

# Converting Colors

YUV(178.0970, -71.0398,  
12.1929)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(178.0970, -71.0398, 12.1929)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(178.0970, -71.0398,  
12.1929)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C0C722
RGB	192, 199, 34
RGB Percent	75%, 78%, 13%
CMY	0.2471, 0.2196, 0.8667
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.83, 0.22
HSL	63°, 71%, 46%
HSV	63°, 83%, 78%
XYZ	42.4504, 52.1688, 9.3456
YIQ	178.0970, 48.7930, -52.7990

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

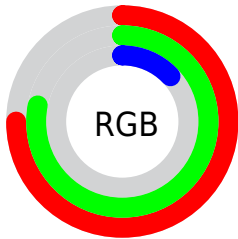
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	34, 199, 41
Decimal	12633890
CIE Lab	77.38, -20.31, 72.78
CIE LCh	77, 75.562, 105.594
Yxy	52.1688, 0.4083, 0.5018
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290823970 (0xFFC0C722)
YUV	178.0970, -71.0398, 12.1929
Hunter-Lab	72.2280, -21.4896, 42.8880

# Details

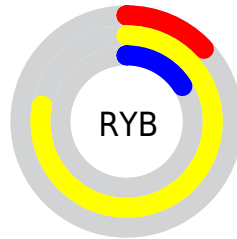
The YUV color **178.0970, -71.0398, 12.1929** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC33**. The color can be described as middle muted yellow. A complement of this color would be **54.9030, 71.0398, -12.1929**, and the grayscale version is **179.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **236.0910, -68.5719, 13.9522**, and **125.1810, -61.7142, 7.7343** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **175.5180, -79.6284, 13.5777**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **180.6760, -62.4513, 10.8081**.

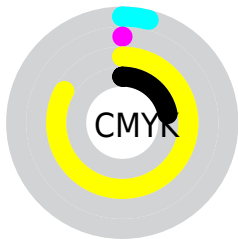
# Distribution



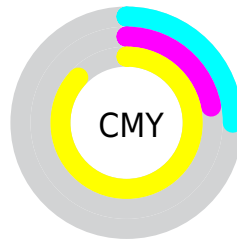
- Red (75%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (16%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (87%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 178.0970, -71.0398, 12.1929 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 178.0970, -71.0398, 12.1929 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 178.0970,  
-71.0398, 12.1929

■ 178.0970,  
-71.0398, 12.1929

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 149.7010,  
-73.8026, 11.6632

■ 236.0910,  
-68.5719, 13.9522

■ 125.1810,  
-61.7142, 7.7343

■ 240.1800,  
-56.7837, 12.9971

■ 102.1340,  
-50.3521, 3.3905

■ 243.4860,  
-44.1166, 10.0978

■ 79.3860, -39.1373,  
-0.3385

■ 246.6780,  
-31.8863, 7.2984

■ 57.5130, -28.3539,  
-5.7119

■ 249.9840,  
-19.2191, 4.3990

■ 36.2380, -17.8653,  
-9.8557

■ 253.4040, -6.1152,

■ 17.0230, -8.3923,

1.3997

-14.9292

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 178.0970,  
-71.0398, 12.1929

■ 178.0970,  
-71.0398, 12.1929

■ 175.5180,  
-79.6284, 13.5777

■ 180.6760,  
-62.4513, 10.8081

■ 173.9220,  
-85.7435, 14.9774

■ 183.2550,  
-53.8627, 9.4234

■ 185.8340,  
-45.2742, 8.0386

■ 188.1140,  
-36.5382, 6.0390

■ 190.6930,  
-27.9496, 4.6542

■ 193.1580,  
-19.7979, 3.3694

■ 195.7370,  
-11.2093, 1.9847

■ 198.3160, -2.6208,  
0.5999

■ 200.8950, 5.9678,  
-0.7849

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



184.0460, -70.0287, 61.3497



178.0970, -71.0398, 12.1929



168.3120, -40.5798, -51.1396

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



178.0970, -71.0398, 12.1929



158.7970, 47.4281, -139.2650



177.9600, 24.6697, 67.5641

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



178.0970, -71.0398, 12.1929



54.9030, 71.0398, -12.1929

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



192.7010, 30.7134, 42.3582



178.0970, -71.0398, 12.1929



151.7530, 50.9008, -133.0874

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



178.0970, -71.0398, 12.1929



157.3660, 34.3296, -138.0100



174.7300, 39.5731, -46.2442



167.0450, -4.4592, 77.1365



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



178.0970, -71.0398, 12.1929



143.9600, -6.8823, -126.2529



174.7300, 39.5731, -46.2442



184.5770, 32.2535, 61.7610

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



178.0970, -71.0398, 12.1929



246.8070, -27.5129, 4.5543



86.2700, -25.7691, 98.8642



122.9560, -16.7403, 2.6696



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



178.0970, -71.0398, 12.1929



222.9830, -108.4516, 18.4319



153.8780, -59.0999, -37.6040



97.9740, -3.9312, 0.8998



142.3250, -70.1662, 11.9930



31.2980, -15.4299, 2.3697



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.9030, 71.0398, -12.1929



34.7180, 108.5990, -19.0467



79.1220, 59.0999, 37.6040



91.0260, 3.9312, -0.8998



20.6750, 70.1662, -11.9930



4.7020, 15.4299, -2.3697



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 178.0970, -71.0398, 12.1929 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 178.0970, -71.0398, 12.1929 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 178.0970, -71.0398, 12.1929

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 178.0970, -71.0398, 12.1929.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 178.0970, -71.0398, 12.1929.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

178.0970, -71.0398, 12.1929

### Protanopia

180.0500, -72.9886, 30.6512

### Deuteranopia

183.1370, -68.1015, 49.8689



## Tritanopia

192.6900, 3.6038, 10.7959

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

178.0970, -71.0398, 12.1929

## Protanomaly

179.5330, -72.2408, 24.0886

## Deuteranomaly

181.7070, -69.3686, 36.2140

## Tritanomaly

187.2900, -23.3140, 11.1467

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

178.0970, -71.0398, 12.1929

## Achromatopsia

178.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

178.2630, -25.7657, 4.1543

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 178.0970, -71.0398, 12.1929 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(192, 199, 34)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(192, 199, 34)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(192, 199, 34) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(192, 199, 34) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 178.0970, -71.0398, 12.1929 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(192, 199, 34) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(192, 199, 34) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(192, 199, 34)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(192, 199, 34); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 199, 34);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(192, 199,  
34) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 178.0970, -71.0398, 12.1929 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(192, 199, 34) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(192,  
199, 34) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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