

# Converting Colors

YUV(18.8440, -6.8251, -4.2482)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(18.8440, -6.8251, -4.2482)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(18.8440, -6.8251,  
-4.2482)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0E1805
RGB	14, 24, 5
RGB Percent	5%, 9%, 2%
CMY	0.9451, 0.9059, 0.9804
CMYK	0.42, 0.00, 0.79, 0.91
HSL	92°, 66%, 6%
HSV	92°, 79%, 9%
XYZ	0.5351, 0.7576, 0.2616
YIQ	18.8440, 0.1390, -8.0290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

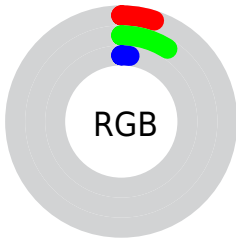
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	5, 24, 15
Decimal	923653
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	6.84, -7.58, 8.06
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	7, 11.059, 133.237
Yxy	0.7576, 0.3443, 0.4874
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279113733 (0xFF0E1805)
YUV	18.8440, -6.8251, -4.2482
Hunter-Lab	8.7039, -4.2575, 4.3108

# Details

The YUV color **18.8440, -6.8251, -4.2482** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **10.1560, 6.8251, 4.2482**, and the grayscale version is **19.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **61.3000, -5.0779, -4.6481**, and **0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18.3170, -7.5513, -4.6630**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19.3710, -6.0989, -3.8334**.

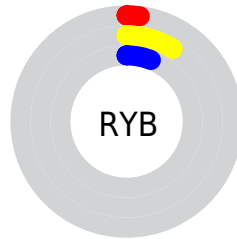
# Distribution



Red (5%)

Green (9%)

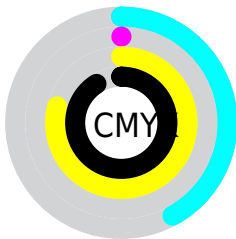
Blue (2%)



Red (2%)

Yellow (9%)

Blue (6%)

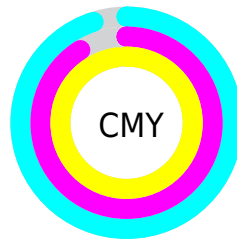


Cyan (42%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (79%)

Black (91%)



Cyan (95%)

Magenta (91%)

Yellow (98%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 18.8440, -6.8251, -4.2482 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 18.8440, -6.8251, -4.2482 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 18.8440, -6.8251,  
-4.2482

■ 18.8440, -6.8251,  
-4.2482

■ 243.8330, -6.8197,  
-5.9925

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 61.3000, -5.0779,  
-4.6481

■ 84.8870, -5.3673,  
-5.1629

■ 108.7730, -5.8041,  
-5.0629

■ 134.6590, -6.2409,  
-4.9629

■ 160.6590, -6.2409,  
-4.9629

■ 187.3600, -6.0935,

-5.5777

■ 215.2460, -6.5303,  
-5.4777

■ 18.8440, -6.8251,  
-4.2482

■ 18.8440, -6.8251,  
-4.2482

■ 18.3170, -7.5513,  
-4.6630

■ 19.3710, -6.0989,  
-3.8334

■ 17.3770, -8.5669,  
-5.5926

■ 20.3110, -5.0833,  
-2.9037

■ 20.8380, -4.3571,  
-2.4889

■ 21.4790, -3.1941,  
-2.1741

■ 22.0060, -2.4680,  
-1.7593

■ 22.8320, -1.8892,  
-0.7297

■ 23.4730, -0.7262,  
-0.4148

■ 24.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 24.6410, 1.1630,  
0.3148

# Harmonies

## Analogous

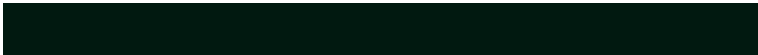
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



20.0900, -9.9044, 3.4291



18.8440, -6.8251, -4.2482



16.7980, -0.3934, -13.8548

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



18.8440, -6.8251, -4.2482



18.0890, 8.3371, -14.1101



21.6210, -1.7852, 12.6104

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18.8440, -6.8251, -4.2482



10.1560, 6.8251, 4.2482

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.2230, 1.8621, 9.4514



18.8440, -6.8251, -4.2482



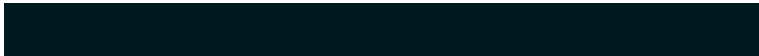
21.1010, 6.8522, -4.4736

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



18.8440, -6.8251, -4.2482



18.2090, 6.3060, -15.9693



21.9880, 4.9359, 3.5185



21.2420, -7.0213, 12.0658



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18.8440, -6.8251, -4.2482



17.7700, 2.0854, -15.5843



21.9880, 4.9359, 3.5185



21.6640, -0.3274, 11.6957

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18.8440, -6.8251, -4.2482



28.8920, -2.9048, -1.6593



16.5510, -5.6946, 6.5328



13.9460, -1.4524, -0.8296



143.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



15.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

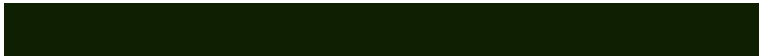


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18.8440, -6.8251, -4.2482



22.9100, -10.3086, -6.9371



16.1530, -5.4984, -9.7812



12.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148



55.9630, -27.5898, -17.5076



148.7510, -73.3342, -45.3856



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.1560, 6.8251, 4.2482



9.7910, 10.4560, 6.3223



12.8470, 5.4984, 9.7812



11.5270, 0.7262, 0.4148



20.7380, 27.7372, 16.8928

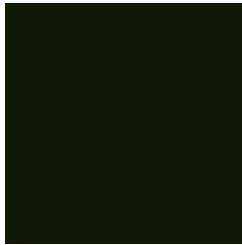


55.2490, 73.3342, 45.3856



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 18.8440, -6.8251, -4.2482 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

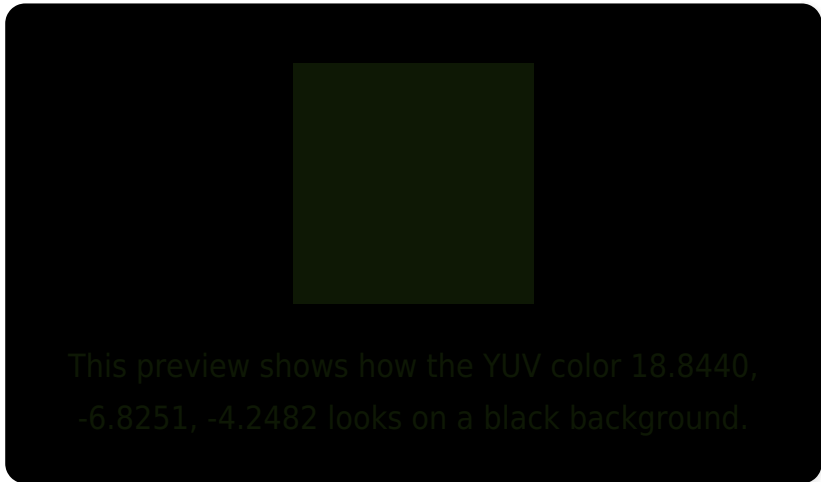
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 18.8440, -6.8251, -4.2482

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 18.8440, -6.8251, -4.2482.



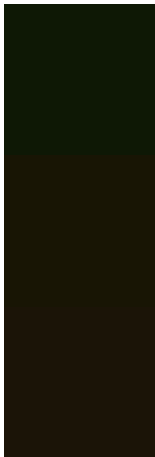
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 18.8440, -6.8251, -4.2482.

-4.2482.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

18.8440, -6.8251, -4.2482

### Protanopia

19.9590, -7.8678, 3.5440

### Deuteranopia

20.6110, -6.7102, 5.6032



## Tritanopia

20.7330, 1.6106, -3.2738

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

18.8440, -6.8251, -4.2482

## Protanomaly

19.3500, -7.5675, 0.5701

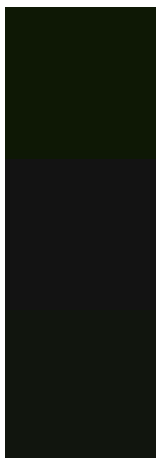
## Deuteranomaly

19.5890, -6.6994, 2.1144

## Tritanomaly

20.2230, -1.5889, -3.7036

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

18.8440, -6.8251, -4.2482

## Achromatopsia

19.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

19.0060, -2.4680, -1.7593

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 18.8440, -6.8251, -4.2482 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(14, 24, 5)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(14, 24, 5)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(14, 24, 5) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(14, 24, 5) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 18.8440, -6.8251, -4.2482 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(14, 24, 5) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(14, 24, 5) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(14, 24, 5)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(14, 24, 5); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(14, 24, 5); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(14, 24, 5) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 18.8440, -6.8251, -4.2482 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(14, 24, 5) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(14, 24,  
5) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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