

Converting Colors

YUV(177.2490, -1.1088,
-17.7584)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(177.2490, -1.1088, -17.7584)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(177.2490, -1.1088,
-17.7584)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9DBCAF
RGB	157, 188, 175
RGB Percent	62%, 74%, 69%
CMY	0.3843, 0.2627, 0.3137
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 0.07, 0.26
HSL	155°, 19%, 68%
HSV	155°, 16%, 74%
XYZ	39.6257, 46.2297, 47.3922
YIQ	177.2490, -14.3030, -10.6150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

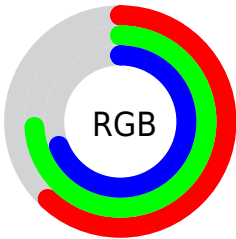
Format	Color
RYB	157, 177, 188
Decimal	10337455
CIELab	73.69, -13.09, 3.08
CIElCh	74, 13.448, 166.778
Yxy	46.2297, 0.2974, 0.3469
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288527535 (0xFF9DBC AF)
YUV	177.2490, -1.1088, -17.7584
Hunter-Lab	67.9924, -14.9576, 6.2683

Details

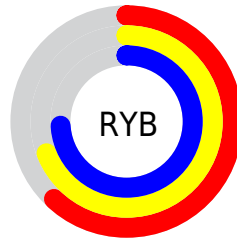
The YUV color **177.2490, -1.1088, -17.7584** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **167.7510, 1.1088, 17.7584**, and the grayscale version is **177.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **232.8360, -1.3981, -18.2732**, and **124.6620, -0.8194, -17.2436** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **170.6560, -1.8024, -28.6393**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **183.8420, -0.4151, -6.8774**.

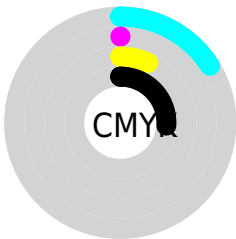
Distribution



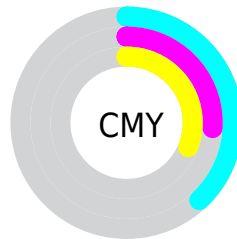
- Red (62%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (26%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 177.2490, -1.1088, -17.7584 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 177.2490, -1.1088, -17.7584 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 177.2490, -1.1088,
-17.7584

■ 177.2490, -1.1088,
-17.7584

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 150.5480, -1.2562,
-17.1436

■ 232.8360, -1.3981,
-18.2732

■ 124.6620, -0.8194,
-17.2436

■ 250.5150, 2.2111,
-9.2217

■ 99.3740, -0.6774,
-16.1140

■ 75.3740, -0.6774,
-16.1140

■ 52.6730, -0.8248,
-15.4992

■ 30.7870, -0.3880,
-15.5992

■ 12.3100, -3.6038,

-10.7959

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 177.2490, -1.1088,
-17.7584

■ 177.2490, -1.1088,
-17.7584

■ 170.6560, -1.8024,
-28.6393

■ 183.8420, -0.4151,
-6.8774

■ 164.0630, -2.4961,
-39.5203

■ 190.4350, 0.2785,
4.0035

■ 157.7690, -3.3371,
-49.7864

■ 196.7290, 1.1196,
14.2697

■ 151.1760, -4.0308,
-60.6674

■ 203.3220, 1.8133,
25.1506

■ 144.6970, -4.2876,
-71.6483

■ 209.8010, 2.0701,
36.1315

■ 138.1040, -4.9813,
-82.5292

■ 211.9090, 4.9749,
37.7908

■ 131.5110, -5.6749,
-93.4101

■ 212.8210, 8.4692,
36.9910

■ 125.2170, -6.5160,
-103.6763

■ 213.7330, 11.9636,
36.1912

■ 122.7820, -6.7945,
-107.6798

■ 214.6450, 15.4580,
35.3913

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



178.4090, -7.1036, -8.2517



177.2490, -1.1088, -17.7584



176.6380, 5.6015, -23.3615

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



177.2490, -1.1088, -17.7584



181.9530, 11.3622, -4.3438



182.7160, -9.2270, 19.5431

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



177.2490, -1.1088, -17.7584



167.7510, 1.1088, 17.7584

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



183.5790, -4.7224, 21.4172



177.2490, -1.1088, -17.7584



183.2920, 7.2510, 7.6369

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



177.2490, -1.1088, -17.7584



179.8160, 12.4157, -15.6246



183.5660, 1.6930, 17.0436



180.9880, -11.8261, 13.1655

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



177.2490, -1.1088, -17.7584



177.4360, 8.6591, -24.0614



183.5660, 1.6930, 17.0436



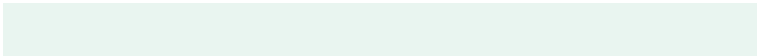
183.0690, -7.9220, 20.9875

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



177.2490, -1.1088, -17.7584



240.8420, -0.4151, -6.8774



179.0840, -10.8874, -7.9667



119.5650, -0.2785, -4.0035



250.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



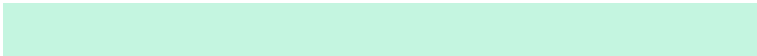
122.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



177.2490, -1.1088, -17.7584



227.9550, -1.9498, -28.0245



177.5570, 5.1484, -18.0285



90.8530, -0.4205, -5.1331



103.2340, -5.5384, -90.5362



20.2490, -1.1088, -17.7584

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



167.7510, 1.1088, 17.7584



212.9310, 1.5130, 28.1245



167.4430, -5.1484, 18.0285



88.1470, 0.4205, 5.1331



54.7660, 5.5384, 90.5362



10.7510, 1.1088, 17.7584

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 177.2490, -1.1088, -17.7584 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

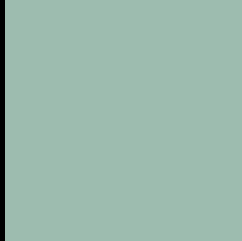
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 177.2490, -1.1088, -17.7584 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

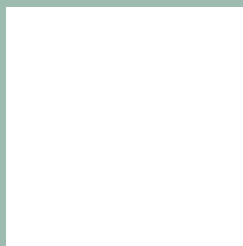
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 177.2490, -1.1088, -17.7584 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 177.2490, -1.1088, -17.7584.



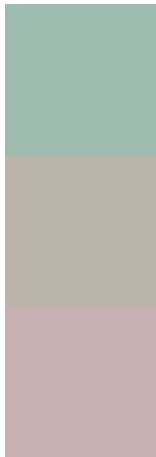
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 177.2490, -1.1088, -17.7584.

-17.7584.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

177.2490, -1.1088, -17.7584

Protanopia

180.7680, -4.8156, 4.5885

Deuteranopia

182.5180, -2.2274, 14.4547



Tritanopia

178.8330, 9.9423, -15.6395

Trichromacy



Original Color

177.2490, -1.1088, -17.7584

Protanomaly

179.3540, -3.6255, -3.8185

Deuteranomaly

180.8540, -1.9000, 2.7590

Tritanomaly

178.0950, 5.8692, -15.8693

Monochromacy



Original Color

177.2490, -1.1088, -17.7584

Achromatopsia

177.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

177.1410, -0.5625, -6.2627

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 177.2490, -1.1088, -17.7584 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(157, 188, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(157, 188, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(157, 188, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(157, 188, 175) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 177.2490, -1.1088, -17.7584 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(157, 188, 175) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(157, 188, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(157, 188, 175)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(157, 188, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 188, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(157, 188,  
175) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 177.2490, -1.1088, -17.7584 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(157, 188, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(157,  
188, 175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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