

# Converting Colors

YUV(179.8470, -45.2806,  
-36.6998)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(179.8470, -45.2806, -36.6998)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(179.8470, -45.2806,  
-36.6998)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8ADB58
RGB	138, 219, 88
RGB Percent	54%, 86%, 35%
CMY	0.4588, 0.1412, 0.6549
CMYK	0.37, 0.00, 0.60, 0.14
HSL	97°, 65%, 60%
HSV	97°, 60%, 86%
XYZ	37.5742, 56.7709, 18.2100
YIQ	179.8470, -6.2250, -57.9130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

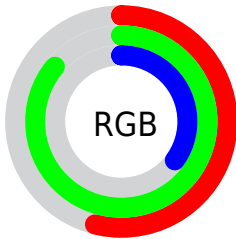
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	88, 219, 169
Decimal	9100120
CIELab	80.05, -47.05, 55.41
CIELCh	80, 72.693, 130.334
Yxy	56.7709, 0.3338, 0.5044
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287290200 (0xFF8ADB58)
YUV	179.8470, -45.2806, -36.6998
Hunter-Lab	75.3465, -42.8409, 38.4131

# Details

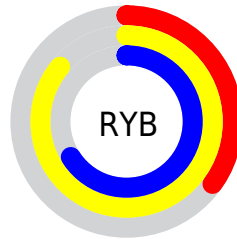
The YUV color **179.8470, -45.2806, -36.6998** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC33**. The color can be described as middle muted chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **127.1530, 45.2806, 36.6998**, and the grayscale version is **180.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **224.1780, -40.5138, -25.5891**, and **123.5480, -45.1332, -37.3146** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **173.1530, -52.8264, -43.1072**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **186.5410, -37.7347, -30.2925**.

# Distribution



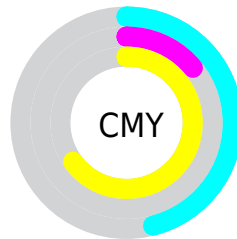
- Red (54%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (35%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Black (14%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (65%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 179.8470, -45.2806, -36.6998 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 179.8470, -45.2806, -36.6998 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 179.8470,  
-45.2806, -36.6998

■ 179.8470,  
-45.2806, -36.6998

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 151.9610,  
-44.8438, -36.7998

■ 224.1780,  
-40.5138, -25.5891

■ 123.5480,  
-45.1332, -37.3146

■ 236.3400,  
-32.7056, -9.9452

■ 95.6680, -47.1643,  
-39.1738

■ 248.5020,  
-24.8975, 5.6987

■ 68.4460, -33.7439,  
-50.3801

■ 251.8080,  
-12.2303, 2.7994

■ 49.8950, -24.5982,  
-43.7579

■ 35.8070, -17.6529,  
-31.4027

■ 23.4800, -11.5756,

-20.5920

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 179.8470,  
-45.2806, -36.6998

■ 179.8470,  
-45.2806, -36.6998

■ 173.1530,  
-52.8264, -43.1072

■ 186.5410,  
-37.7347, -30.2925

■ 166.7580,  
-60.5197, -48.8998

■ 192.9360,  
-30.0414, -24.4999

■ 160.0640,  
-68.0656, -55.3071

■ 199.6300,  
-22.4956, -18.0925

■ 153.6690,  
-75.7588, -61.0997

■ 206.0250,  
-14.8023, -12.2999

■ 212.6050, -7.6933,  
-5.7926

■ 219.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 225.6940, 7.5459,  
6.4074

■ 231.1770, 11.7447,  
12.9998

■ 233.8680, 10.4181,  
18.5328

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



188.2490, -68.1568, 20.8296



179.8470, -45.2806, -36.6998



150.9360, -0.4614, -132.3709

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



179.8470, -45.2806, -36.6998



157.0360, 48.2963, -137.7206



175.7820, 1.0935, 69.4742

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



179.8470, -45.2806, -36.6998



127.1530, 45.2806, 36.6998

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



188.2300, 28.4806, 58.5573



179.8470, -45.2806, -36.6998



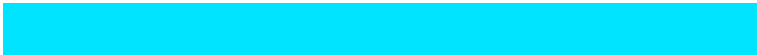
176.6910, 38.6063, -62.8730

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



179.8470, -45.2806, -36.6998



162.9060, 45.4023, -142.8686



198.2280, 27.9886, 29.6180



178.4650, -31.7812, 67.1212



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



179.8470, -45.2806, -36.6998



158.0550, 19.1999, -138.6142



198.2280, 27.9886, 29.6180



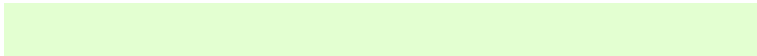
178.4040, 11.1398, 67.1747

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



179.8470, -45.2806, -36.6998



241.3840, -15.9653, -12.6148



174.7160, -42.7510, 38.8371



119.3120, -10.0138, -8.1666



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



179.8470, -45.2806, -36.6998



199.9380, -63.5664, -51.6886



166.6070, -31.3583, -68.9383



106.6530, -3.7729, -3.2037



121.2850, -59.7935, -48.4849



32.3840, -15.9653, -12.6148



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



127.1530, 45.2806, 36.6998



126.0620, 63.5664, 51.6886



140.3930, 31.3583, 68.9383



102.0480, 3.9203, 2.5889



51.7150, 59.7935, 48.4849



13.6160, 15.9653, 12.6148



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 179.8470, -45.2806, -36.6998 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

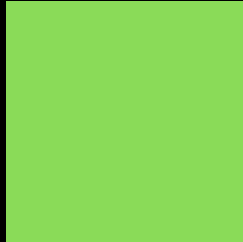
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 179.8470, -45.2806, -36.6998 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

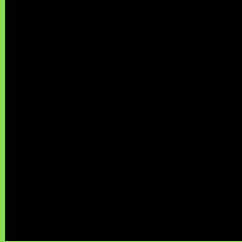
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 179.8470, -45.2806, -36.6998 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 179.8470, -45.2806, -36.6998.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 179.8470, -45.2806, -36.6998.

-36.6998.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

179.8470, -45.2806, -36.6998

### Protanopia

191.3540, -53.9115, 25.1225

### Deuteranopia

194.0710, -47.8560, 42.9107



## Tritanopia

193.1840, 14.2063, -29.9794

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

179.8470, -45.2806, -36.6998

## Protanomaly

187.3080, -50.9308, 2.3609

## Deuteranomaly

188.8240, -46.7482, 14.1864

## Tritanomaly

188.1410, -7.4645, -32.5727

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

179.8470, -45.2806, -36.6998

## Achromatopsia

180.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

179.9710, -16.2547, -13.1296

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 179.8470, -45.2806, -36.6998 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 219, 88)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 219, 88)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 219, 88) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 219, 88) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 179.8470, -45.2806, -36.6998 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 219, 88) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 219, 88) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(138, 219, 88)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 219, 88); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 219, 88);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 219,  
88) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 179.8470, -45.2806, -36.6998 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 219, 88) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138,  
219, 88) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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