

# Converting Colors

YUV(180.8200, -27.0263,  
35.2379)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(180.8200, -27.0263, 35.2379)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(180.8200, -27.0263,  
35.2379)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DDAB7E
RGB	221, 171, 126
RGB Percent	87%, 67%, 49%
CMY	0.1333, 0.3294, 0.5059
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.43, 0.13
HSL	28°, 58%, 68%
HSV	28°, 43%, 87%
XYZ	48.1476, 46.0043, 26.0807
YIQ	180.8200, 44.2450, -3.3950

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

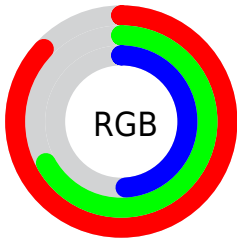
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	221, 212, 126
Decimal	14527358
CIE Lab	73.55, 12.60, 30.19
CIE LCh	74, 32.708, 67.350
Yxy	46.0043, 0.4005, 0.3826
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292717438 (0xFFDDAB7E)
YUV	180.8200, -27.0263, 35.2379
Hunter-Lab	67.8265, 8.0144, 24.6803

# Details

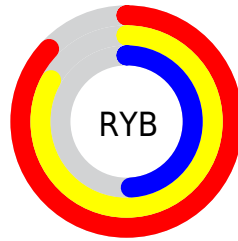
The YUV color  $180.8200, -27.0263, 35.2379$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CC9966$ . A complement of this color would be  $166.1800, 27.0263, -35.2379$ , and the grayscale version is  $181.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $229.3130, -24.8043, 22.5275$ , and  $127.5530, -25.4156, 31.9640$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $171.2680, -33.1631, 43.6150$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $190.3720, -20.8894, 26.8608$ .

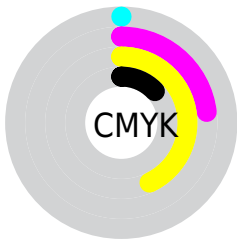
# Distribution



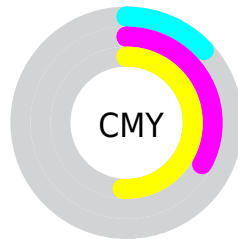
- Red (87%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 180.8200, -27.0263, 35.2379 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 180.8200, -27.0263, 35.2379 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



180.8200,  
-27.0263, 35.2379

180.8200,  
-27.0263, 35.2379

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

153.4500,  
-25.8578, 33.8084

229.3130,  
-24.8043, 22.5275

127.5530,  
-25.4156, 31.9640

249.5280,  
-20.9663, 4.7989

101.8840,  
-24.0998, 29.9197

252.7200, -8.7360,  
1.9996

77.1010, -23.2208,  
27.9754

53.7910, -23.0680,  
25.6163

33.1910, -16.3632,  
21.7575

11.9270, -5.8800,

19.3580

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 180.8200,  
-27.0263, 35.2379

■ 180.8200,  
-27.0263, 35.2379

■ 171.2680,  
-33.1631, 43.6150

■ 190.3720,  
-20.8894, 26.8608

■ 162.3030,  
-39.5894, 51.4773

■ 199.3370,  
-14.4631, 18.9985

■ 152.7510,  
-45.7262, 59.8544

■ 208.8890, -8.3263,  
10.6213

■ 143.1990,  
-51.8631, 68.2315

■ 218.4410, -2.1894,  
2.2442

■ 134.1200,  
-58.7262, 76.1938

■ 227.5200, 4.6736,  
-5.7180

■ 127.7140,  
-62.9630, 81.8118

■ 236.6160, 9.0633,  
-13.6952

■ 243.0730, 5.8800,  
-19.3580

■ 244.8340, 5.0118,  
-20.9024

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



182.6010, -18.0443, 47.7079



180.8200, -27.0263, 35.2379



178.0470, -28.1242, 13.9908

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



180.8200, -27.0263, 35.2379



165.0630, 10.8149, -62.3223



183.7880, 21.7965, 8.9559

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



180.8200, -27.0263, 35.2379



166.1800, 27.0263, -35.2379

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



179.0550, 30.0459, -23.7272



180.8200, -27.0263, 35.2379



164.1940, 25.5404, -72.0841

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



180.8200, -27.0263, 35.2379



170.0370, -6.4272, -38.6204



170.6120, 31.7433, -54.9107



185.0380, 9.3483, 35.0467



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



180.8200, -27.0263, 35.2379



175.9740, -24.1442, -2.6082



170.6120, 31.7433, -54.9107



182.9330, 25.1760, -1.6952

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



180.8200, -27.0263, 35.2379



241.2590, -9.4947, 12.0509



160.2190, 8.2730, 53.3049



119.1490, -5.9895, 7.7623



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



180.8200, -27.0263, 35.2379



198.7480, -37.8368, 49.3330



208.4090, -40.6276, 11.0423



105.2240, -3.0684, 4.1886



99.8610, -49.2315, 64.1429



26.6680, -13.1473, 16.9542

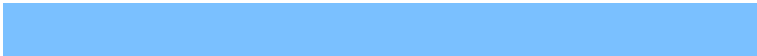


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



166.1800, 27.0263, -35.2379



178.2520, 37.8368, -49.3330



138.5910, 40.6276, -11.0423



103.1890, 3.3578, -3.6738



73.1390, 49.2315, -64.1429

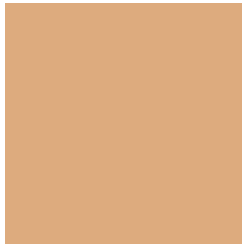


19.3320, 13.1473, -16.9542



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 180.8200, -27.0263, 35.2379 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 180.8200, -27.0263, 35.2379 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

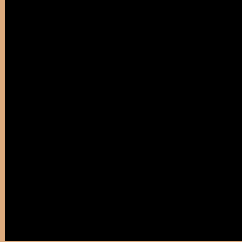
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 180.8200, -27.0263, 35.2379

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 180.8200, -27.0263, 35.2379.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 180.8200, -27.0263,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

180.8200, -27.0263, 35.2379

### Protanopia

179.3720, -24.3404, 13.7058

### Deuteranopia

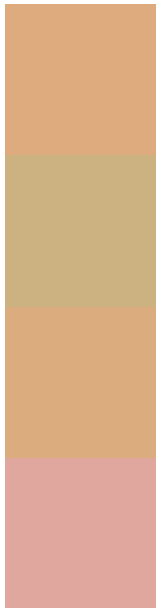
180.4990, -26.8680, 31.1344



## Tritanopia

184.0200, -3.4609, 36.8165

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

180.8200, -27.0263, 35.2379

## Protanomaly

179.6010, -24.9463, 21.3979

## Deuteranomaly

180.5100, -26.8734, 32.8787

## Tritanomaly

183.0170, -12.3334, 35.9421

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

180.8200, -27.0263, 35.2379

## Achromatopsia

181.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

180.8570, -9.7895, 13.2804

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 180.8200, -27.0263, 35.2379 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(221, 171, 126)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(221, 171, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(221, 171, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(221, 171, 126) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 180.8200, -27.0263, 35.2379 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(221, 171, 126) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(221, 171, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(221, 171, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(221, 171, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 171, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 171,  
126) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 180.8200, -27.0263, 35.2379 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(221, 171, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(221,  
171, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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