

Converting Colors

YUV(177.0120, -4.9359, -3.5185)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(177.0120, -4.9359, -3.5185)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(177.0120, -4.9359,
-3.5185)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ADB5A7
RGB	173, 181, 167
RGB Percent	68%, 71%, 65%
CMY	0.3216, 0.2902, 0.3451
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.08, 0.29
HSL	94°, 9%, 68%
HSV	94°, 8%, 71%
XYZ	40.7325, 44.7220, 43.0446
YIQ	177.0120, -0.2740, -6.0500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

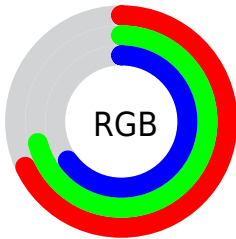
Format	Color
RYB	167, 181, 175
Decimal	11384231
CIELab	72.71, -5.40, 6.16
CIElCh	73, 8.190, 131.218
Yxy	44.7220, 0.3170, 0.3480
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289574311 (0xFFADB5A7)
YUV	177.0120, -4.9359, -3.5185
Hunter-Lab	66.8745, -8.3081, 8.6494

Details

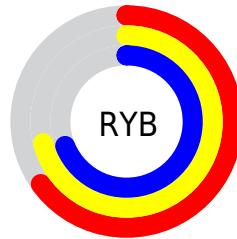
The YUV color **177.0120, -4.9359, -3.5185** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **170.9880, 4.9359, 3.5185**, and the grayscale version is **177.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **232.5990, -5.2253, -4.0333**, and **124.4250, -4.6465, -3.0037** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **171.9700, -11.3242, -7.8667**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **182.0540, 1.4524, 0.8296**.

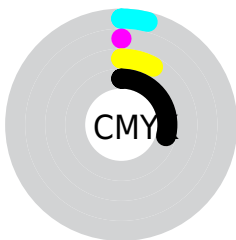
Distribution



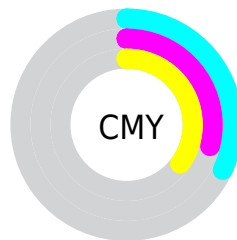
- Red (68%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 177.0120, -4.9359, -3.5185 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 177.0120, -4.9359, -3.5185 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 177.0120, -4.9359,
-3.5185

■ 177.0120, -4.9359,
-3.5185

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 150.1260, -4.4991,
-3.6185

■ 232.5990, -5.2253,
-4.0333

■ 124.4250, -4.6465,
-3.0037

■ 254.5440, -1.7472,
0.3999

■ 99.5390, -4.2097,
-3.1037

■ 75.5390, -4.2097,
-3.1037

■ 52.9520, -3.9203,
-2.5889

■ 31.9520, -3.9203,
-2.5889

■ 7.9300, -3.9095,

-6.0776

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 177.0120, -4.9359,
-3.5185

■ 177.0120, -4.9359,
-3.5185

■ 171.9700,
-11.3242, -7.8667

■ 182.0540, 1.4524,
0.8296

■ 166.6290,
-17.5651, -12.8296

■ 187.3950, 7.6933,
5.7926

■ 161.5870,
-23.9534, -17.1778

■ 192.4370, 14.0816,
10.1408

■ 156.5450,
-30.3417, -21.5260

■ 197.4790, 20.4699,
14.4889

■ 151.2040,
-36.5826, -26.4889

■ 202.5920, 25.8371,
19.6518

■ 146.0480,
-43.4077, -30.7371

■ 205.5820, 24.3631,
25.7996

■ 141.0060,
-49.7960, -35.0853

■ 208.5720, 22.8890,
31.9474

■ 135.6650,
-56.0368, -40.0482

■ 211.5620, 21.4149,
38.0951

■ 130.6230,
-62.4251, -44.3964

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



178.1870, -6.9942, 3.3440



177.0120, -4.9359, -3.5185



176.4780, -1.7147, -10.0662

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



177.0120, -4.9359, -3.5185



177.1820, 7.3053, -9.8066



179.9200, -1.9326, 13.2252

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



177.0120, -4.9359, -3.5185



170.9880, 4.9359, 3.5185

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



180.1090, 1.4253, 9.5514



177.0120, -4.9359, -3.5185



178.5140, 7.1416, -3.9588

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



177.0120, -4.9359, -3.5185



176.4050, 5.7163, -13.5102



179.6890, 5.0833, 2.9037



179.4100, -5.1321, 12.7954

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



177.0120, -4.9359, -3.5185



176.1510, 0.9116, -12.4104



179.6890, 5.0833, 2.9037



179.8490, -0.9116, 12.4104

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



177.0120, -4.9359, -3.5185



233.5330, -1.7418, -1.3444



175.8820, -4.3788, 4.4885



116.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148



245.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



117.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



177.0120, -4.9359, -3.5185



228.9040, -7.8407, -5.1778



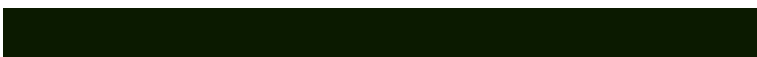
175.3320, -3.6147, -7.3072



86.4790, -3.1941, -2.1741



109.5450, -54.0057, -38.1890



18.5510, -9.1456, -6.6222

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



170.9880, 4.9359, 3.5185



219.3950, 7.6933, 5.7926



172.6680, 3.6147, 7.3072



82.5210, 3.1941, 2.1741



43.4550, 54.0057, 38.1890



7.4490, 9.1456, 6.6222

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 177.0120, -4.9359, -3.5185 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

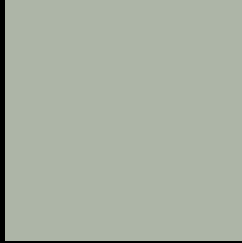
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 177.0120, -4.9359, -3.5185 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

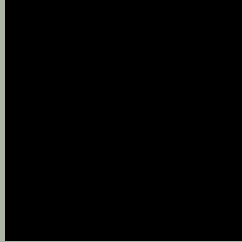
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 177.0120, -4.9359, -3.5185

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 177.0120, -4.9359, -3.5185.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 177.0120, -4.9359, -3.5185.

-3.5185.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

177.0120, -4.9359, -3.5185

Protanopia

178.3120, -6.5628, 4.9884

Deuteranopia

179.7310, -5.2904, 16.8989



Tritanopia

178.5960, 6.1152, -1.3997

Trichromacy



Original Color

177.0120, -4.9359, -3.5185

Protanomaly

177.8170, -5.8258, 1.9145

Deuteranomaly

178.6870, -5.2687, 9.9215

Tritanomaly

177.8580, 2.0420, -1.6295

Monochromacy



Original Color

177.0120, -4.9359, -3.5185

Achromatopsia

177.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

176.8320, -1.8892, -0.7297

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 177.0120, -4.9359, -3.5185 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 181, 167)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 181, 167)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 181, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 181, 167) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 177.0120, -4.9359, -3.5185 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 181, 167) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 181, 167) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 181, 167)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 181, 167); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 181, 167);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 181,  
167) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 177.0120, -4.9359, -3.5185 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 181, 167) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
181, 167) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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