

# Converting Colors

YUV(183.4010, -38.1587,  
59.2843)

Have a look what the booklet for  
YUV(183.4010, -38.1587, 59.2843)  
contains.

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# Color

**YUV(183.4010, -38.1587,  
59.2843)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FBA46A
RGB	251, 164, 106
RGB Percent	98%, 64%, 42%
CMY	0.0157, 0.3569, 0.5843
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.58, 0.02
HSL	24°, 95%, 70%
HSV	24°, 58%, 98%
XYZ	55.6606, 48.1008, 19.9864
YIQ	183.4010, 70.4700, 0.4060

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

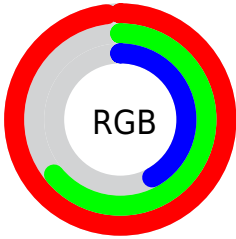
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">251, 203, 106</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16491626</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">74.89, 26.56, 43.04</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">75, 50.575, 58.324</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">48.1008, 0.4498, 0.3887</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294681706</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFFBA46A</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">183.4010, -38.1587, 59.2843</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">69.3547, 21.8845, 31.4623</a>

# Details

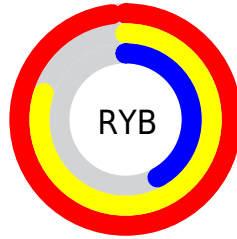
The YUV color **183.4010, -38.1587, 59.2843** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9966**. A complement of this color would be **173.5990, 38.1587, -59.2843**, and the grayscale version is **184.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **222.8100, -31.9513, 28.2306**, and **129.3510, -35.6690, 54.0662** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **171.7460, -44.7378, 69.5058**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **195.0560, -31.5796, 49.0629**.

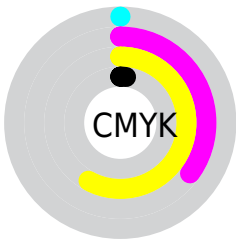
# Distribution



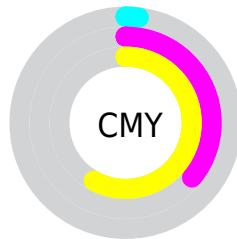
- Red (98%)
- Green (64%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (36%)
- Yellow (58%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the YUV color 183.4010, -38.1587, 59.2843 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the YUV color 183.4010, -38.1587, 59.2843 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



183.4010,  
-38.1587, 59.2843

183.4010,  
-38.1587, 59.2843

255.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

155.7320,  
-36.8429, 57.2400

222.8100,  
-31.9513, 28.2306

129.3510,  
-35.6690, 54.0662

243.0250,  
-28.1133, 10.5021

102.9700,  
-34.4952, 50.8923

250.3260,  
-17.9087, 4.0991

77.1330, -35.0686,  
48.1184

253.5180, -5.6784,  
1.2997

53.9890, -26.6166,  
43.8596

32.7030, -16.1226,  
37.9715

14.6510, -7.2229,

30.1241

■ 3.5880, -1.7689,  
7.3773

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.0000

■ 183.4010,  
-38.1587, 59.2843

■ 183.4010,  
-38.1587, 59.2843

■ 171.7460,  
-44.7378, 69.5058

■ 195.0560,  
-31.5796, 49.0629

■ 160.0910,  
-51.3169, 79.7272

■ 206.7110,  
-25.0005, 38.8415

■ 148.4360,  
-57.8959, 89.9486

■ 218.3660,  
-18.4214, 28.6200

■ 136.7810,  
-64.4750, 100.1701

■ 230.0210,  
-11.8424, 18.3986

133.7490,  
-65.9383, 102.8291

241.6760, -5.2633,  
8.1771

253.2170, 0.8790,  
-1.9443

253.8040, 0.5896,  
-2.4591

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



180.5970, -18.5353, 65.2514



183.4010, -38.1587, 59.2843



180.6780, -45.1973, 30.1004

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



183.4010, -38.1587, 59.2843



142.6160, 18.4303, -125.0742



185.6370, 34.1960, -1.4356

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



183.4010, -38.1587, 59.2843



173.5990, 38.1587, -59.2843

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



169.9020, 41.9533, -63.0581



183.4010, -38.1587, 59.2843



147.3870, 39.2492, -129.2584

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



183.4010, -38.1587, 59.2843



167.9140, -16.7196, -50.7906



147.6440, 52.9265, -129.4838



190.0080, 21.6881, 43.8430



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



183.4010, -38.1587, 59.2843



177.7350, -41.7744, 5.4944



147.6440, 52.9265, -129.4838



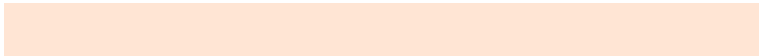
181.6840, 36.1448, -19.8939

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



183.4010, -38.1587, 59.2843



234.8360, -11.2581, 17.6838



159.2730, 16.6274, 80.4446



115.6440, -6.7265, 10.8362



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



128.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



183.4010, -38.1587, 59.2843



172.7140, -46.2010, 72.1648



225.6650, -58.9948, 22.2188



118.8220, -3.3632, 5.4181



100.5360, -49.5642, 77.5829



32.3270, -15.9372, 25.1462



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



173.5990, 38.1587, -59.2843



161.2860, 46.2010, -72.1648



130.7480, 59.2842, -21.7040



118.1780, 3.3632, -5.4181



87.8770, 49.8536, -77.0681



28.6730, 15.9372, -25.1462



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 183.4010, -38.1587, 59.2843 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the YUV color 183.4010, -38.1587, 59.2843 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# YUV 183.4010, -38.1587, 59.2843 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the YUV color 183.4010, -38.1587, 59.2843.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the YUV color 183.4010, -38.1587,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

183.4010, -38.1587, 59.2843

### Protanopia

181.9890, -33.5186, 17.5496

### Deuteranopia

182.3290, -39.1092, 37.4225



**Tritanopia**

187.5560, -9.6411, 59.1484

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

183.4010, -38.1587, 59.2843

## Protanomaly

182.3330, -35.1672, 33.0340

## Deuteranomaly

182.7860, -38.8415, 44.9147

## Tritanomaly

186.3960, -20.4082, 59.2887

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

183.4010, -38.1587, 59.2843

## Achromatopsia

183.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

## Achromatomaly

183.1740, -13.8898, 21.7724

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to YUV 183.4010, -38.1587, 59.2843 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(251, 164, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(251, 164, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 164, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(251, 164, 106) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to YUV 183.4010, -38.1587, 59.2843 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(251, 164, 106) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(251, 164, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 164, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(251, 164, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 164, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 164,  
106) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to YUV 183.4010, -38.1587, 59.2843 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(251, 164, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(251,  
164, 106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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