

Converting Colors

YUV(18.7280, 15.9101,
-16.4245)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(18.7280, 15.9101, -16.4245)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(18.7280, 15.9101,
-16.4245)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	001633
RGB	0, 22, 51
RGB Percent	0%, 9%, 20%
CMY	1.0000, 0.9137, 0.8000
CMYK	1.00, 0.57, 0.00, 0.80
HSL	214°, 100%, 10%
HSV	214°, 100%, 20%
XYZ	0.8845, 0.8128, 3.2422
YIQ	18.7280, -22.4210, 4.3550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

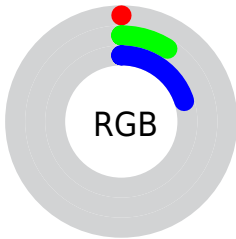
Format	Color
RYB	0, 15, 51
Decimal	5683
CIELab	7.34, 4.55, -21.75
CIELCh	7, 22.217, 281.829
Yxy	0.8128, 0.1791, 0.1646
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278195763 (0xFF001633)
YUV	18.7280, 15.9101, -16.4245
Hunter-Lab	9.0157, 1.7334, -15.0109

Details

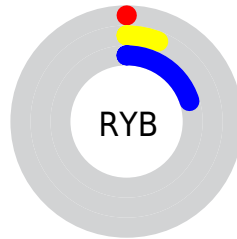
The YUV color **18.7280, 15.9101, -16.4245** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000033**. A complement of this color would be **32.2720, -15.9101, 16.4245**, and the grayscale version is **19.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63.6900, 16.9148, -12.0061**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.7280, 15.9101, -16.4245**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **21.9840, 14.3049, -14.8950**.

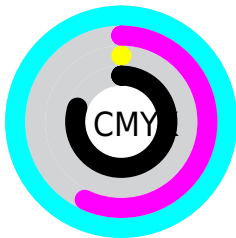
Distribution



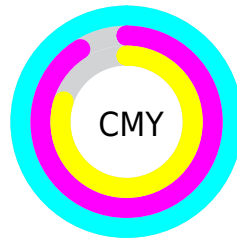
- Red (0%)
- Green (9%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (80%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 18.7280, 15.9101, -16.4245 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 18.7280, 15.9101, -16.4245 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 18.7280, 15.9101,
-16.4245

■ 18.7280, 15.9101,
-16.4245

■ 243.4380, 5.7001,
-8.2771

■ 4.5940, 12.5252,
-4.0289

■ 63.6900, 16.9148,
-12.0061

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 87.2170, 17.6410,
-11.5913

■ 112.3310, 18.0778,
-11.6913

■ 137.4450, 18.5146,
-11.7913

■ 163.9720, 19.2408,
-11.3764

■ 191.0860, 19.6776,

-11.4764

■ 218.6300, 17.9304,
-11.0765

■ 18.7280, 15.9101,
-16.4245

■ 21.9840, 14.3049,
-14.8950

■ 25.2400, 12.6997,
-13.3655

■ 28.4960, 11.0945,
-11.8360

■ 31.7520, 9.4893,
-10.3065

■ 35.3070, 7.7366,
-8.1622

■ 37.9760, 6.4208,
-6.1180

■ 41.2320, 4.8156,
-4.5885

■ 44.4880, 3.2104,
-3.0590

■ 47.7440, 1.6052,
-1.5295

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



21.5490, 14.0263, -18.8985



18.7280, 15.9101, -16.4245



22.7910, 10.4560, 6.3223

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.7280, 15.9101, -16.4245



20.2110, -9.9640, 22.6170



18.6360, -4.7505, -16.3438

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.7280, 15.9101, -16.4245



32.2720, -15.9101, 16.4245

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



16.7460, -8.2558, -12.0552



18.7280, 15.9101, -16.4245



21.6290, -10.6631, 13.4804

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.7280, 15.9101, -16.4245



20.2850, -2.1125, 24.3061



20.6770, -10.1938, 2.9143



21.3890, 3.2592, -18.7582

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.7280, 15.9101, -16.4245



22.5210, 6.6451, 15.3291



20.6770, -10.1938, 2.9143



17.0230, -8.3923, -14.9292

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.7280, 15.9101, -16.4245



53.5630, 6.1314, -6.6328



33.2430, -2.0918, -29.1541



25.3030, 3.7946, -3.7737



161.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



33.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.7280, 15.9101, -16.4245



24.5470, 20.4363, -21.5277



6.7110, 21.8345, -3.2545



23.9290, 1.0210, -0.8147



33.0390, 27.5888, -28.9752



79.9160, 67.5824, -70.0863

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.7570, 2.0918, 29.1541



23.0400, 2.9383, 37.6759



44.2890, -21.8345, 3.2545



24.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444



30.9430, 3.4791, 50.9160



75.4850, 8.6349, 124.1087

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 18.7280, 15.9101, -16.4245 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

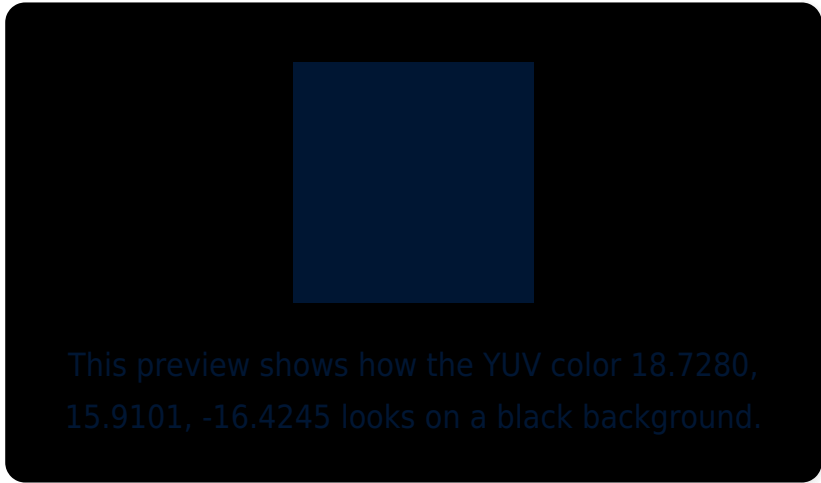
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

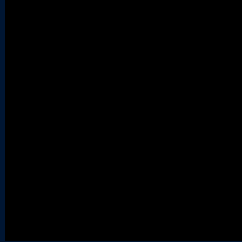
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 18.7280, 15.9101, -16.4245

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 18.7280, 15.9101, -16.4245.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 18.7280, 15.9101,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Protanopia

18.9730, 14.3103, -16.6393

Deuteranopia

18.7620, 10.9633, -16.4543

Tritanopia

18.4540, 4.7062, -16.1842

Trichromacy



Protanomaly

19.0870, 14.7471, -16.7393

Deuteranomaly

18.6310, 12.9999, -16.3394

Tritanomaly

18.7790, 8.4900, -16.4692

Monochromacy



Achromatopsia

19.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

18.8620, 5.9840, -6.0180

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 18.7280, 15.9101, -16.4245 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 22, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 22, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 22, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 22, 51) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 18.7280, 15.9101, -16.4245 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 22, 51) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 22, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 22, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 22, 51); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 22, 51); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 22, 51) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 18.7280, 15.9101, -16.4245 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 22, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 22,  
51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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