

# Converting Colors

YUV(179.5070, 4.1870,  
-36.4016)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(179.5070, 4.1870, -36.4016)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(179.5070, 4.1870,  
-36.4016)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8AC7BC
RGB	138, 199, 188
RGB Percent	54%, 78%, 74%
CMY	0.4588, 0.2196, 0.2627
CMYK	0.31, 0.00, 0.06, 0.22
HSL	169°, 35%, 66%
HSV	169°, 31%, 78%
XYZ	39.9818, 49.8810, 55.0977
YIQ	179.5070, -32.8250, -16.3530

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

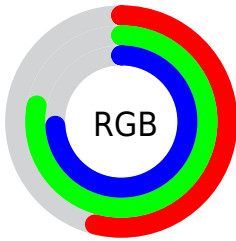
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	138, 172, 199
Decimal	9095100
CIELab	76.00, -21.90, -0.76
CIElCh	76, 21.911, 181.991
Yxy	49.8810, 0.2758, 0.3441
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287285180 (0xFF8AC7BC)
YUV	179.5070, 4.1870, -36.4016
Hunter-Lab	70.6265, -22.5471, 3.1847

# Details

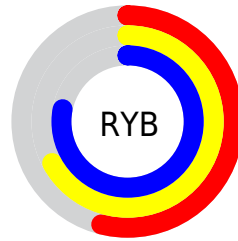
The YUV color  $179.5070, 4.1870, -36.4016$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $99CCCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $157.4930, -4.1870, 36.4016$ , and the grayscale version is  $179.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $235.2080, 4.3345, -37.0164$ , and  $125.9200, 4.4764, -35.8868$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $173.0710, 5.3880, -48.2973$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $185.9430, 2.9861, -24.5060$ .

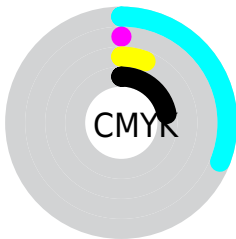
# Distribution



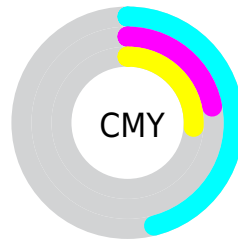
- Red (54%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (26%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 179.5070, 4.1870, -36.4016 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 179.5070, 4.1870, -36.4016 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 179.5070, 4.1870,  
-36.4016

■ 179.5070, 4.1870,  
-36.4016

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 152.5070, 4.1870,  
-36.4016

■ 235.2080, 4.3345,  
-37.0164

■ 125.9200, 4.4764,  
-35.8868

■ 245.1330, 4.8644,  
-20.2876

■ 100.3330, 4.7658,  
-35.3720

■ 253.8040, 0.5896,  
-2.4591

■ 74.7350, 5.0606,  
-36.6016

■ 48.1580, 6.8241,  
-42.2346

■ 32.1490, 3.8705,  
-28.1947

■ 18.7160, 0.6330,

-16.4139

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 179.5070, 4.1870,  
-36.4016

■ 179.5070, 4.1870,  
-36.4016

■ 173.0710, 5.3880,  
-48.2973

■ 185.9430, 2.9861,  
-24.5060

■ 166.7490, 7.0257,  
-60.2929

■ 192.2650, 1.3484,  
-12.5104

■ 160.3130, 8.2267,  
-72.1885

■ 198.7010, 0.1474,  
-0.6148

■ 153.9910, 9.8644,  
-84.1841

■ 205.0230, -1.4903,  
11.3808

■ 147.5550, 11.0654,  
-96.0797

■ 211.4590, -2.6913,  
23.2765

■ 141.4180, 12.1189,  
-107.3606

■ 216.9980, -3.4500,  
33.3278

■ 135.3950, 13.6093,  
-118.7414

■ 217.3400, -2.1396,  
33.0278

■ 217.7960, -0.3924,  
32.6279

■ 218.1380, 0.9180,  
32.3280

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



181.4350, -6.6235, -22.3065



179.5070, 4.1870, -36.4016



179.4060, 14.0968, -41.5751

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



179.5070, 4.1870, -36.4016



189.8490, 15.8504, 2.7634



188.4690, -17.9792, 26.7757

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



179.5070, 4.1870, -36.4016



157.4930, -4.1870, 36.4016

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



190.2340, -11.4544, 33.9978



179.5070, 4.1870, -36.4016



191.1950, 7.7919, 20.8770

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



179.5070, 4.1870, -36.4016



186.4550, 19.9887, -17.9390



190.7420, -1.8448, 31.7983



186.3380, -19.3936, 13.7356



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



179.5070, 4.1870, -36.4016



180.8670, 18.3066, -38.4714



190.7420, -1.8448, 31.7983



188.9470, -16.2429, 29.8645

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



179.5070, 4.1870, -36.4016



247.6670, 1.6432, -13.7400



177.0960, -19.2743, -24.6402



123.1730, 0.9007, -8.9217



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

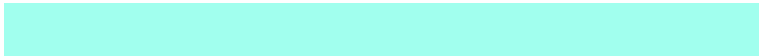


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



179.5070, 4.1870, -36.4016



224.9560, 6.4307, -56.0894



169.6080, 14.4903, -27.7202



96.1950, 0.8899, -5.4330



110.9570, 11.3602, -97.3093



24.4380, 2.2491, -21.4321



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



157.4930, -4.1870, 36.4016



191.0440, -6.4307, 56.0894



167.3920, -14.4903, 27.7202



92.8050, -0.8899, 5.4330



52.0430, -11.3602, 97.3093



11.4480, -2.6859, 21.5321



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 179.5070, 4.1870, -36.4016 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

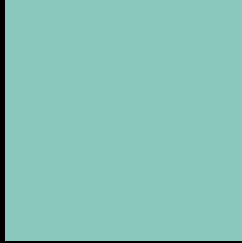
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 179.5070, 4.1870, -36.4016 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

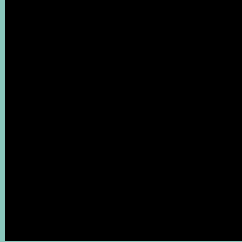
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 179.5070, 4.1870, -36.4016 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 179.5070, 4.1870, -36.4016.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 179.5070, 4.1870,

-36.4016.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

179.5070, 4.1870, -36.4016

### Protanopia

186.9250, -2.9210, 3.5738

### Deuteranopia

188.5330, 1.7092, 11.8106



## Tritanopia

181.8630, 14.3645, -34.0829

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

179.5070, 4.1870, -36.4016

## Protanomaly

184.5210, -0.2569, -10.9809

## Deuteranomaly

185.6510, 2.6371, -5.8329

## Tritanomaly

180.9400, 10.8756, -35.0274

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

179.5070, 4.1870, -36.4016

## Achromatopsia

180.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

179.9660, 1.4958, -13.1252

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 179.5070, 4.1870, -36.4016 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 199, 188)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 199, 188)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 199, 188) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 199, 188) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 179.5070, 4.1870, -36.4016 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 199, 188) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 199, 188) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(138, 199, 188)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 199, 188); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 199, 188);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 199,  
188) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 179.5070, 4.1870, -36.4016 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 199, 188) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138,  
199, 188) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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