

# Converting Colors

YUV(181.0120, -55.2219,  
25.4225)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(181.0120, -55.2219, 25.4225)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(181.0120, -55.2219,  
25.4225)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D2BC45
RGB	210, 188, 69
RGB Percent	82%, 74%, 27%
CMY	0.1765, 0.2627, 0.7294
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.67, 0.18
HSL	51°, 61%, 55%
HSV	51°, 67%, 82%
XYZ	45.6357, 50.0977, 12.8948
YIQ	181.0120, 51.3110, -32.3450

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

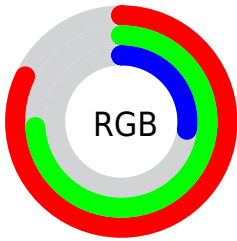
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">95, 210, 69</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13810757</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">76.13, -5.58, 60.63</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">76, 60.884, 95.263</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">50.0977, 0.4201, 0.4612</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292000837</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFD2BC45</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">181.0120, -55.2219, 25.4225</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">70.7798, -8.7755, 38.7443</a>

# Details

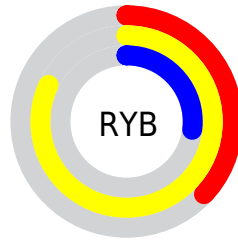
The YUV color **181.0120, -55.2219, 25.4225** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. The color can be described as light muted orange. A complement of this color would be **97.9880, 55.2219, -25.4225**, and the grayscale version is **182.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **233.4950, -54.4740, 18.8599**, and **124.8070, -61.0369, 23.8483** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **176.8570, -63.5265, 29.0664**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **185.1670, -46.9173, 21.7785**.

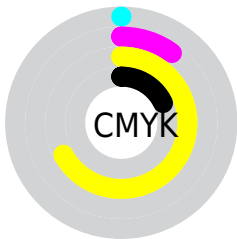
# Distribution



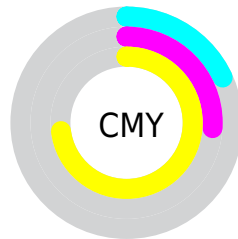
- Red (82%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (27%)



- Red (37%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (27%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (73%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 181.0120, -55.2219, 25.4225 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 181.0120, -55.2219, 25.4225 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 181.0120,  
-55.2219, 25.4225

■ 181.0120,  
-55.2219, 25.4225

■ 255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 153.3000,  
-55.3639, 24.2929

■ 233.4950,  
-54.4740, 18.8599

■ 124.8070,  
-61.0369, 23.8483

■ 243.0300,  
-45.8638, 10.4977

■ 101.6460,  
-50.1115, 19.6045

■ 246.2220,  
-33.6334, 7.6983

■ 79.4850, -39.1861,  
15.3607

■ 249.5280,  
-20.9663, 4.7989

■ 57.9110, -28.5501,  
10.6021

■ 252.8340, -8.2992,  
1.8996

■ 37.2230, -18.3509,  
5.9434

■ 18.2960, -9.0199,

-0.2596

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 181.0120,  
-55.2219, 25.4225

■ 181.0120,  
-55.2219, 25.4225

■ 176.8570,  
-63.5265, 29.0664

■ 185.1670,  
-46.9173, 21.7785

■ 172.1150,  
-71.5417, 33.2251

■ 189.9090,  
-38.9021, 17.6198

■ 167.9600,  
-79.8463, 36.8691

■ 194.0640,  
-30.5976, 13.9759

■ 166.6890,  
-82.1777, 37.9837

■ 198.2190,  
-22.2930, 10.3319

■ 202.3740,  
-13.9884, 6.6880

■ 207.1160, -5.9732,  
2.5293

■ 211.2710, 2.3314,  
-1.1147

■ 215.4260, 10.6360,  
-4.7586

■ 219.2390, 17.6302,  
-8.1026

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



184.4370, -49.5154, 61.8838



181.0120, -55.2219, 25.4225



174.6840, -41.2562, -20.7709

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



181.0120, -55.2219, 25.4225



154.2320, 47.7066, -135.2615



189.4380, 22.9551, 57.4979

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



181.0120, -55.2219, 25.4225



97.9880, 55.2219, -25.4225

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



189.2690, 32.4054, 12.9191



181.0120, -55.2219, 25.4225



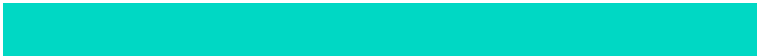
149.9920, 51.7689, -131.5430

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



181.0120, -55.2219, 25.4225



149.1360, 23.1040, -130.7923



170.4890, 41.6639, -63.5729



177.7710, 1.0989, 67.7298



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



181.0120, -55.2219, 25.4225



167.2630, -22.8077, -58.1127



170.4890, 41.6639, -63.5729



193.3920, 29.3867, 47.8912

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



181.0120, -55.2219, 25.4225



244.4900, -19.9616, 9.2173



113.8950, -10.3012, 84.2841



121.5310, -12.0938, 5.6733



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



181.0120, -55.2219, 25.4225



212.6180, -81.1567, 37.1690



179.8730, -54.6604, -14.7976



102.5720, -4.2260, 2.1294



133.5860, -65.8579, 30.1811



32.2170, -15.8830, 7.7027



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97.9880, 55.2219, -25.4225



90.9690, 80.8673, -37.6838



99.1270, 54.6604, 14.7976



96.4280, 4.2260, -2.1294



34.4140, 65.8579, -30.1811



8.1960, 16.1724, -7.1879



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 181.0120, -55.2219, 25.4225 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

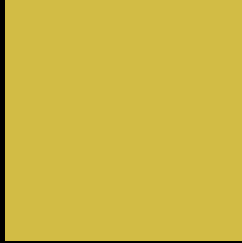
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 181.0120, -55.2219, 25.4225 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 181.0120, -55.2219, 25.4225

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 181.0120, -55.2219, 25.4225.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 181.0120, -55.2219, 25.4225.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

181.0120, -55.2219, 25.4225

### Protanopia

181.0120, -55.2219, 25.4225

### Deuteranopia

182.6600, -54.5554, 45.0252



## Tritanopia

190.7520, -0.3707, 25.6505

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

181.0120, -55.2219, 25.4225

## Protanomaly

181.0120, -55.2219, 25.4225

## Deuteranomaly

182.2030, -54.8231, 37.5330

## Tritanomaly

186.8880, -20.1578, 25.5312

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

181.0120, -55.2219, 25.4225

## Achromatopsia

181.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

181.3760, -20.3984, 9.3172

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 181.0120, -55.2219, 25.4225 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(210, 188, 69)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(210, 188, 69)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(210, 188, 69) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(210, 188, 69) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 181.0120, -55.2219, 25.4225 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(210, 188, 69) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(210, 188, 69) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(210, 188, 69)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(210, 188, 69); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 188, 69);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 188,  
69) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 181.0120, -55.2219, 25.4225 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(210, 188, 69) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(210,  
188, 69) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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