

Converting Colors

YUV(179.6180, -0.7977,
-24.2210)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(179.6180, -0.7977, -24.2210)
contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| YUV(179.6180, -0.7977, -24.2210) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**YUV(179.6180, -0.7977,
-24.2210)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex | 98C2B2 |
| RGB | 152, 194, 178 |
| RGB Percent | 60%, 76%, 70% |
| CMY | 0.4039, 0.2392, 0.3020 |
| CMYK | 0.22, 0.00, 0.08, 0.24 |
| HSL | 157°, 26%, 68% |
| HSV | 157°, 22%, 76% |
| XYZ | 40.2766, 48.4733, 49.3530 |
| YIQ | 179.6180, -19.8960, -13.8800 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

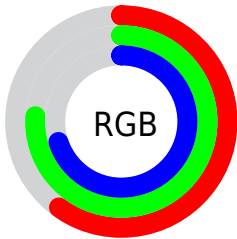
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| RYB | 152, 178, 194 |
| Decimal | 10011314 |
| CIELab | 75.12, -17.21, 3.48 |
| CIELCh | 75, 17.561, 168.584 |
| Yxy | 48.4733, 0.2916, 0.3510 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4288201394 (0xFF98C2B2) |
| YUV | 179.6180, -0.7977, -24.2210 |
| Hunter-Lab | 69.6228, -18.5782, 6.7075 |

Details

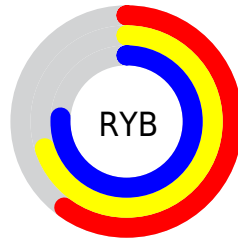
The YUV color $179.6180, -0.7977, -24.2210$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $99CCCC$. A complement of this color would be $166.3820, 0.7977, 24.2210$, and the grayscale version is $180.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $235.9060, -0.9397, -25.3506$, and $126.3300, -0.6557, -23.0914$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $173.1390, -1.0545, -35.2019$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $186.0970, -0.5408, -13.2401$.

Distribution



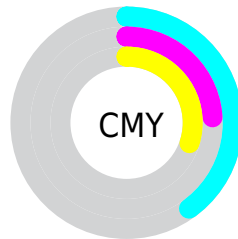
- Red (60%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 179.6180, -0.7977, -24.2210 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 179.6180, -0.7977, -24.2210 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 179.6180, -0.7977,
-24.2210

■ 179.6180, -0.7977,
-24.2210

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 152.9170, -0.9451,
-23.6062

■ 235.9060, -0.9397,
-25.3506

■ 126.3300, -0.6557,
-23.0914

■ 249.0200, 2.9481,
-12.2955

■ 101.3300, -0.6557,
-23.0914

■ 77.1560, -0.0769,
-22.0618

■ 53.2700, 0.3599,
-22.1618

■ 30.7860, 1.0915,
-23.4913

■ 15.7010, -3.3036,

-13.7698

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 179.6180, -0.7977,
-24.2210

