

# Converting Colors

YUV(177.7410, -67.9063,  
-12.9279)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(177.7410, -67.9063, -12.9279)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(177.7410, -67.9063,  
-12.9279)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A3D428
RGB	163, 212, 40
RGB Percent	64%, 83%, 16%
CMY	0.3608, 0.1686, 0.8431
CMYK	0.23, 0.00, 0.81, 0.17
HSL	77°, 68%, 49%
HSV	77°, 81%, 83%
XYZ	39.0307, 55.0267, 10.5716
YIQ	177.7410, 26.0080, -63.8800

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

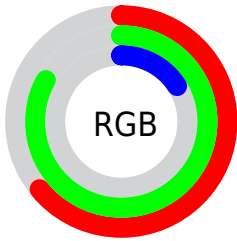
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">40, 212, 89</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10736680</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">79.06, -38.08, 71.97</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">79, 81.423, 117.887</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">55.0267, 0.3730, 0.5259</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288926760 (0xFFA3D428)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">177.7410, -67.9063, -12.9279</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">74.1800, -35.8949, 43.4764</a>

# Details

The YUV color **177.7410, -67.9063, -12.9279** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC00**. The color can be described as middle washed chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **74.2590, 67.9063, 12.9279**, and the grayscale version is **178.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **227.6910, -61.9657, -4.9910**, and **123.8530, -61.0595, -15.6571** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **173.5530, -76.1946, -14.5170**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **181.9290, -59.6180, -11.3387**.

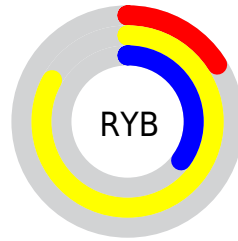
# Distribution



Red (64%)

Green (83%)

Blue (16%)



Red (16%)

Yellow (83%)

Blue (35%)

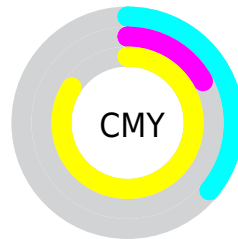


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (81%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (36%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (84%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 177.7410, -67.9063, -12.9279 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 177.7410, -67.9063, -12.9279 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 177.7410,  
-67.9063, -12.9279

■ 177.7410,  
-67.9063, -12.9279

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 148.0740,  
-73.0005, -12.3429

■ 227.6910,  
-61.9657, -4.9910

■ 123.8530,  
-61.0595, -15.6571

■ 239.8530,  
-54.1575, 10.6529

■ 99.9200, -49.2606,  
-20.1008

■ 244.0560,  
-41.9326, 9.5979

■ 76.2860, -37.6090,  
-23.9298

■ 247.3620,  
-29.2655, 6.6985

■ 51.1350, -25.2096,  
-34.3214

■ 250.6680,  
-16.5983, 3.7992

■ 33.4590, -16.4953,  
-29.3435

■ 253.9740, -3.9312,

■ 21.7190, -10.7075,

0.8998

-19.0476

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 177.7410,  
-67.9063, -12.9279

■ 177.7410,  
-67.9063, -12.9279

■ 173.5530,  
-76.1946, -14.5170

■ 181.9290,  
-59.6180, -11.3387

■ 169.8920,  
-83.7568, -15.6913

■ 186.1170,  
-51.3297, -9.7496

■ 190.4190,  
-42.6046, -8.2605

■ 194.6070,  
-34.3163, -6.6713

■ 198.7950,  
-26.0279, -5.0822

■ 202.9830,  
-17.7396, -3.4931

■ 207.1710, -9.4513,  
-1.9040

■ 211.4730, -0.7262,  
-0.4148

■ 215.6610, 7.5621,  
1.1743

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



182.3930, -89.9197, 47.8903



177.7410, -67.9063, -12.9279



152.3890, -20.8978, -110.8432

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



177.7410, -67.9063, -12.9279



159.9710, 46.8493, -140.2946



169.3540, 17.0805, 75.1115

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



177.7410, -67.9063, -12.9279



74.2590, 67.9063, 12.9279

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



189.2560, 32.4118, 57.6575



177.7410, -67.9063, -12.9279



149.9920, 51.7689, -131.5430

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



177.7410, -67.9063, -12.9279



164.0800, 44.8236, -143.8982



188.5720, 32.7490, -4.0096



166.7880, -18.1365, 77.3619



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



177.7410, -67.9063, -12.9279



152.7770, 4.0539, -133.9854



188.5720, 32.7490, -4.0096



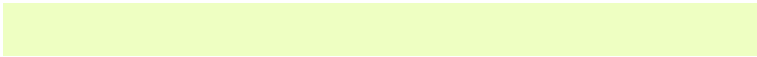
175.2530, 26.9903, 69.9381

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



177.7410, -67.9063, -12.9279



242.9630, -24.1388, -4.3526



120.1910, -39.5342, 80.5165



120.4930, -14.5400, -3.0634



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



177.7410, -67.9063, -12.9279



205.9120, -97.5706, -18.3398



152.0270, -55.2293, -65.7987



104.8490, -4.3626, -0.7446



136.8550, -67.4695, -13.0278



34.5100, -17.0134, -3.0783



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74.2590, 67.9063, 12.9279



57.0880, 97.5706, 18.3398



99.9730, 55.2293, 65.7987



98.1510, 4.3626, 0.7446



34.1450, 67.4695, 13.0278



8.4900, 17.0134, 3.0783



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 177.7410, -67.9063, -12.9279 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 177.7410, -67.9063, -12.9279 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

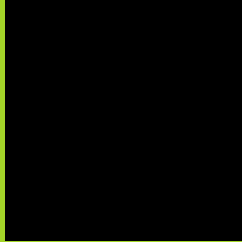
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 177.7410, -67.9063, -12.9279 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 177.7410, -67.9063, -12.9279.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 177.7410, -67.9063, -12.9279.

-12.9279.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

177.7410, -67.9063, -12.9279

### Protanopia

184.9360, -73.4254, 30.7511

### Deuteranopia

188.0060, -66.0650, 49.9837



## Tritanopia

194.0400, 9.3473, -11.4361

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

177.7410, -67.9063, -12.9279

## Protanomaly

182.2930, -71.6294, 14.6520

## Deuteranomaly

184.3360, -66.7206, 26.8923

## Tritanomaly

187.7000, -18.5861, -12.0149

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

177.7410, -67.9063, -12.9279

## Achromatopsia

178.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

177.8490, -24.5756, -4.2526

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 177.7410, -67.9063, -12.9279 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 212, 40)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 212, 40)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 212, 40) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 212, 40) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 177.7410, -67.9063, -12.9279 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 212, 40) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 212, 40) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 212, 40)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 212, 40); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 212, 40);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 212,  
40) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 177.7410, -67.9063, -12.9279 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 212, 40) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163,  
212, 40) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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