

# Converting Colors

YUV(181.8940, 13.8563,  
-57.7890)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(181.8940, 13.8563, -57.7890)  
contains.

<b>YUV(181.8940, 13.8563, -57.7890)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(181.8940, 13.8563,  
-57.7890)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	74D2D2
RGB	116, 210, 210
RGB Percent	45%, 82%, 82%
CMY	0.5451, 0.1765, 0.1765
CMYK	0.45, 0.00, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	180°, 51%, 64%
HSV	180°, 45%, 82%
XYZ	41.8819, 54.4593, 69.2771
YIQ	181.8940, -56.0240, -19.9280

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

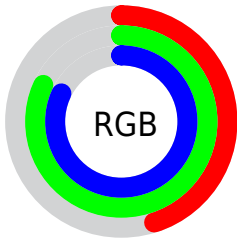
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	116, 163, 210
Decimal	7656146
CIE Lab	78.73, -27.83, -8.69
CIE LCh	79, 29.159, 197.343
Yxy	54.4593, 0.2529, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285846226 (0xFF74D2D2)
YUV	181.8940, 13.8563, -57.7890
Hunter-Lab	73.7966, -27.8395, -4.0013

# Details

The YUV color **181.8940, 13.8563, -57.7890** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **144.1060, -13.8563, 57.7890**, and the grayscale version is **182.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **230.4820, 12.0874, -50.4117**, and **125.8120, 14.8827, -60.3481** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **175.6150, 16.9518, -70.6994**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **188.1730, 10.7607, -44.8787**.

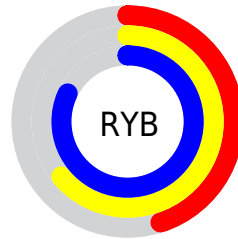
# Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (82%)

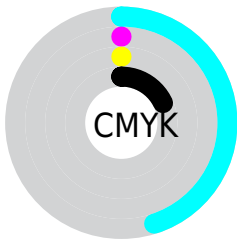
Blue (82%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (82%)

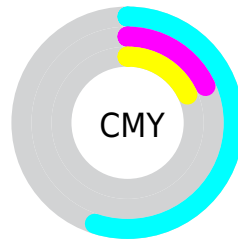


Cyan (45%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (18%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 181.8940, 13.8563, -57.7890 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 181.8940, 13.8563, -57.7890 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 181.8940, 13.8563,  
-57.7890

■ 181.8940, 13.8563,  
-57.7890

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 153.5950, 14.0037,  
-58.4038

■ 230.4820, 12.0874,  
-50.4117

■ 125.8120, 14.8827,  
-60.3481

■ 239.1530, 7.8126,  
-32.5832

■ 95.3270, 17.0938,  
-69.5698

■ 248.1230, 3.3904,  
-14.1399

■ 72.3170, 15.6197,  
-63.4220

■ 55.4930, 12.0820,  
-48.6674

■ 38.8970, 9.4178,  
-34.1127

■ 24.6490, 5.5960,

-21.6172

■ 2.2970, 6.2626,  
-2.0145

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 181.8940, 13.8563,  
-57.7890

