

Converting Colors

YUV(180.6050, 9.0687,
-15.4396)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(180.6050, 9.0687, -15.4396)
contains.

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Color

**YUV(180.6050, 9.0687,
-15.4396)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A3BAC7
RGB	163, 186, 199
RGB Percent	64%, 73%, 78%
CMY	0.3608, 0.2706, 0.2196
CMYK	0.18, 0.07, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	202°, 24%, 71%
HSV	202°, 18%, 78%
XYZ	42.9720, 47.0279, 60.8453
YIQ	180.6050, -17.8810, -0.8330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

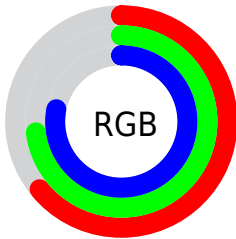
Format	Color
R_{YB}	163, 177, 199
Decimal	10730183
CIE _{Lab}	74.21, -5.07, -9.20
CIE _{LCh}	74, 10.510, 241.142
Yxy	47.0279, 0.2849, 0.3118
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288920263 (0xFFA3BAC7)
YUV	180.6050, 9.0687, -15.4396
Hunter-Lab	68.5769, -8.1570, -4.6016

Details

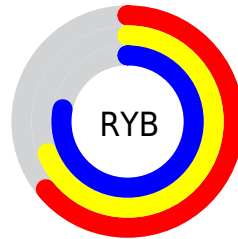
The YUV color $180.6050, 9.0687, -15.4396$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $99CCCC$. A complement of this color would be $181.3950, -9.0687, 15.4396$, and the grayscale version is $181.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $236.3060, 9.2161, -16.0544$, and $127.7900, 8.4845, -14.7248$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $170.5160, 14.0426, -24.1315$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $190.6940, 4.0949, -6.7476$.

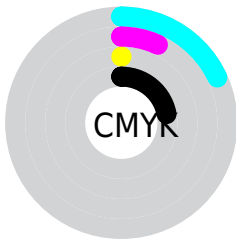
Distribution



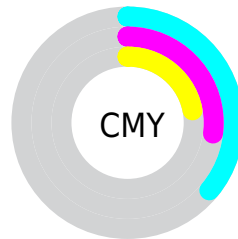
- Red (64%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 180.6050, 9.0687, -15.4396 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 180.6050, 9.0687, -15.4396 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 180.6050, 9.0687,
-15.4396

■ 180.6050, 9.0687,
-15.4396

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 153.6050, 9.0687,
-15.4396

■ 236.3060, 9.2161,
-16.0544

■ 127.7900, 8.4845,
-14.7248

■ 252.6080, 1.1793,
-4.9182

■ 102.6760, 8.0477,
-14.6249

■ 78.0890, 8.3371,
-14.1101

■ 54.9750, 7.9003,
-14.0101

■ 33.5620, 7.6109,
-14.5249

■ 13.7580, 7.0213,

-12.0658

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 180.6050, 9.0687,
-15.4396

■ 180.6050, 9.0687,
-15.4396

■ 170.5160, 14.0426,
-24.1315

■ 190.6940, 4.0949,
-6.7476

■ 160.4270, 19.0165,
-32.8235

■ 200.7830, -0.8790,
1.9443

■ 149.7510, 24.2798,
-41.0006

■ 211.4590, -6.1423,
10.1215

■ 139.6620, 29.2536,
-49.6926

■ 221.5480,
-11.1162, 18.8134

■ 129.8720, 34.0801,
-57.7697

■ 229.2450,
-14.9108, 22.5871

■ 119.7830, 39.0540,
-66.4617

■ 233.3540,
-16.9365, 18.9835

■ 109.6940, 44.0279,
-75.1536

■ 237.4630,
-18.9623, 15.3799

■ 99.6050, 49.0017,
-83.8456

■ 241.5720,
-20.9880, 11.7764

■ 97.2350, 50.1701,
-85.2751

■ 246.2680,
-23.3031, 7.6580

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



179.7850, 6.0220, -18.2284



180.6050, 9.0687, -15.4396



182.1760, 9.7732, -8.0474

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



180.6050, 9.0687, -15.4396



184.4580, -1.2118, 15.3843



181.0400, -7.4147, -1.7891

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



180.6050, 9.0687, -15.4396



181.3950, -9.0687, 15.4396

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



182.2260, -9.4784, 6.8178



180.6050, 9.0687, -15.4396



184.3180, -5.5798, 16.3841

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



180.6050, 9.0687, -15.4396



184.3910, 3.7512, 10.1811



183.4980, -8.6265, 13.5953



179.7230, -3.3144, -10.2811

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



180.6050, 9.0687, -15.4396



183.1660, 8.2992, -1.8996



183.4980, -8.6265, 13.5953



181.4210, -8.5886, 1.3848

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



180.6050, 9.0687, -15.4396



248.1780, 3.3632, -5.4181



185.6140, -4.7397, -19.8325



123.8470, 2.0474, -3.3738



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



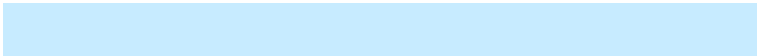
128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



180.6050, 9.0687, -15.4396



226.5160, 14.0426, -24.1315



170.0390, 14.2778, -6.1732



94.5480, 2.1948, -3.9886



79.6300, 41.1014, -69.8355



17.6050, 9.0687, -15.4396

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



176.3860, 4.7397, 19.8325



219.8480, 7.4699, 30.8283



191.9610, -14.2778, 6.1732



93.3750, 1.2941, 4.9331



60.5930, 21.3997, 89.8109



13.3860, 4.7397, 19.8325

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 180.6050, 9.0687, -15.4396 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

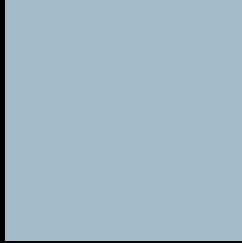
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 180.6050, 9.0687, -15.4396 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

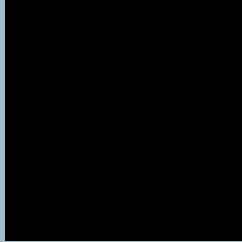
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

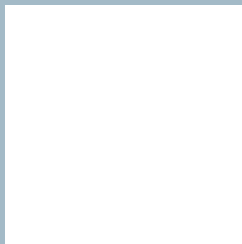
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 180.6050, 9.0687, -15.4396

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 180.6050, 9.0687, -15.4396.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 180.6050, 9.0687, -15.4396.

-15.4396.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

180.6050, 9.0687, -15.4396

Protanopia

182.7100, 6.5520, -1.4997

Deuteranopia

183.9220, 8.4195, 6.2074



Tritanopia

180.8330, 9.9423, -15.6395

Trichromacy



Original Color

180.6050, 9.0687, -15.4396

Protanomaly

181.9050, 7.4418, -6.9327

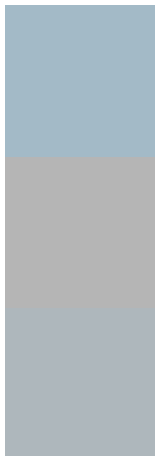
Deuteranomaly

182.5790, 8.5886, -1.3848

Tritanomaly

180.7190, 9.5055, -15.5396

Monochromacy



Original Color

180.6050, 9.0687, -15.4396

Achromatopsia

181.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

180.8790, 3.5107, -6.0329

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 180.6050, 9.0687, -15.4396 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 186, 199)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 186, 199)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 186, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 186, 199) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 180.6050, 9.0687, -15.4396 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 186, 199) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 186, 199) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 186, 199)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 186, 199); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 186, 199);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 186,  
199) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 180.6050, 9.0687, -15.4396 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 186, 199) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163,  
186, 199) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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