

# Converting Colors

YUV(177.4110, 9.6574,  
-64.3814)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(177.4110, 9.6574, -64.3814)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(177.4110, 9.6574,  
-64.3814)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	68D3C5
RGB	104, 211, 197
RGB Percent	41%, 83%, 77%
CMY	0.5922, 0.1725, 0.2275
CMYK	0.51, 0.00, 0.07, 0.17
HSL	172°, 55%, 62%
HSV	172°, 51%, 83%
XYZ	39.0812, 53.5628, 61.1022
YIQ	177.4110, -59.2780, -27.0380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

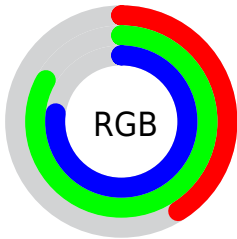
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	104, 161, 211
Decimal	6869957
CIELab	78.21, -34.26, -2.54
CIELCh	78, 34.352, 184.244
Yxy	53.5628, 0.2542, 0.3484
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285060037 (0xFF68D3C5)
YUV	177.4110, 9.6574, -64.3814
Hunter-Lab	73.1866, -32.7586, 1.7305

# Details

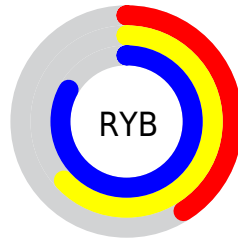
The YUV color **177.4110, 9.6574, -64.3814** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **137.5890, -9.6574, 64.3814**, and the grayscale version is **177.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **227.0790, 13.2721, -57.0743**, and **119.8340, 11.4208, -70.0144** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **170.7900, 11.4425, -76.9918**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **184.0320, 7.8722, -51.7711**.

# Distribution



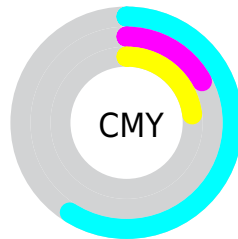
- Red (41%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (23%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 177.4110, 9.6574, -64.3814 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 177.4110, 9.6574, -64.3814 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 177.4110, 9.6574,  
-64.3814

■ 177.4110, 9.6574,  
-64.3814

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 148.9270, 10.3890,  
-65.7110

■ 227.0790, 13.2721,  
-57.0743

■ 119.8340, 11.4208,  
-70.0144

■ 235.8640, 9.4340,  
-39.3457

■ 89.1750, 14.2107,  
-78.2065

■ 244.8340, 5.0118,  
-20.9024

■ 71.6500, 10.5256,  
-62.8370

■ 253.8040, 0.5896,  
-2.4591

■ 54.3530, 7.7140,  
-47.6676

■ 37.6430, 4.6130,  
-33.0129

■ 24.2100, 1.3755,

-21.2322

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 177.4110, 9.6574,  
-64.3814