■ 181.8940, 13.8563,  
-57.7890

■ 175.6150, 16.9518,  
-70.6994

■ 188.1730, 10.7607,  
-44.8787

■ 169.3360, 20.0474,  
-83.6097

■ 194.4520, 7.6652,  
-31.9684

■ 163.0570, 23.1429,  
-96.5200

■ 200.7310, 4.5696,  
-19.0581

■ 156.7780, 26.2384,  
-109.4303

■ 207.0100, 1.4741,  
-6.1478

■ 150.4990, 29.3340,  
-122.3406

■ 213.2890, -1.6215,  
6.7625

■ 147.2100, 30.9555,  
-129.1032

■ 219.5680, -4.7170,  
19.6729

■ 223.4550, -6.6333,  
27.6650

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



184.3940, -1.1802, -41.5645



181.8940, 13.8563, -57.7890



183.4670, 24.9128, -57.4146

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



181.8940, 13.8563, -57.7890



199.0510, 16.2439, 16.6183



194.4060, -25.8362, 26.8309

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



181.8940, 13.8563, -57.7890



144.1060, -13.8563, 57.7890

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



196.9870, -20.2066, 41.2304



181.8940, 13.8563, -57.7890



199.3820, 4.2487, 37.3760

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



181.8940, 13.8563, -57.7890



195.4650, 24.9138, -10.9318



197.9950, -8.8715, 45.6084



191.7300, -24.0239, 5.4988



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



181.8940, 13.8563, -57.7890



187.0430, 28.0798, -46.5187



197.9950, -8.8715, 45.6084



195.1940, -24.2526, 32.2789

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



181.8940, 13.8563, -57.7890



245.1330, 4.8644, -20.2876



171.1780, -27.2028, -48.3911



121.7210, 3.0955, -12.9103



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



181.8940, 13.8563, -57.7890



213.7380, 20.3422, -84.8392



154.3050, 27.4576, -33.5935



101.7110, 1.6215, -6.7625



117.7680, 24.7644, -103.2825



28.7410, 6.0437, -25.2059



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



154.8220, 27.2028, 48.3911



173.9940, 39.9360, 71.0423



171.6950, -27.4576, 33.5935



98.5430, 3.1833, 5.6628



69.3840, 48.6177, 86.4862

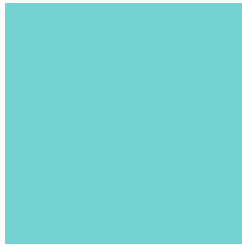


16.9330, 11.8650, 21.1068



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 181.8940, 13.8563, -57.7890 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

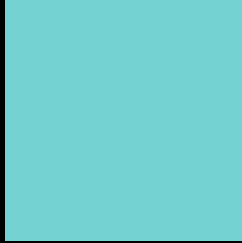
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 181.8940, 13.8563, -57.7890 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

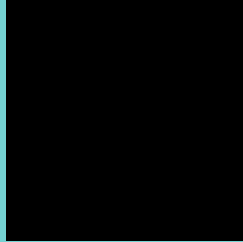
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 181.8940, 13.8563, -57.7890

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 181.8940, 13.8563, -57.7890.



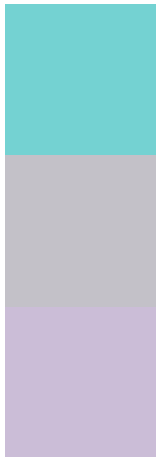
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 181.8940, 13.8563, -57.7890.

-57.7890.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

181.8940, 13.8563, -57.7890

### Protanopia

194.3960, 2.7628, 0.5297

### Deuteranopia

196.1500, 9.2931, 6.0075



## Tritanopia

183.6260, 20.3974, -55.8000

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

181.8940, 13.8563, -57.7890

## Protanomaly

189.7030, 7.0484, -20.7875

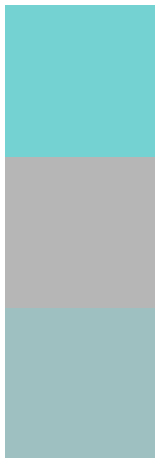
## Deuteranomaly

191.0500, 10.8213, -17.5839

## Tritanomaly

183.3440, 18.0714, -56.4297

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

181.8940, 13.8563, -57.7890

## Achromatopsia

182.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

181.8340, 5.0118, -20.9024

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 181.8940, 13.8563, -57.7890 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(116, 210, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(116, 210, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(116, 210, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(116, 210, 210) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 181.8940, 13.8563, -57.7890 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(116, 210, 210) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(116, 210, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(116, 210, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(116, 210, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 210, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(116, 210,  
210) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 181.8940, 13.8563, -57.7890 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(116, 210, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(116,  
210, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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