

# Converting Colors

YUV(179.3690, 10.1711,  
-42.4196)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(179.3690, 10.1711, -42.4196)  
contains.

<b>YUV(179.3690, 10.1711, -42.4196)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(179.3690, 10.1711,  
-42.4196)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	83C8C8
RGB	131, 200, 200
RGB Percent	51%, 78%, 78%
CMY	0.4863, 0.2157, 0.2157
CMYK	0.35, 0.00, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	180°, 39%, 65%
HSV	180°, 34%, 78%
XYZ	40.4397, 50.3040, 62.2218
YIQ	179.3690, -41.1240, -14.6280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

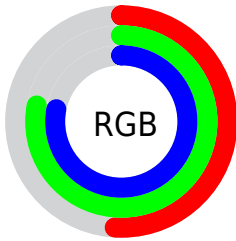
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	131, 166, 200
Decimal	8636616
CIELab	76.26, -21.59, -6.91
CIELCh	76, 22.668, 197.739
Yxy	50.3040, 0.2644, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286826696 (0xFF83C8C8)
YUV	179.3690, 10.1711, -42.4196
Hunter-Lab	70.9253, -22.3434, -2.3666

# Details

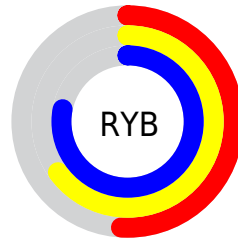
The YUV color **179.3690, 10.1711, -42.4196** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **151.6310, -10.1711, 42.4196**, and the grayscale version is **179.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **234.6680, 10.0237, -41.8048**, and **125.3690, 10.1711, -42.4196** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **173.3890, 13.1192, -54.7152**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **185.3490, 7.2229, -30.1241**.

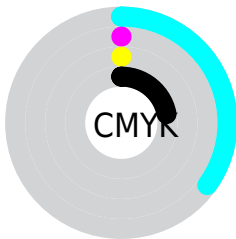
# Distribution



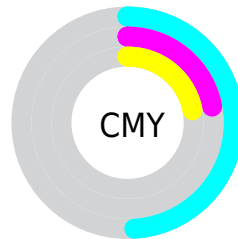
- Red (51%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 179.3690, 10.1711, -42.4196 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 179.3690, 10.1711, -42.4196 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 179.3690, 10.1711,  
-42.4196

■ 179.3690, 10.1711,  
-42.4196

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 152.3690, 10.1711,  
-42.4196

■ 234.6680, 10.0237,  
-41.8048

■ 125.3690, 10.1711,  
-42.4196

■ 243.0400, 5.8963,  
-24.5911

■ 99.0700, 10.3185,  
-43.0344

■ 251.7110, 1.6215,  
-6.7625

■ 71.7920, 11.9345,  
-48.0526

■ 49.8850, 10.9027,  
-43.7491

■ 33.8760, 7.9491,  
-29.7093

■ 20.3290, 4.2748,

-17.8285

■ 0.1140, 0.4368,  
-0.1000

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 179.3690, 10.1711,  
-42.4196

