

Converting Colors

YUV(181.2160, 2.3585, -9.8364)

Have a look what the booklet for
YUV(181.2160, 2.3585, -9.8364)
contains.

YUV(181.2160, 2.3585, -9.8364)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**YUV(181.2160, 2.3585,
-9.8364)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AABABA
RGB	170, 186, 186
RGB Percent	67%, 73%, 73%
CMY	0.3333, 0.2706, 0.2706
CMYK	0.09, 0.00, 0.00, 0.27
HSL	180°, 10%, 70%
HSV	180°, 9%, 73%
XYZ	42.9994, 47.2090, 53.3003
YIQ	181.2160, -9.5360, -3.3920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

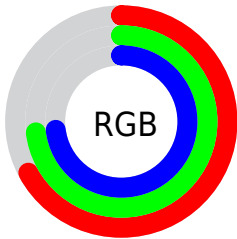
Format	Color
RYB	170, 178, 186
Decimal	11188922
CIELab	74.32, -5.49, -1.89
CIELCh	74, 5.807, 199.030
Yxy	47.2090, 0.2996, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289379002 (0xFFAABABA)
YUV	181.2160, 2.3585, -9.8364
Hunter-Lab	68.7088, -8.5315, 2.1024

Details

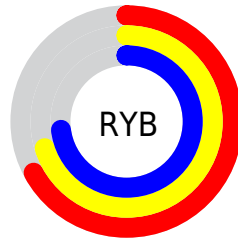
The YUV color $181.2160, 2.3585, -9.8364$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $174.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364$, and the grayscale version is $181.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $236.9170, 2.5059, -10.4512$, and $128.5150, 2.2111, -9.2217$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $175.5350, 5.1592, -21.5172$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $186.8970, -0.4422, 1.8443$.

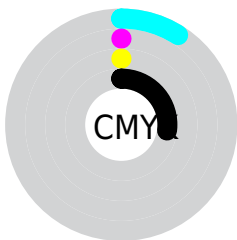
Distribution



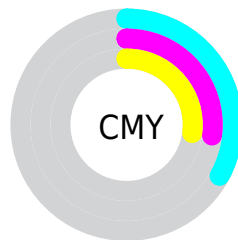
- Red (67%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (73%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (27%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 181.2160, 2.3585, -9.8364 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 181.2160, 2.3585, -9.8364 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 181.2160, 2.3585,
-9.8364

■ 181.2160, 2.3585,
-9.8364

255.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 154.2160, 2.3585,
-9.8364

■ 236.9170, 2.5059,
-10.4512

■ 128.5150, 2.2111,
-9.2217

254.7010, 0.1474,
-0.6148

■ 103.5150, 2.2111,
-9.2217

■ 78.9280, 2.5005,
-8.7069

■ 56.1130, 1.9163,
-7.9921

■ 35.1130, 1.9163,
-7.9921

■ 12.6180, 2.6533,

-11.0660

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 181.2160, 2.3585,
-9.8364

■ 181.2160, 2.3585,
-9.8364

■ 175.5350, 5.1592,
-21.5172

■ 186.8970, -0.4422,
1.8443

■ 170.1530, 7.8126,
-32.5832

■ 192.2790, -3.0955,
12.9103

■ 164.4720, 10.6133,
-44.2639

■ 197.9600, -5.8963,
24.5911

■ 159.0900, 13.2666,
-55.3299

■ 203.3420, -8.5496,
35.6571

■ 153.4090, 16.0674,
-67.0107

■ 206.6310,
-10.1711, 42.4196

■ 147.7280, 18.8681,
-78.6915

■ 142.3460, 21.5214,
-89.7574

■ 136.6650, 24.3222,
-101.4382

■ 131.2830, 26.9755,
-112.5042

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



181.2440, -0.1203, -8.1070



181.2160, 2.3585, -9.8364



181.4980, 4.6845, -9.2067

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



181.2160, 2.3585, -9.8364



183.5320, 3.1887, 3.9184



182.9530, -5.3998, 5.3032

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



181.2160, 2.3585, -9.8364



174.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



183.3170, -4.1003, 8.4920



181.2160, 2.3585, -9.8364



183.8700, 0.5571, 8.0070

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



181.2160, 2.3585, -9.8364



183.2540, 4.8048, -1.0998



183.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364



182.1590, -4.5154, 1.6146

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



181.2160, 2.3585, -9.8364



182.0360, 5.4053, -7.0476



183.7840, -2.3585, 9.8364



183.0780, -4.9685, 6.9476

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



181.2160, 2.3585, -9.8364



239.9070, 1.0318, -4.3034



179.3920, -4.6303, -8.2368



120.8040, 0.5896, -2.4591



250.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



122.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



181.2160, 2.3585, -9.8364



234.8240, 3.5378, -14.7546



176.5200, 4.6736, -5.7180



89.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330



109.3560, 22.9955, -95.9052



19.6280, 4.1274, -17.2138

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



176.6080, 4.6303, 8.2368



227.9120, 6.9454, 12.3552



179.4800, -4.6736, 5.7180



86.7170, 2.6045, 4.6332



64.4280, 45.1450, 80.3086



11.5640, 8.1029, 14.4144

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 181.2160, 2.3585, -9.8364 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

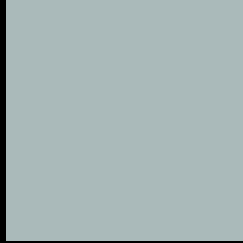
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 181.2160, 2.3585, -9.8364 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

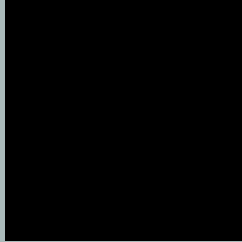
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

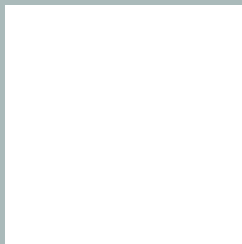
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

YUV 181.2160, 2.3585, -9.8364

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 181.2160, 2.3585, -9.8364.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 181.2160, 2.3585, -9.8364.

-9.8364.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

181.2160, 2.3585, -9.8364

Protanopia

183.0110, -0.0054, 1.7444

Deuteranopia

184.5330, 1.7092, 11.8106



Tritanopia

182.1220, 8.3209, -8.8770

Trichromacy



Original Color

181.2160, 2.3585, -9.8364

Protanomaly

182.2170, 0.8790, -1.9443

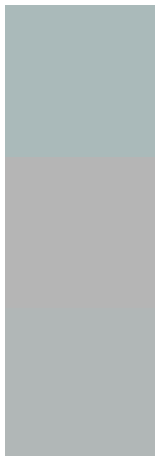
Deuteranomaly

183.1900, 1.8783, 4.2184

Tritanomaly

181.8400, 5.9949, -9.5067

Monochromacy



Original Color

181.2160, 2.3585, -9.8364

Achromatopsia

181.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Achromatomaly

181.2060, 0.8844, -3.6887

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 181.2160, 2.3585, -9.8364 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 186, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 186, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 186, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 186, 186) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 181.2160, 2.3585, -9.8364 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 186, 186) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 186, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 186, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 186, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 186, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 186,  
186) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 181.2160, 2.3585, -9.8364 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 186, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170,  
186, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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