

# Converting Colors

YUV(181.5430, -7.1697,  
-33.8022)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(181.5430, -7.1697, -33.8022)  
contains.

<b>YUV(181.5430, -7.1697, -33.8022)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(181.5430, -7.1697,  
-33.8022)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8FCCA7
RGB	143, 204, 167
RGB Percent	56%, 80%, 65%
CMY	0.4392, 0.2000, 0.3451
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.18, 0.20
HSL	144°, 37%, 68%
HSV	144°, 30%, 80%
XYZ	39.8956, 51.8154, 44.4579
YIQ	181.5430, -24.4790, -24.4390

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

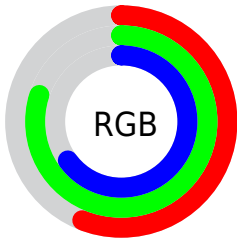
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">143, 187, 204</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9424039</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">77.17, -27.23, 12.26</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">77, 29.863, 155.753</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">51.8154, 0.2930, 0.3805</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287614119 (0xFF8FCCA7)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">181.5430, -7.1697, -33.8022</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">71.9829, -27.0387, 13.7695</a>

# Details

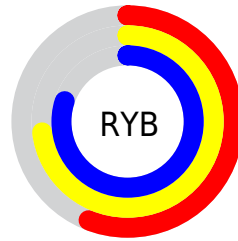
The YUV color **181.5430, -7.1697, -33.8022** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **165.4570, 7.1697, 33.8022**, and the grayscale version is **182.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **234.1950, -6.0121, -31.7430**, and **128.3690, -6.5909, -32.7726** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **174.1950, -9.4631, -44.8980**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **188.8910, -4.8763, -22.7064**.

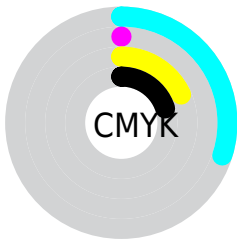
# Distribution



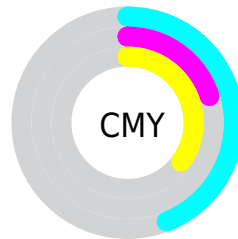
- Red (56%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (35%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 181.5430, -7.1697, -33.8022 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 181.5430, -7.1697, -33.8022 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 181.5430, -7.1697,  
-33.8022

■ 181.5430, -7.1697,  
-33.8022

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 154.0700, -6.4435,  
-33.3874

■ 234.1950, -6.0121,  
-31.7430

■ 128.3690, -6.5909,  
-32.7726

■ 246.1720, 2.3802,  
-16.8138

■ 101.8960, -5.8647,  
-32.3578

■ 77.1240, -4.9911,  
-32.5577

■ 51.8570, -3.3805,  
-35.8316

■ 32.6730, -4.2758,  
-28.6542

■ 18.1970, -8.9711,

-15.9588

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 181.5430, -7.1697,  
-33.8022

■ 181.5430, -7.1697,  
-33.8022

■ 174.1950, -9.4631,  
-44.8980

■ 188.8910, -4.8763,  
-22.7064

■ 166.4340,  
-12.0460, -56.5086

■ 196.6520, -2.2934,  
-11.0958

■ 159.0860,  
-14.3394, -67.6044

■ 204.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 151.4390,  
-16.4854, -79.3150

■ 211.6470, 2.1460,  
11.7106

■ 143.9770,  
-19.2157, -90.3108

■ 219.1090, 4.8763,  
22.7064

■ 136.6290,  
-21.5091, -101.4066

■ 223.4670, 8.6438,  
27.6544

■ 128.8680,  
-24.0919, -113.0172

■ 224.9490, 14.3221,  
26.3547

■ 225.0630, 14.7589,  
26.2547

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



185.6680, -20.0493, -9.3558



181.5430, -7.1697, -33.8022



177.8360, 8.4619, -54.2302

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



181.5430, -7.1697, -33.8022



188.7840, 27.7145, -22.6126



192.7470, -16.1443, 44.9489

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



181.5430, -7.1697, -33.8022



165.4570, 7.1697, 33.8022

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



194.2490, -4.0668, 44.5086



181.5430, -7.1697, -33.8022



194.0220, 20.2022, 6.9967

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



181.5430, -7.1697, -33.8022



182.4340, 28.3800, -49.4926



195.0160, 9.3591, 31.5580



191.0910, -24.6949, 34.1232



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



181.5430, -7.1697, -33.8022



177.0120, 18.2351, -62.2775



195.0160, 9.3591, 31.5580



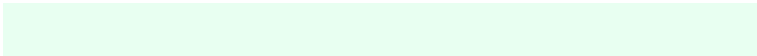
193.6700, -12.6553, 45.8934

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



181.5430, -7.1697, -33.8022



246.5270, -2.7248, -12.7402



190.1690, -23.2543, -8.0412



122.4890, -1.7201, -8.3219



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

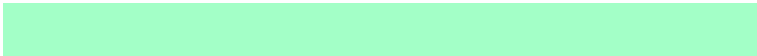


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



181.5430, -7.1697, -33.8022



221.1080, -10.8992, -50.9607



184.9630, 5.9342, -36.8016



98.3260, -1.1467, -5.5479



104.8520, -19.6470, -91.9552



24.0160, -4.4449, -21.0620



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



165.4570, 7.1697, 33.8022



196.8920, 10.8992, 50.9607



162.0370, -5.9342, 36.8016



95.6740, 1.1467, 5.5479



61.1480, 19.6470, 91.9552



13.9840, 4.4449, 21.0620



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 181.5430, -7.1697, -33.8022 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

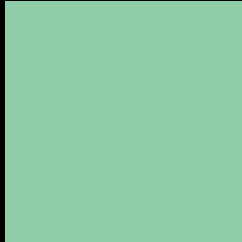
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 181.5430, -7.1697, -33.8022 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

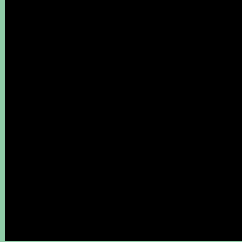
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 181.5430, -7.1697, -33.8022 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 181.5430, -7.1697, -33.8022.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 181.5430, -7.1697,

-33.8022.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

181.5430, -7.1697, -33.8022

### Protanopia

188.9830, -14.2886, 9.6619

### Deuteranopia

191.2000, -9.9586, 20.8726



## Tritanopia

185.9560, 13.3327, -29.7794

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

181.5430, -7.1697, -33.8022

## Protanomaly

185.9810, -11.3296, -6.1223

## Deuteranomaly

188.0080, -8.8779, 0.8700

## Tritanomaly

184.2950, 5.7706, -30.9537

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

181.5430, -7.1697, -33.8022

## Achromatopsia

182.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

181.9400, -2.4354, -12.2254

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 181.5430, -7.1697, -33.8022 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 204, 167)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 204, 167)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 204, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 204, 167) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 181.5430, -7.1697, -33.8022 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 204, 167) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 204, 167) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 204, 167)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 204, 167); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 204, 167); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 204, 167) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 181.5430, -7.1697, -33.8022 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 204, 167) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
204, 167) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor