

Converting Colors

YUV(178.1650, -6.9833, -0.1447)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(178.1650, -6.9833, -0.1447)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(178.1650, -6.9833,
-0.1447)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B2B5A4
RGB	178, 181, 164
RGB Percent	70%, 71%, 64%
CMY	0.3020, 0.2902, 0.3569
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.09, 0.29
HSL	71°, 10%, 68%
HSV	71°, 9%, 71%
XYZ	41.5848, 45.1931, 41.6533
YIQ	178.1650, 3.6690, -5.9230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

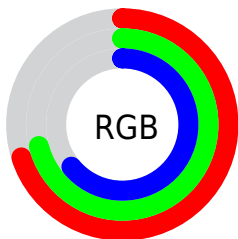
Format	Color
RYB	164, 181, 167
Decimal	11711908
CIELab	73.02, -4.12, 8.29
CIELCh	73, 9.262, 116.432
Yxy	45.1931, 0.3238, 0.3519
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289901988 (0xFFB2B5A4)
YUV	178.1650, -6.9833, -0.1447
Hunter-Lab	67.2258, -7.2278, 10.3218

Details

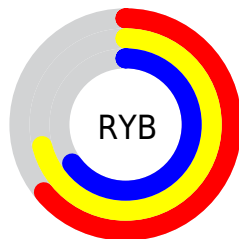
The YUV color $178.1650, -6.9833, -0.1447$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $166.8350, 6.9833, 0.1447$, and the grayscale version is $178.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $234.0510, -7.4201, -0.0447$, and $125.2790, -6.5465, -0.2447$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $175.2160, -14.4035, -0.1894$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $181.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000$.

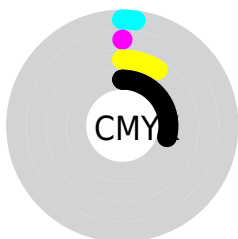
Distribution



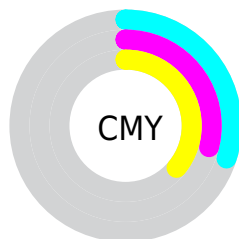
- Red (70%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 178.1650, -6.9833, -0.1447 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 178.1650, -6.9833, -0.1447 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 178.1650, -6.9833,
-0.1447

■ 178.1650, -6.9833,
-0.1447

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 151.2790, -6.5465,
-0.2447

■ 234.0510, -7.4201,
-0.0447

■ 125.2790, -6.5465,
-0.2447

■ 254.0880, -3.4944,
0.7998

■ 100.3930, -6.1097,
-0.3447

■ 76.5070, -5.6730,
-0.4446

■ 53.8060, -5.8204,
0.1701

■ 32.6210, -5.2362,
-0.5446

■ 9.4250, -4.6465,

-3.0037

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 178.1650, -6.9833,
-0.1447

■ 178.1650, -6.9833,
-0.1447

■ 175.2160,
-14.4035, -0.1894

■ 181.1140, 0.4368,
-0.1000

■ 172.2670,
-21.8236, -0.2342

■ 184.0630, 7.8569,
-0.0553

■ 169.0190,
-29.0964, -0.8937

■ 187.3110, 15.1297,
0.6043

■ 166.0700,
-36.5165, -0.9384

■ 190.2600, 22.5498,
0.6490

■ 163.1210,
-43.9367, -0.9831

■ 193.3230, 30.4068,
0.5937

■ 160.0580,
-51.7936, -0.9279

■ 194.2200, 29.9645,
2.4381

■ 157.1090,
-59.2137, -0.9726

■ 195.1170, 29.5223,
4.2824

■ 153.8610,
-66.4865, -1.6321

■ 196.3130, 28.9327,
6.7415

■ 150.9120,
-73.9066, -1.6768

■ 197.2100, 28.4905,
8.5858

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



179.1660, -8.4628, 7.7474



178.1650, -6.9833, -0.1447



177.0330, -3.4673, -7.9219

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



178.1650, -6.9833, -0.1447



177.5620, 7.6109, -14.5249



181.3760, -0.1854, 12.8252

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



178.1650, -6.9833, -0.1447



166.8350, 6.9833, 0.1447

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



181.0810, 3.9041, 7.8220



178.1650, -6.9833, -0.1447



178.5350, 8.6102, -8.3622

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



178.1650, -6.9833, -0.1447



176.4540, 4.7062, -16.1842



179.8350, 6.9833, 0.1447



180.9480, -4.4114, 14.9546

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



178.1650, -6.9833, -0.1447



176.6950, -0.8356, -12.0105



179.8350, 6.9833, 0.1447



181.0060, 0.9830, 11.3957

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



178.1650, -6.9833, -0.1447



233.6040, -2.7628, -0.5297



170.8440, -3.3741, 8.9068



116.2450, -1.5998, -0.2149



245.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



117.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



178.1650, -6.9833, -0.1447



230.5410, -10.6197, -0.4745



175.7730, -5.8041, -5.0629



87.6750, -3.7838, 0.2850



127.4850, -62.8501, -1.3023



21.5410, -10.6197, -0.4745

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



166.8350, 6.9833, 0.1447



213.1600, 10.7671, -0.1403



169.2270, 5.8041, 5.0629



81.6240, 3.6364, 0.3298



25.5150, 62.8501, 1.3023



4.4590, 10.6197, 0.4745

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 178.1650, -6.9833, -0.1447 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 178.1650, -6.9833, -0.1447 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

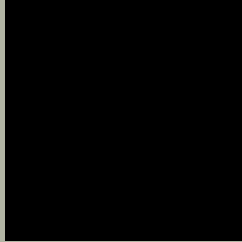
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

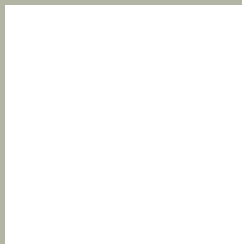
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 178.1650, -6.9833, -0.1447

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 178.1650, -6.9833, -0.1447.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 178.1650, -6.9833, -0.1447.

-0.1447.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

178.1650, -6.9833, -0.1447

Protanopia

179.2690, -8.0206, 5.9031

Deuteranopia

180.5740, -7.1850, 17.9136



Tritanopia

180.0910, 5.3781, 1.6742

Trichromacy



Original Color

178.1650, -6.9833, -0.1447

Protanomaly

178.9590, -7.8678, 3.5440

Deuteranomaly

179.8290, -7.3107, 11.5510

Tritanomaly

179.2390, 0.8682, 1.5444

Monochromacy



Original Color

178.1650, -6.9833, -0.1447

Achromatopsia

178.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

178.0170, -2.4734, -0.0149

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 178.1650, -6.9833, -0.1447 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(178, 181, 164)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(178, 181, 164)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 181, 164) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(178, 181, 164) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 178.1650, -6.9833, -0.1447 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(178, 181, 164) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(178, 181, 164) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(178, 181, 164)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(178, 181, 164); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 181, 164);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 181,  
164) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 178.1650, -6.9833, -0.1447 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(178, 181, 164) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(178,  
181, 164) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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