■ 177.4110, 9.6574,  
-64.3814

■ 170.7900, 11.4425,  
-76.9918

■ 184.0320, 7.8722,  
-51.7711

■ 164.1690, 13.2277,  
-89.6022

■ 190.6530, 6.0871,  
-39.1607

■ 157.6620, 15.4496,  
-102.3126

■ 197.1600, 3.8651,  
-26.4503

■ 151.0410, 17.2348,  
-114.9230

■ 203.7810, 2.0800,  
-13.8399

■ 144.7190, 18.8725,  
-126.9186

■ 210.7010, 0.1474,  
-0.6148

■ 217.3220, -1.6377,  
11.9956

■ 223.8290, -3.8597,  
24.7060

■ 225.0680, -2.9915,  
26.2504

■ 225.4100, -1.6811,  
25.9504

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



182.4670, -8.6112, -38.1206



177.4110, 9.6574, -64.3814



175.5740, 25.8460, -76.8024

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



177.4110, 9.6574, -64.3814



197.0480, 24.1333, 6.0969



193.9130, -28.0581, 39.5413

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



177.4110, 9.6574, -64.3814



137.5890, -9.6574, 64.3814

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



195.9220, -18.2025, 51.8114



177.4110, 9.6574, -64.3814



198.6080, 11.5323, 34.5468

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



177.4110, 9.6574, -64.3814



190.7770, 31.6619, -28.7454



197.1080, -3.5042, 50.7713



191.2000, -30.1716, 17.3646



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



177.4110, 9.6574, -64.3814



178.3390, 32.3709, -69.5803



197.1080, -3.5042, 50.7713



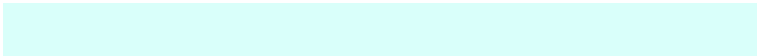
194.9290, -25.6010, 44.7893

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



177.4110, 9.6574, -64.3814



243.0680, 3.4175, -22.8616



170.9950, -33.0285, -46.4766



120.6670, 1.6432, -13.7400



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



177.4110, 9.6574, -64.3814



206.0760, 14.2595, -93.9057



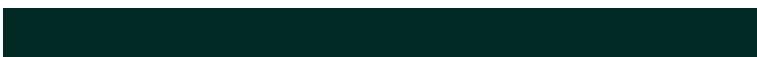
156.1140, 27.0588, -45.7040



101.4830, 0.7479, -6.5626



115.2600, 15.1548, -101.0830



28.0570, 3.4229, -24.6060



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



137.5890, -9.6574, 64.3814



148.0380, -13.8227, 93.8057



158.8860, -27.0588, 45.7040



97.4030, -1.1847, 6.6626



52.7400, -15.1548, 101.0830

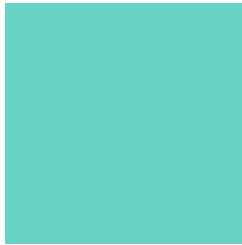


12.8290, -3.8597, 24.7060



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 177.4110, 9.6574, -64.3814 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

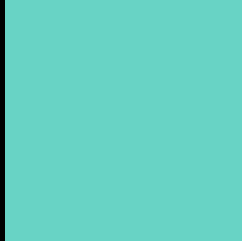
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 177.4110, 9.6574, -64.3814 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

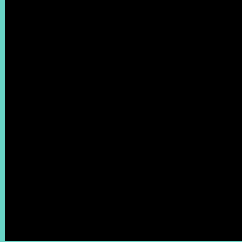
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

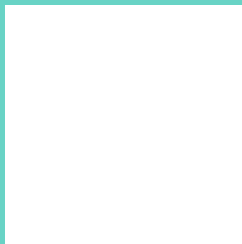
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 177.4110, 9.6574, -64.3814 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 177.4110, 9.6574, -64.3814.



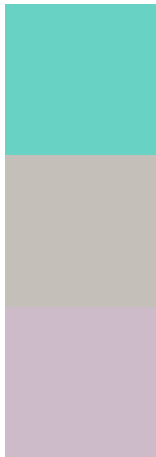
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 177.4110, 9.6574,

-64.3814.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

177.4110, 9.6574, -64.3814

### Protanopia

192.2240, -3.0684, 4.1886

### Deuteranopia

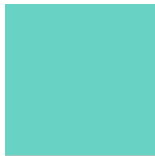
194.3910, 3.7512, 10.1811



## Tritanopia

180.8320, 21.2818, -59.4887

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

177.4110, 9.6574, -64.3814



## Protanomaly

186.6230, 1.6649, -20.7174



## Deuteranomaly

188.3830, 5.7272, -16.9989



## Tritanomaly

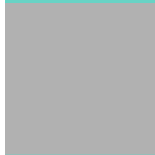
179.3820, 17.0667, -60.8480

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

177.4110, 9.6574, -64.3814



## Achromatopsia

177.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

176.7690, 3.5649, -23.4764

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 177.4110, 9.6574, -64.3814 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 211, 197)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 211, 197)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 211, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 211, 197) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 177.4110, 9.6574, -64.3814 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 211, 197) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 211, 197) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 211, 197)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 211, 197); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 211, 197);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 211,  
197) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 177.4110, 9.6574, -64.3814 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 211, 197) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104,  
211, 197) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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