■ 179.3690, 10.1711,  
-42.4196

■ 173.3890, 13.1192,  
-54.7152

■ 185.3490, 7.2229,  
-30.1241

■ 167.4090, 16.0674,  
-67.0107

■ 191.3290, 4.2748,  
-17.8285

■ 161.4290, 19.0155,  
-79.3062

■ 197.3090, 1.3267,  
-5.5330

■ 155.4490, 21.9636,  
-91.6018

■ 203.2890, -1.6215,  
6.7625

■ 149.4690, 24.9118,  
-103.8973

■ 209.2690, -4.5696,  
19.0581

■ 143.4890, 27.8599,  
-116.1929

■ 215.2490, -7.5178,  
31.3536

■ 140.2000, 29.4814,  
-122.9554

■ 216.4450, -8.1074,  
33.8127

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



180.4600, -1.2128, -31.0984



179.3690, 10.1711, -42.4196



180.8450, 18.3174, -41.9601

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



179.3690, 10.1711, -42.4196



191.5900, 12.0341, 13.5146



188.2680, -19.8521, 20.8130

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



179.3690, 10.1711, -42.4196



151.6310, -10.1711, 42.4196

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



189.7840, -15.6695, 32.6384



179.3690, 10.1711, -42.4196



191.9850, 2.9654, 28.9542

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



179.3690, 10.1711, -42.4196



188.9940, 19.2300, -7.8877



191.5700, -7.6760, 35.4571



186.0980, -18.7823, 4.2991



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



179.3690, 10.1711, -42.4196



183.5840, 20.9111, -33.8382



191.5700, -7.6760, 35.4571



188.5290, -18.9948, 25.8461

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



179.3690, 10.1711, -42.4196



247.5250, 3.6852, -15.3694



171.5030, -19.9680, -35.5211



123.2160, 2.3585, -9.8364



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



179.3690, 10.1711, -42.4196



223.6050, 15.4777, -64.5516



159.4110, 20.0104, -24.9164



96.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



114.2630, 24.0273, -100.2087



25.2360, 5.3067, -22.1320



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



159.4970, 19.9680, 35.5211



193.3650, 30.3861, 54.0539



172.1760, -20.2998, 24.4016



93.7170, 2.6045, 4.6332



67.3190, 47.1707, 83.9122

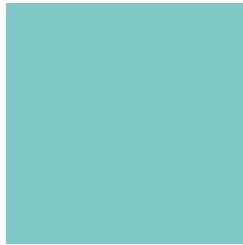


14.8680, 10.4181, 18.5328



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 179.3690, 10.1711, -42.4196 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

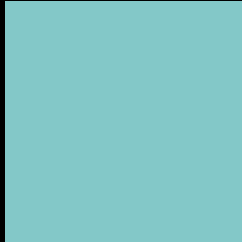
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 179.3690, 10.1711, -42.4196 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

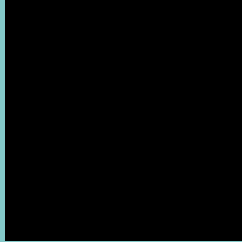
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 179.3690, 10.1711, -42.4196

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 179.3690, 10.1711, -42.4196.



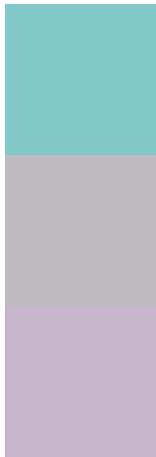
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 179.3690, 10.1711, -42.4196.

-42.4196.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

179.3690, 10.1711, -42.4196

### Protanopia

187.5810, 2.1786, 1.2445

### Deuteranopia

189.2920, 7.2510, 7.6369



## Tritanopia

180.6880, 16.4228, -40.9454

# Trichromacy



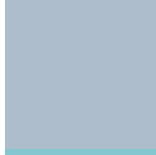
## Original Color

179.3690, 10.1711, -42.4196



## Protanomaly

184.5790, 5.1376, -14.5398



## Deuteranomaly

186.1110, 8.3263, -10.6213



## Tritanomaly

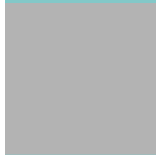
180.4060, 14.0968, -41.5751

# Monochromacy



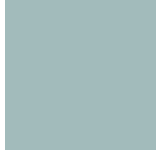
## Original Color

179.3690, 10.1711, -42.4196



## Achromatopsia

179.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

179.5250, 3.6852, -15.3694

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 179.3690, 10.1711, -42.4196 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(131, 200, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(131, 200, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 200, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(131, 200, 200) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 179.3690, 10.1711, -42.4196 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(131, 200, 200) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(131, 200, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(131, 200, 200)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 200, 200); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 200, 200); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 200, 200) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 179.3690, 10.1711, -42.4196 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(131, 200, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(131,  
200, 200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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