



245.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



117.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



177.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444



228.7230, 0.1366, 2.8739



177.4840, -0.7316, 1.3295



87.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296



51.5610, -0.2766, 88.9620



8.8000, 0.0986, 15.0844

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



177.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444



228.7230, 0.1366, 2.8739



178.1030, 0.4422, -1.8443



87.7120, 0.1420, 1.1296



51.5610, -0.2766, 88.9620



8.8000, 0.0986, 15.0844

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 177.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 177.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

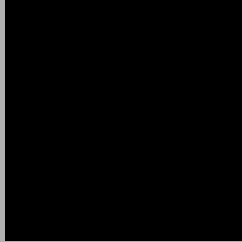
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

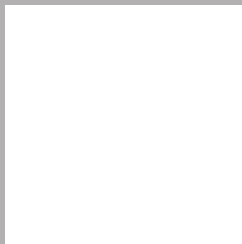
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 177.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 177.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444.



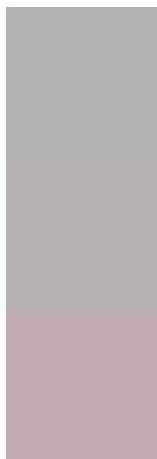
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 177.0110, -0.0054,

1.7444.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

177.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444

Protanopia

177.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591

Deuteranopia

178.3760, -0.1854, 12.8252



Tritanopia

177.6890, 5.0833, 2.9037

Trichromacy



Original Color

177.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444

Protanomaly

177.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591

Deuteranomaly

178.0550, -0.0271, 8.7218

Tritanomaly

177.5210, 3.1941, 2.1741

Monochromacy



Original Color

177.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444

Achromatopsia

177.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

177.2990, -0.1474, 0.6148

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 177.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 176, 177)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 176, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 176, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 176, 177) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 177.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 176, 177) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 176, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 176, 177)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 176, 177); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 176, 177);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 176,  
177) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 177.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 176, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
176, 177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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