

# Converting Colors

YUV(182.5790, 5.1376,  
-14.5398)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(182.5790, 5.1376, -14.5398)  
contains.

<b>YUV(182.5790, 5.1376, -14.5398)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**YUV(182.5790, 5.1376,  
-14.5398)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A6BDC1
RGB	166, 189, 193
RGB Percent	65%, 74%, 76%
CMY	0.3490, 0.2588, 0.2431
CMYK	0.14, 0.02, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	189°, 18%, 70%
HSV	189°, 14%, 76%
XYZ	43.5491, 48.3524, 57.4897
YIQ	182.5790, -14.9920, -3.6320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

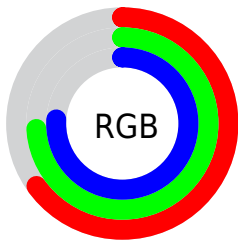
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	166, 178, 193
Decimal	10927553
CIELab	75.05, -6.98, -4.67
CIELCh	75, 8.398, 213.801
Yxy	48.3524, 0.2915, 0.3237
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289117633 (0xFFA6BDC1)
YUV	182.5790, 5.1376, -14.5398
Hunter-Lab	69.5359, -9.8965, -0.3437

# Details

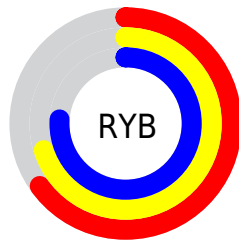
The YUV color  $182.5790, 5.1376, -14.5398$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $99CCCC$ . A complement of this color would be  $176.4210, -5.1376, 14.5398$ , and the grayscale version is  $183.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $238.2800, 5.2850, -15.1546$ , and  $129.8780, 4.9901, -13.9250$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $175.1370, 8.8065, -24.6761$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $190.0210, 1.4686, -4.4034$ .

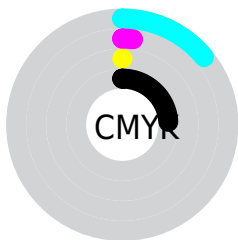
# Distribution



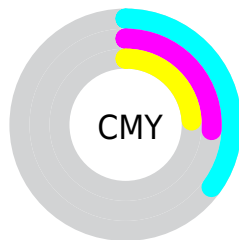
- Red (65%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 182.5790, 5.1376, -14.5398 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 182.5790, 5.1376, -14.5398 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 182.5790, 5.1376,  
-14.5398

■ 182.5790, 5.1376,  
-14.5398

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 155.5790, 5.1376,  
-14.5398

■ 238.2800, 5.2850,  
-15.1546

■ 129.8780, 4.9901,  
-13.9250

■ 253.5050, 0.7370,  
-3.0739

■ 104.1770, 4.8427,  
-13.3102

■ 80.1770, 4.8427,  
-13.3102

■ 57.3620, 4.2585,  
-12.5955

■ 35.3620, 4.2585,  
-12.5955

■ 15.0630, 4.4059,

-13.2103

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 182.5790, 5.1376,  
-14.5398

