

# Converting Colors

YUV(181.9050, -19.1802,  
38.6713)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(181.9050, -19.1802, 38.6713)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(181.9050, -19.1802,  
38.6713)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E2A78F
RGB	226, 167, 143
RGB Percent	89%, 65%, 56%
CMY	0.1137, 0.3451, 0.4392
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.37, 0.11
HSL	17°, 59%, 72%
HSV	17°, 37%, 89%
XYZ	50.1407, 45.7894, 32.1821
YIQ	181.9050, 42.8680, 5.0440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

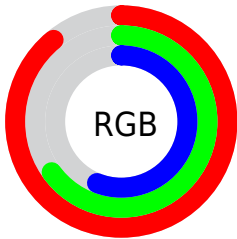
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	226, 177, 143
Decimal	14854031
CIE Lab	73.41, 18.62, 20.93
CIE LCh	73, 28.015, 48.336
Yxy	45.7894, 0.3914, 0.3574
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293044111 (0xFFE2A78F)
YUV	181.9050, -19.1802, 38.6713
Hunter-Lab	67.6678, 13.8467, 19.1698

# Details

The YUV color **181.9050, -19.1802, 38.6713** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **187.0950, 19.1802, -38.6713**, and the grayscale version is **182.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **229.0170, -15.7844, 22.7871**, and **128.6380, -17.5695, 35.3975** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **169.8910, -24.5963, 49.2076**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **193.9190, -13.7641, 28.1350**.

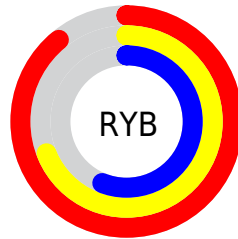
# Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (65%)

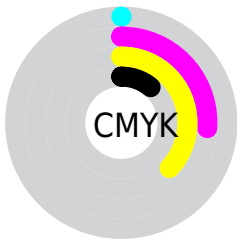
Blue (56%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (56%)

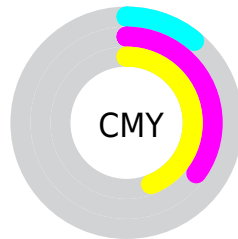


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (37%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (44%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 181.9050, -19.1802, 38.6713 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 181.9050, -19.1802, 38.6713 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



181.9050,  
-19.1802, 38.6713

181.9050,  
-19.1802, 38.6713

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

154.4210,  
-18.4486, 37.3418

229.0170,  
-15.7844, 22.7871

128.6380,  
-17.5695, 35.3975

249.2320,  
-11.9464, 5.0585

102.8550,  
-16.6905, 33.4532

254.8860, -0.4368,  
0.1000

78.0720, -15.8115,  
31.5089

54.9900, -14.7851,  
28.9498

31.7510, -15.6532,  
27.4054

11.6610, -5.7489,

23.9763

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

181.9050,  
-19.1802, 38.6713

181.9050,  
-19.1802, 38.6713

169.8910,  
-24.5963, 49.2076

193.9190,  
-13.7641, 28.1350

157.9910,  
-29.5756, 59.6439

205.8190, -8.7848,  
17.6987

145.9770,  
-34.9917, 70.1802

217.8330, -3.3687,  
7.1625

134.0770,  
-39.9710, 80.6165

229.7330, 1.6106,  
-3.2738

122.0630,  
-45.3871, 91.1527

241.6330, 6.5899,  
-13.7101

■ 110.0490,  
-50.8032, 101.6890

■ 246.3290, 4.2748,  
-17.8285

■ 105.7290,  
-52.1244, 105.4777

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



183.2720, -9.0081, 42.7345



181.9050, -19.1802, 38.6713



179.7370, -24.5203, 24.7867

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



181.9050, -19.1802, 38.6713



170.5190, -0.7489, -39.9202



181.1340, 23.5979, -8.8875

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



181.9050, -19.1802, 38.6713



187.0950, 19.1802, -38.6713

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



175.4680, 26.8843, -36.3674



181.9050, -19.1802, 38.6713



168.0900, 13.2666, -55.3299

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



181.9050, -19.1802, 38.6713



173.8070, -14.2019, -18.2477



169.5490, 23.8863, -54.8555



183.8230, 15.3703, 16.8182



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



181.9050, -19.1802, 38.6713



178.3610, -24.3350, 11.9614



169.5490, 23.8863, -54.8555



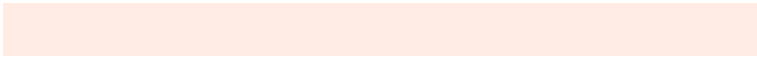
179.2360, 25.5197, -18.6240

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



181.9050, -19.1802, 38.6713



240.0680, -6.4425, 13.0954



174.5430, 13.5363, 45.1278



119.0180, -3.9529, 7.8772



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



181.9050, -19.1802, 38.6713



195.2720, -25.7701, 52.3815



205.9720, -31.0452, 17.5646



106.0500, -2.4896, 5.2182



82.5610, -40.7026, 81.9460



22.5700, -11.1270, 22.3021



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



187.0950, 19.1802, -38.6713



202.7280, 25.7701, -52.3815



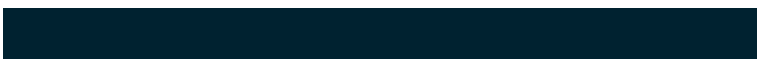
163.0280, 31.0452, -17.5646



106.9500, 2.4897, -5.2181



93.4390, 40.7026, -81.9460



25.4300, 11.1270, -22.3021



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 181.9050, -19.1802, 38.6713 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 181.9050, -19.1802, 38.6713 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

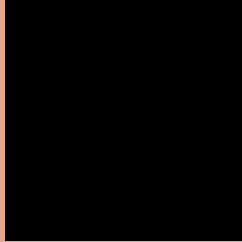
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 181.9050, -19.1802, 38.6713

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 181.9050, -19.1802, 38.6713.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 181.9050, -19.1802,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

181.9050, -19.1802, 38.6713

### Protanopia

179.7550, -15.1622, 9.8619

### Deuteranopia

180.8280, -19.1422, 26.4608



## Tritanopia

183.5150, -4.1979, 39.8903

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

181.9050, -19.1802, 38.6713

## Protanomaly

180.4790, -16.5051, 20.6279

## Deuteranomaly

181.1490, -19.3005, 30.5643

## Tritanomaly

183.0220, -9.8708, 39.4457

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

181.9050, -19.1802, 38.6713

## Achromatopsia

182.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

182.2530, -7.0267, 13.8101

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 181.9050, -19.1802, 38.6713 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(226, 167, 143)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(226, 167, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(226, 167, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(226, 167, 143) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 181.9050, -19.1802, 38.6713 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(226, 167, 143) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(226, 167, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(226, 167, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(226, 167, 143); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 167, 143);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(226, 167,  
143) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 181.9050, -19.1802, 38.6713 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(226, 167, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(226,  
167, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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