

# Converting Colors

YUV(180.2210, -14.8990,  
65.5812)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(180.2210, -14.8990, 65.5812)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(180.2210, -14.8990,  
65.5812)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FF9496
RGB	255, 148, 150
RGB Percent	100%, 58%, 59%
CMY	0.0000, 0.4196, 0.4118
CMYK	0.00, 0.42, 0.41, 0.00
HSL	359°, 100%, 79%
HSV	359°, 42%, 100%
XYZ	57.3349, 44.6418, 34.4490
YIQ	180.2210, 63.1300, 23.3060

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

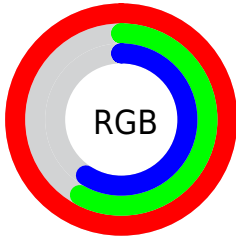
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 148, 150
Decimal	16749718
CIE Lab	72.66, 40.34, 16.57
CIE LCh	73, 43.608, 22.337
Yxy	44.6418, 0.4203, 0.3272
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294939798 (0xFFFF9496)
YUV	180.2210, -14.8990, 65.5812
Hunter-Lab	66.8145, 36.2491, 16.2007

# Details

The YUV color **180.2210, -14.8990, 65.5812** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **222.7790, 14.8990, -65.5812**, and the grayscale version is **180.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **218.6620, -7.2284, 31.8684**, and **125.3560, -12.9935, 61.0778** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **162.6960, -18.5841, 80.9506**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **198.3330, -11.5032, 49.6970**.

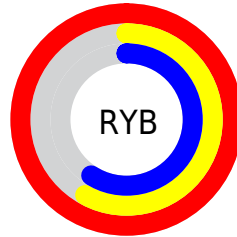
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (58%)

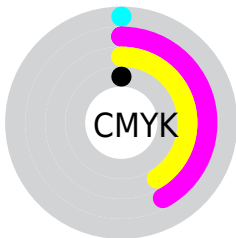
Blue (59%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (59%)

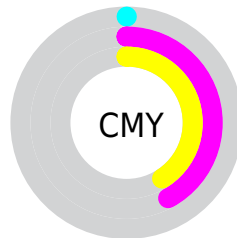


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (41%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (41%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 180.2210, -14.8990, 65.5812 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 180.2210, -14.8990, 65.5812 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



180.2210,  
-14.8990, 65.5812

180.2210,  
-14.8990, 65.5812

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

152.4380,  
-14.0199, 63.6369

218.6620, -7.2284,  
31.8684

125.3560,  
-12.9935, 61.0778

238.8770, -3.3904,  
14.1399

98.6870, -11.6777,  
59.0335

72.8330, -9.7777,  
56.2745

45.0440, -6.4307,  
56.0894

25.5440, -8.1562,  
49.5119

16.4450, -8.1074,

33.8127

■ 5.9800, -2.9481,  
12.2955

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 180.2210,  
-14.8990, 65.5812

■ 180.2210,  
-14.8990, 65.5812

■ 162.6960,  
-18.5841, 80.9506

■ 198.3330,  
-11.5032, 49.6970

■ 144.5840,  
-21.9799, 96.8348

■ 215.8580, -7.8180,  
34.3275

■ 127.0590,  
-25.6651, 112.2043

■ 233.9700, -4.4222,  
18.4433

■ 108.9470,  
-29.0609, 128.0885

■ 251.4950, -0.7370,  
3.0739

■ 91.4220, -32.7460, 255.0000, 0.0000,  
143.4579 0.0000

■ 76.8150, -35.4048,  
156.2682

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



182.1010, 3.8942, 57.7934



180.2210, -14.8990, 65.5812



178.3280, -30.7277, 55.8403

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



180.2210, -14.8990, 65.5812



166.4430, -18.9524, -34.5915



166.0700, 43.8425, -62.3284

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



180.2210, -14.8990, 65.5812



222.7790, 14.8990, -65.5812

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



141.8250, 48.4003, -124.3805



180.2210, -14.8990, 65.5812



156.0690, 4.8960, -77.2365

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



180.2210, -14.8990, 65.5812



172.3630, -34.1960, 1.4356



140.4110, 32.8284, -123.1404



179.6250, 35.6809, -11.0721



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



180.2210, -14.8990, 65.5812



177.2200, -37.0835, 41.0261



140.4110, 32.8284, -123.1404



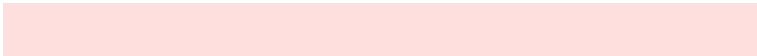
159.3340, 46.6703, -82.7309

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



180.2210, -14.8990, 65.5812



231.8670, -4.8644, 20.2876



190.9950, 31.5545, 52.6244



113.2790, -3.0955, 12.9103



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



180.2210, -14.8990, 65.5812



166.2010, -17.8471, 77.8767



209.3430, -30.2421, 40.0412



118.8870, -1.9163, 7.9921



57.5650, -26.4075, 117.0225



19.2500, -8.9972, 39.2458



# Inverse Universe

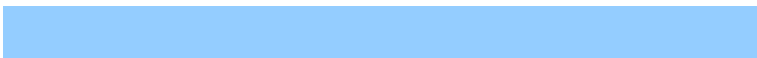
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



180.2210, -14.8990, 65.5812



166.2010, -17.8471, 77.8767



193.6570, 30.2421, -40.0412



118.8870, -1.9163, 7.9921



57.5650, -26.4075, 117.0225



19.2500, -8.9972, 39.2458



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 180.2210, -14.8990, 65.5812 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

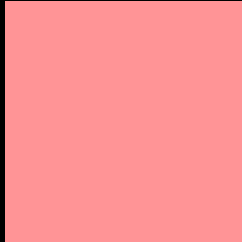
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 180.2210, -14.8990, 65.5812 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 180.2210, -14.8990, 65.5812 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 180.2210, -14.8990, 65.5812.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 180.2210, -14.8990,

65.5812.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

180.2210, -14.8990, 65.5812

### Protanopia

178.6110, -6.7102, 5.6032

### Deuteranopia

179.5010, -16.5160, 24.1166



## Tritanopia

180.5460, -11.1152, 65.2962

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

180.2210, -14.8990, 65.5812



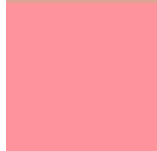
## Protanomaly

179.0590, -9.3961, 27.1353



## Deuteranomaly

179.4150, -15.9806, 39.1010



## Tritanomaly

180.2040, -12.4256, 65.5961

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

180.2210, -14.8990, 65.5812



## Achromatopsia

180.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



## Achromatomaly

179.7750, -5.3121, 23.8763

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 180.2210, -14.8990, 65.5812 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 148, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 148, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 148, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 148, 150) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 180.2210, -14.8990, 65.5812 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 148, 150) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 148, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 148, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 148, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 148, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 148,  
150) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 180.2210, -14.8990, 65.5812 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 148, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
148, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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