■ 182.5790, 5.1376,  
-14.5398

■ 175.1370, 8.8065,  
-24.6761

■ 190.0210, 1.4686,  
-4.4034

■ 167.3960, 12.6228,  
-35.4273

■ 197.7620, -2.3477,  
6.3477

■ 159.9540, 16.2917,  
-45.5637

■ 205.2040, -6.0166,  
16.4841

■ 153.0990, 19.6712,  
-56.2148

■ 212.0590, -9.3961,  
27.1353

■ 145.6570, 23.3401,  
-66.3512

■ 217.4080,  
-12.0331, 32.9682

■ 137.9160, 27.1564,  
-77.1023

■ 219.1690,  
-12.9013, 31.4238

■ 130.4740, 30.8253,  
-87.2387

■ 220.9300,  
-13.7695, 29.8794

■ 123.0320, 34.4942,  
-97.3751

■ 222.6910,  
-14.6377, 28.3350

■ 118.2700, 36.8419,  
-103.7228

■ 224.4520,  
-15.5058, 26.7906

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



181.9660, 1.4958, -13.1252



182.5790, 5.1376, -14.5398



183.1710, 7.3107, -11.5510

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



182.5790, 5.1376, -14.5398



186.1520, 2.8831, 8.6367



184.0840, -7.4364, 5.1883

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



182.5790, 5.1376, -14.5398



176.4210, -5.1376, 14.5398

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



185.5300, -7.1633, 10.9362



182.5790, 5.1376, -14.5398



186.7350, -1.3484, 12.5104

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



182.5790, 5.1376, -14.5398



185.6180, 6.1043, 2.0890



185.8230, -4.8427, 13.3102



183.4960, -5.6675, -2.1890



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



182.5790, 5.1376, -14.5398



184.3070, 7.7366, -8.1622



185.8230, -4.8427, 13.3102



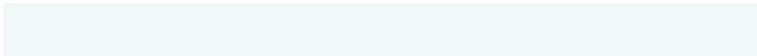
185.0950, -7.4418, 6.9327

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



182.5790, 5.1376, -14.5398



245.8360, 2.0529, -5.1182



182.3050, -6.0664, -14.2995



122.6190, 1.1738, -3.1739



252.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



125.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



182.5790, 5.1376, -14.5398



233.6210, 8.0748, -23.3466



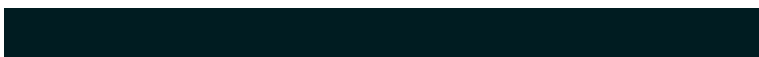
174.9480, 8.8996, -7.8474



92.8360, 2.0529, -5.1182



98.7730, 30.6779, -86.6239



20.1980, 6.3114, -17.7136



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



176.6950, 6.0664, 14.2995



224.0750, 9.8230, 22.7362



184.0520, -8.8996, 7.8474



90.9020, 2.0203, 5.3479



63.7570, 36.1088, 85.2821



13.0590, 7.3659, 17.4883



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 182.5790, 5.1376, -14.5398 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

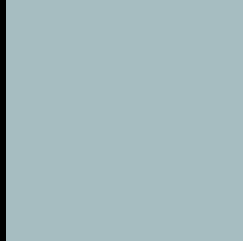
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 182.5790, 5.1376, -14.5398 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

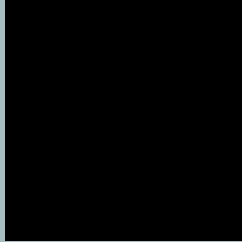
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 182.5790, 5.1376, -14.5398

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 182.5790, 5.1376, -14.5398.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 182.5790, 5.1376, -14.5398.

-14.5398.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

182.5790, 5.1376, -14.5398

### Protanopia

184.6950, 2.6154, 1.1445

### Deuteranopia

186.5050, 4.1880, 10.0811



## Tritanopia

183.6160, 9.0633, -13.6952

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

182.5790, 5.1376, -14.5398

## Protanomaly

183.8900, 3.5052, -4.2885

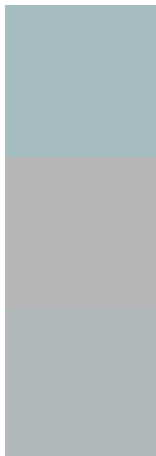
## Deuteranomaly

185.1510, 4.3626, 0.7446

## Tritanomaly

182.9750, 7.9003, -14.0101

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

182.5790, 5.1376, -14.5398

## Achromatopsia

183.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

182.8360, 2.0529, -5.1182

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 182.5790, 5.1376, -14.5398 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 189, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 189, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 189, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 189, 193) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 182.5790, 5.1376, -14.5398 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 189, 193) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 189, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(166, 189, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 189, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 189, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 189,  
193) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 182.5790, 5.1376, -14.5398 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 189, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166,  
189, 193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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