■ 179.6180, -0.7977,
-24.2210

■ 173.1390, -1.0545,
-35.2019

■ 186.0970, -0.5408,
-13.2401

■ 166.2470, -1.6008,
-46.6976

■ 192.9890, 0.0054,
-1.7444

■ 159.7680, -1.8576,
-57.6785

■ 199.4680, 0.2623,
9.2366

■ 152.8760, -2.4039,
-69.1743

■ 206.3600, 0.8085,
20.7323

■ 146.3970, -2.6607,
-80.1552

■ 212.8390, 1.0654,
31.7132

■ 139.9180, -2.9176,
-91.1361

■ 215.4310, 3.2385,
34.7020

■ 133.0260, -3.4638,
-102.6318

■ 216.3430, 6.7329,
33.9022

■ 127.5580, -3.7261,
-111.8684

■ 217.1410, 9.7905,
33.2023

■ 218.0530, 13.2849,
32.4025

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



180.9310, -8.8400, -11.3405



179.6180, -0.7977, -24.2210



178.8650, 7.9546, -31.4536

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



179.6180, -0.7977, -24.2210



185.7510, 14.4198, -5.0436



186.5380, -12.5902, 24.9612

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



179.6180, -0.7977, -24.2210



166.3820, 0.7977, 24.2210

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



187.5690, -6.1965, 27.5650



179.6180, -0.7977, -24.2210



187.7700, 8.9874, 10.7257

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



179.6180, -0.7977, -24.2210



182.8200, 16.3577, -20.0131



188.0120, 1.9661, 22.7915



185.3860, -15.4733, 16.3245

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



179.6180, -0.7977, -24.2210



179.3040, 12.1751, -31.8386



188.0120, 1.9661, 22.7915



187.3040, -10.9959, 26.9204

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



179.6180, -0.7977, -24.2210



246.9450, 0.0271, -8.7218



181.4380, -14.5129, -11.7851



124.8530, -0.4205, -5.1331



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



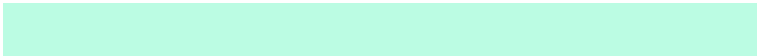
128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



179.6180, -0.7977, -24.2210



229.7150, -1.3385, -37.4611



178.5070, 7.6380, -23.2466



93.5540, -0.2731, -5.7479



105.7930, -3.3489, -92.7805



21.7650, -0.3771, -19.0879

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



166.3820, 0.7977, 24.2210



209.2850, 1.3385, 37.4611



167.4930, -7.6380, 23.2466



90.4460, 0.2731, 5.7479



55.0930, 2.9122, 92.8804



11.3490, 0.8139, 18.9879

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 179.6180, -0.7977, -24.2210 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

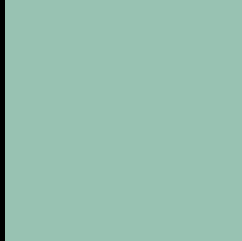
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 179.6180, -0.7977, -24.2210 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

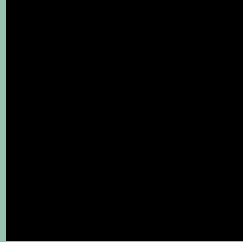
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 179.6180, -0.7977, -24.2210

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 179.6180, -0.7977, -24.2210.



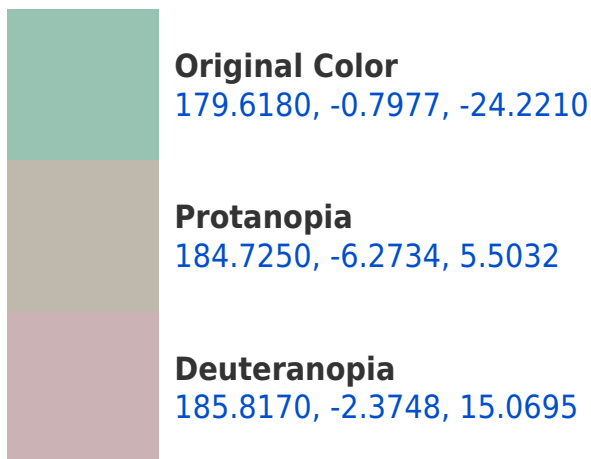
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 179.6180, -0.7977,

-24.2210.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

181.8430, 11.4164, -21.7873

Trichromacy



Original Color

179.6180, -0.7977, -24.2210

Protanomaly

183.1150, -4.4937, -5.3629

Deuteranomaly

183.5440, -1.7472, 0.3999

Tritanomaly

180.6920, 7.0538, -22.5319

Monochromacy



Original Color

179.6180, -0.7977, -24.2210

Achromatopsia

180.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

179.8310, -0.4097, -8.6218

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 179.6180, -0.7977, -24.2210 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 194, 178)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 194, 178)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 194, 178) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 194, 178) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 179.6180, -0.7977, -24.2210 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 194, 178) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 194, 178) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 194, 178)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 194, 178); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 194, 178);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 194,  
178) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 179.6180, -0.7977, -24.2210 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 194, 178) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
194, 178) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor