

Converting Colors

YUV(18.2150, 14.1910, 21.7364)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(18.2150, 14.1910, 21.7364)
contains.

| | |
|------------------------------------------------|----|
| YUV(18.2150, 14.1910, 21.7364) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 30 |

Color

**YUV(18.2150, 14.1910,
21.7364)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 2B002F |
| RGB | 43, 0, 47 |
| RGB Percent | 17%, 0%, 18% |
| CMY | 0.8314, 1.0000, 0.8157 |
| CMYK | 0.09, 1.00, 0.00, 0.82 |
| HSL | 295°, 100%, 9% |
| HSV | 295°, 100%, 18% |
| XYZ | 1.5094, 0.7188, 2.7485 |
| YIQ | 18.2150, 10.5410, 23.7330 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

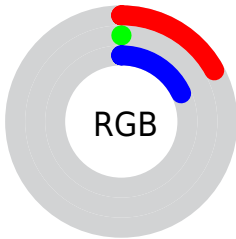
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R_YB | 43, 0, 47 |
| Decimal | 2818095 |
| CIE Lab | 6.49, 28.72, -19.89 |
| CIE LCh | 6, 34.937, 325.302 |
| Yxy | 0.7188, 0.3033, 0.1444 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4281008175 (0xFF2B002F) |
| YUV | 18.2150, 14.1910, 21.7364 |
| Hunter-Lab | 8.4784, 16.9401, -13.2858 |

Details

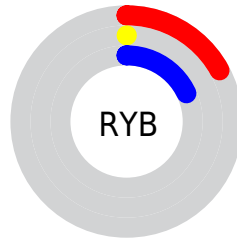
The YUV color **18.2150, 14.1910, 21.7364** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **28.7850, -14.1910, -21.7364**, and the grayscale version is **18.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **64.2260, 14.1856, 23.4808**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.2150, 14.1910, 21.7364**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.1500, 12.7440, 19.1624**.

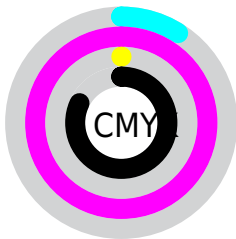
Distribution



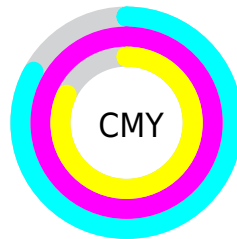
- Red (17%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (18%)



- Red (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (18%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (82%)



- Cyan (83%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (82%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 18.2150, 14.1910, 21.7364 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 18.2150, 14.1910, 21.7364 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.2150, 14.1910,
21.7364

■ 18.2150, 14.1910,
21.7364

■ 238.5640, 8.1029,
14.4144

■ 8.3460, 8.7034,
8.4666

■ 64.2260, 14.1856,
23.4808

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 88.6390, 14.4750,
23.9956

■ 113.4650, 15.0538,
25.0252

■ 139.1770, 15.1957,
26.1548

■ 166.0030, 15.7745,
27.1844

■ 193.4160, 16.0639,

27.6992

■ 221.8290, 16.3533,
28.2140

■ 18.2150, 14.1910,
21.7364

■ 21.1500, 12.7440,
19.1624

■ 23.7970, 11.4391,
17.7180

■ 26.7320, 9.9921,
15.1440

■ 29.9660, 8.3978,
13.1848

■ 32.9010, 6.9508,
10.6108

■ 35.2490, 5.7932,
8.5516

■ 38.4830, 4.1989,
6.5924

■ 41.4180, 2.7519,
4.0184

■ 44.0650, 1.4470,
2.5740

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



16.5740, 22.8880, -14.5354



18.2150, 14.1910, 21.7364



19.8930, 2.5178, 32.5428

Triad

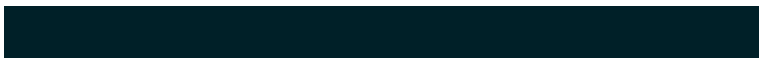
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.2150, 14.1910, 21.7364



19.8350, -9.7787, 9.7917



23.3440, 8.2114, -20.4727

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.2150, 14.1910, 21.7364



28.7850, -14.1910, -21.7364

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



19.9070, -2.4192, -17.4584



18.2150, 14.1910, 21.7364



15.2620, -7.5242, -13.3848

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.2150, 14.1910, 21.7364



17.5750, -8.6645, 25.8057



18.1970, -8.9711, -15.9588



24.2220, 16.6526, -21.2427

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.2150, 14.1910, 21.7364



17.9830, -7.3866, 35.9719



18.1970, -8.9711, -15.9588



22.4320, 4.7170, -19.6729

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.2150, 14.1910, 21.7364



50.1350, 5.3564, 8.6516



8.2930, 19.0826, -7.2730



24.2440, 3.3307, 5.0480



158.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



31.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.2150, 14.1910, 21.7364



23.6980, 18.3899, 28.3289



17.2450, 5.3022, 26.0951



21.8260, 0.5788, 1.0296



33.5390, 26.3563, 39.8693



83.0000, 64.5830, 99.1010

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.5090, -5.1809, 28.4946



18.8090, -6.8078, 37.0015



29.7550, -5.3022, -26.0951



21.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296



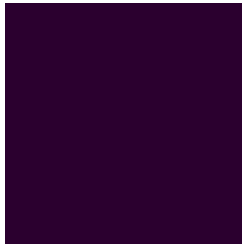
26.8110, -9.7668, 52.7858



66.0380, -23.6827, 129.7627

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 18.2150, 14.1910, 21.7364 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

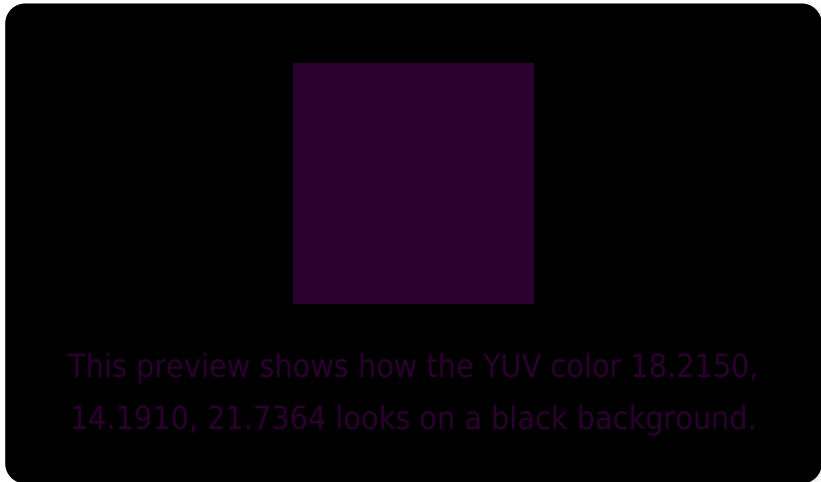
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

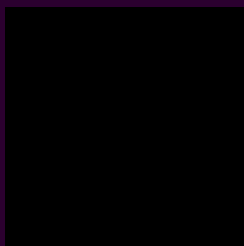
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 18.2150, 14.1910, 21.7364

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 18.2150, 14.1910, 21.7364.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 18.2150, 14.1910,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Protanopia

19.9020, 15.3313, -17.4541

Deuteranopia

22.9690, 10.3683, -12.2508

Tritanopia

24.8060, -2.3694, 13.3251

Trichromacy



Protanomaly

19.2890, 15.1405, -2.8845

Deuteranomaly

21.3880, 11.6407, -0.3403

Tritanomaly

22.1360, 3.8770, 16.5437

Monochromacy



Achromatopsia

18.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

17.8360, 5.5039, 8.0368

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 18.2150, 14.1910, 21.7364 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(43, 0, 47)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(43, 0, 47)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(43, 0, 47) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(43, 0, 47) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 18.2150, 14.1910, 21.7364 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(43, 0, 47) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(43, 0, 47) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(43, 0, 47)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(43, 0, 47); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 0, 47); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(43, 0, 47) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 18.2150, 14.1910, 21.7364 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(43, 0, 47) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(43, 0,  
47) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor