

Converting Colors

YUV(178.4250, -4.6465, -3.0037)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(178.4250, -4.6465, -3.0037)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(178.4250, -4.6465,
-3.0037)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AFB6A9
RGB	175, 182, 169
RGB Percent	69%, 71%, 66%
CMY	0.3137, 0.2863, 0.3373
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.07, 0.29
HSL	92°, 8%, 69%
HSV	92°, 7%, 71%
XYZ	41.5686, 45.4344, 44.1149
YIQ	178.4250, 0.0010, -5.5270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

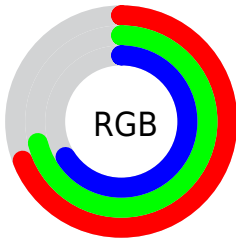
Format	Color
RYB	169, 182, 176
Decimal	11515561
CIELab	73.18, -4.85, 5.76
CIELCh	73, 7.534, 130.116
Yxy	45.4344, 0.3170, 0.3465
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289705641 (0xFFAFB6A9)
YUV	178.4250, -4.6465, -3.0037
Hunter-Lab	67.4051, -7.8783, 8.3797

Details

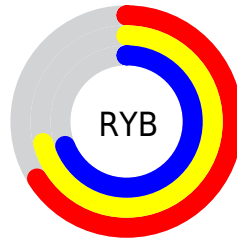
The YUV color $178.4250, -4.6465, -3.0037$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $172.5750, 4.6465, 3.0037$, and the grayscale version is $178.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $234.3110, -5.0833, -2.9037$, and $125.8380, -4.3571, -2.4889$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $173.3830, -11.0348, -7.3519$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $183.4670, 1.7418, 1.3444$.

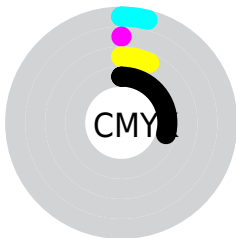
Distribution



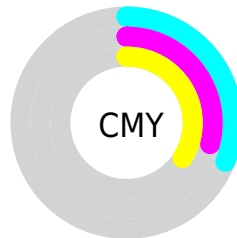
- Red (69%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (34%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 178.4250, -4.6465, -3.0037 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 178.4250, -4.6465, -3.0037 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 178.4250, -4.6465,
-3.0037

■ 178.4250, -4.6465,
-3.0037

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 151.5390, -4.2097,
-3.1037

■ 234.3110, -5.0833,
-2.9037

■ 125.8380, -4.3571,
-2.4889

254.7720, -0.8736,
0.2000

■ 100.8380, -4.3571,
-2.4889

■ 76.9520, -3.9203,
-2.5889

■ 54.0660, -3.4835,
-2.6889

■ 33.0660, -3.4835,
-2.6889

■ 9.7130, -4.7885,

-4.1333

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 178.4250, -4.6465,
-3.0037

■ 178.4250, -4.6465,
-3.0037

■ 173.3830,
-11.0348, -7.3519

■ 183.4670, 1.7418,
1.3444

■ 168.3410,
-17.4231, -11.7001

■ 188.5090, 8.1301,
5.6926

■ 163.4840,
-24.3956, -15.3335

■ 193.3660, 15.1026,
9.3260

■ 158.4420,
-30.7839, -19.6816

■ 198.4080, 21.4909,
13.6742

■ 153.4000,
-37.1722, -24.0298

■ 202.8800, 25.6952,
18.5222

■ 148.3580,
-43.5605, -28.3780

■ 205.8700, 24.2211,
24.6700

■ 143.3160,
-49.9488, -32.7261

■ 208.8600, 22.7470,
30.8178

■ 138.4590,
-56.9213, -36.3595

■ 211.5510, 21.4204,
36.3508

■ 133.4170,
-63.3096, -40.7077

■ 212.1490, 21.1255,
37.5803

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



179.3010, -6.5574, 3.2440



178.4250, -4.6465, -3.0037



177.6030, -1.2833, -8.4218

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



178.4250, -4.6465, -3.0037



178.9540, 6.4317, -9.6067



181.2080, -2.0745, 12.0956

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



178.4250, -4.6465, -3.0037



172.5750, 4.6465, 3.0037

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



181.3970, 1.2833, 8.4218



178.4250, -4.6465, -3.0037



179.4000, 6.7048, -3.8588

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



178.4250, -4.6465, -3.0037



177.5900, 5.1321, -12.7954



180.5750, 4.6465, 3.0037



180.8120, -4.8373, 11.5659

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



178.4250, -4.6465, -3.0037



177.4500, 0.7642, -11.7956



180.5750, 4.6465, 3.0037



181.2510, -0.6167, 11.1809

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



178.4250, -4.6465, -3.0037



235.8320, -1.8892, -0.7297



176.9960, -3.9420, 4.3885



119.3590, -1.1630, -0.3148



247.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



120.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



178.4250, -4.6465, -3.0037



231.3170, -7.5513, -4.6630



176.6310, -3.7621, -6.6924



89.4790, -3.1941, -2.1741



113.1000, -55.7583, -36.0447



20.3230, -10.0192, -6.4223

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



172.5750, 4.6465, 3.0037



221.6830, 7.5513, 4.6630



174.3690, 3.7621, 6.6924



85.5210, 3.1941, 2.1741



42.9000, 55.7583, 36.0447



7.6770, 10.0192, 6.4223

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 178.4250, -4.6465, -3.0037 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

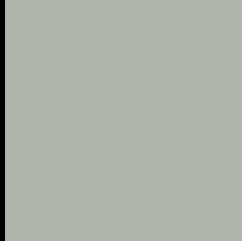
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 178.4250, -4.6465, -3.0037 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

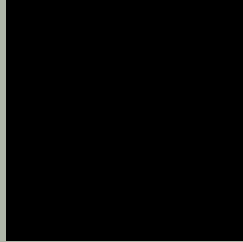
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 178.4250, -4.6465, -3.0037

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 178.4250, -4.6465, -3.0037.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 178.4250, -4.6465, -3.0037.

-3.0037.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

178.4250, -4.6465, -3.0037

Protanopia

179.7250, -6.2734, 5.5032

Deuteranopia

180.8450, -4.8536, 16.7989



Tritanopia

180.0090, 6.4046, -0.8849

Trichromacy



Original Color

178.4250, -4.6465, -3.0037

Protanomaly

179.2300, -5.5364, 2.4293

Deuteranomaly

179.8010, -4.8319, 9.8215

Tritanomaly

179.2710, 2.3314, -1.1147

Monochromacy



Original Color

178.4250, -4.6465, -3.0037

Achromatopsia

178.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

177.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 178.4250, -4.6465, -3.0037 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(175, 182, 169)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(175, 182, 169)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 182, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(175, 182, 169) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 178.4250, -4.6465, -3.0037 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(175, 182, 169) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(175, 182, 169) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(175, 182, 169)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(175, 182, 169); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 182, 169);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 182,  
169) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 178.4250, -4.6465, -3.0037 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(175, 182, 169) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(175,  
182, 169) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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