

# Converting Colors

YUV(178.5110, -4.6889,  
57.4339)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(178.5110, -4.6889, 57.4339)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(178.5110, -4.6889,  
57.4339)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F493A9
RGB	244, 147, 169
RGB Percent	96%, 58%, 66%
CMY	0.0431, 0.4235, 0.3373
CMYK	0.00, 0.40, 0.31, 0.04
HSL	346°, 82%, 77%
HSV	346°, 40%, 96%
XYZ	54.9034, 42.9651, 42.9355
YIQ	178.5110, 50.7500, 27.4060

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

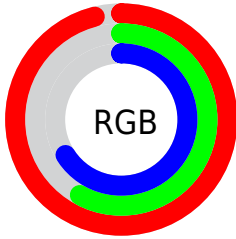
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	244, 147, 169
Decimal	16028585
CIE Lab	71.53, 39.12, 4.25
CIE LCh	72, 39.353, 6.207
Yxy	42.9651, 0.3899, 0.3051
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294218665 (0xFF493A9)
YUV	178.5110, -4.6889, 57.4339
Hunter-Lab	65.5478, 34.8045, 7.0470

# Details

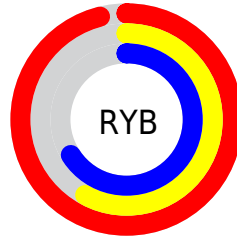
The YUV color **178.5110, -4.6889, 57.4339** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **212.4890, 4.6889, -57.4339**, and the grayscale version is **179.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **220.3550, 1.7970, 30.3837**, and **123.8310, -3.3677, 53.6452** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **162.2570, -6.0427, 71.6886**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **194.7650, -3.3351, 43.1791**.

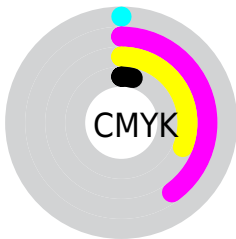
# Distribution



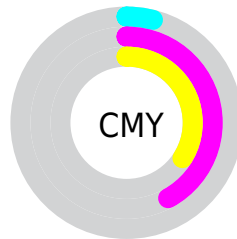
- Red (96%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Black (4%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (34%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 178.5110, -4.6889, 57.4339 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 178.5110, -4.6889, 57.4339 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 178.5110, -4.6889,  
57.4339

 178.5110, -4.6889,  
57.4339


255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000


 150.7280, -3.8099,  
55.4895


 220.3550, 1.7970,  
30.3837

 123.8310, -3.3677,  
53.6452

 240.6840, 6.0718,  
12.5551

 97.9340, -2.9255,  
51.8009

 72.2650, -1.6096,  
49.7566

 45.2480, 0.8637,  
49.7715

 25.3890, 0.3012,  
43.5088

 15.6620, -7.2284,

31.8684

■ 2.0930, -1.0318,  
4.3034

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 178.5110, -4.6889,  
57.4339

■ 178.5110, -4.6889,  
57.4339

■ 162.2570, -6.0427,  
71.6886

■ 194.7650, -3.3351,  
43.1791

■ 145.4160, -7.1071,  
86.4582

■ 211.6060, -2.2708,  
28.4095

■ 129.1620, -8.4609,  
100.7129

■ 227.8600, -0.9170,  
14.1548

■ 112.4350, -9.0885,  
115.3825

■ 244.5870, -0.2894,  
-0.5148

■ 96.1810, -10.4422,  
129.6373

■ 251.7110, 1.6215,  
-6.7625

■ 79.9270, -11.7960,  
143.8920

■ 79.2260, -11.9434,  
144.5068

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



180.1680, 12.2422, 40.1947



178.5110, -4.6889, 57.4339



176.9720, -20.6922, 57.0296

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



178.5110, -4.6889, 57.4339



168.1530, -25.7114, -13.2892



157.7600, 40.5443, -77.8425

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



178.5110, -4.6889, 57.4339



212.4890, 4.6889, -57.4339

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



137.9150, 38.4959, -120.9515



178.5110, -4.6889, 57.4339



161.8250, -8.2947, -46.3275

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



178.5110, -4.6889, 57.4339



171.5760, -33.8080, 17.0348



151.3700, 15.1006, -83.6395



171.7210, 36.6195, -32.2043



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



178.5110, -4.6889, 57.4339



175.4410, -28.8114, 47.8482



151.3700, 15.1006, -83.6395



150.7750, 41.0299, -93.6417

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



178.5110, -4.6889, 57.4339



234.0670, -1.5120, 18.3582



180.1840, 31.4613, 35.7956



115.8380, -0.9061, 10.6661



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



178.5110, -4.6889, 57.4339



172.5560, -6.1901, 72.3034



191.2650, -21.8226, 46.2486



113.9300, -0.4585, 7.0774



60.4020, -9.0722, 110.1494



19.1230, -3.0186, 34.9721



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



178.5110, -4.6889, 57.4339



172.5560, -6.1901, 72.3034



199.7350, 21.8226, -46.2486



113.9300, -0.4585, 7.0774



60.4020, -9.0722, 110.1494



19.1230, -3.0186, 34.9721



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 178.5110, -4.6889, 57.4339 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

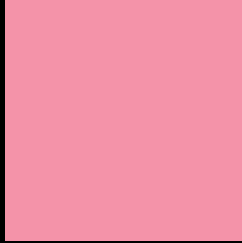
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 178.5110, -4.6889, 57.4339 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 178.5110, -4.6889, 57.4339

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 178.5110, -4.6889, 57.4339.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 178.5110, -4.6889,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

178.5110, -4.6889, 57.4339

### Protanopia

176.4390, 4.2206, -0.3850

### Deuteranopia

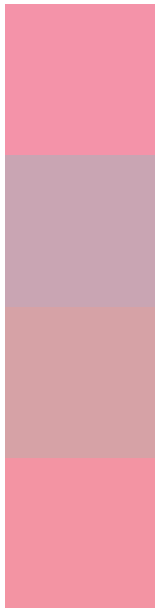
177.5030, -6.1640, 17.0989



## Tritanopia

178.3600, -9.0515, 56.6893

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

178.5110, -4.6889, 57.4339

## Protanomaly

177.3600, 0.8085, 20.7323

## Deuteranomaly

178.0040, -5.9180, 31.5685

## Tritanomaly

178.1150, -7.4517, 56.9041

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

178.5110, -4.6889, 57.4339

## Achromatopsia

179.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

178.6760, -1.8123, 21.3321

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 178.5110, -4.6889, 57.4339 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(244, 147, 169)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(244, 147, 169)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(244, 147, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(244, 147, 169) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 178.5110, -4.6889, 57.4339 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(244, 147, 169) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(244, 147, 169) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(244, 147, 169)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(244, 147, 169); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 147, 169);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 147,  
169) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 178.5110, -4.6889, 57.4339 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(244, 147, 169) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(244,  
147, 169) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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